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camh Centre for Addiction and Mental Health

Provincial Service 0 D ŋ ories Projec

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Acronyms

Α	Addiction		
ADAT	Admission and Discharge Assessment Tools		
ADG	Alcohol/Drug/Gambling – (client type)		
AL	Activity Log		
ASH	Addiction Supportive Housing		
САМН	Centre for Addiction and Mental Health		
Catalyst	DATIS Client Data System		
CCENDU	Canadian Community Epidemiology Network on Drug Use		
CCSA	Canadian Centre on Substance Abuse		
CEGEP	Collège d'enseignement général et professionnel, (a general and vocational		
	college) is regulated in Quebec by the General and Vocational Colleges Act		
CHIMA	Canadian Health Information Management Association		
СІНІ	Canadian Institute of Health Information		
CIHR	Canadian Institutes of Health Research		
СМ	Case Management		
CMH&A	Community Mental Health and Addictions		
СТ	Community Treatment		
СТО	Community Treatment Order		
СОМ	Part of Functional Centre number		
CONNEXOntario	An organization that provides free and confidential health services information		
	for persons experiencing problems with alcohol, drugs, mental health or		
	gambling.		
DART	Drug and Alcohol Helpline		
DATIS	Drug and Alcohol Treatment Information System		
DCDD	DATIS Comprehensive Data Dictionary		
DB	Database		
Dx	Diagnosis		
DBT	Dialectical Behavior Therapy		
DD	Data Dictionary		
DE	Data Element		
DEC	Data Element Concept		
DQT	Data Quality Team (DATIS Staff)		
DRT	Database and Reports Team (DATIS Staff)		
DS	Direct Service		
DTFP	Drug Treatment Funding Program		
EAP	Employee Assistance Program		
EI	Employment Insurance		
ES	Entry Services		
FC	Functional Centre		
FM/SO	Family Member/Significant Other		
FNIM	First Nation Inuit and Metis		
GAIN	Global Appraisal of Individual Needs		
GAIN-I	Global Appraisal of Individual Needs - Initial		
GAIN-Q3	Global Appraisal of Individual Needs – Q3		

GAIN-SS	Global Appraisal of Individual Needs – Short Screener		
GSC	Guided Self-Change (Sobell and Sobell, 1993) (A brief structured process that		
	may be provided individually or in groups)		
HIV/AIDS	Human Immunodeficiency Virus infection/Acquired Immunodeficiency		
	Syndrome		
IATP	Initial Assessment Treatment Program		
ICES	Institute for Clinical Evaluative Sciences		
ID	Identifier (Name/number that identifies a unique object)		
IS	Indirect Service		
ISO	International Organization for Standardization		
LGBTTIQ	Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transsexual, Transgender, Intersex, and Queer		
LHIN	Local Health Integration Network		
	Erie St. Clair, South West, Waterloo Wellington, Hamilton Niagara Haldimand Brant, Central		
	West, Mississauga Halton, Toronto Central, Central, Central East, South East, Champlain, North		
LOS	Simcoe Muskoka, North East, North West		
MH	Length of Stay/Length of Service Mental Health		
MHSIO			
MIS	Ontario Mental Health Helpline		
Mohltc	Management Information System Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care		
Monere Monere	Ministry of Health and Long Term Care Addiction Unit		
M-SAA	Multi-Sector Service Accountability Agreement		
NA	Not Applicable		
NFA	No Fixed Address		
Non MoHLTC and A	Programs funded by other than MoHLTC AU		
NTI	National Treatment Indicators		
OCAN	Ontario Common Assessment of Need		
ODSP	Ontario Disability Support Program		
OHRS	Ontario Health Reporting Standards		
ON	Ontario		
OHIP	Ontario Health Insurance Plan		
OPOC-MHA	Ontario Perception of Care for Mental Health and Addictions		
OPGH	Ontario Problem Gambling Helpline		
OPHID	Ontario Population Health Index of Databases		
OSAB	Ontario Substance Abuse Bureau		
PHIPA	Personal Health Information Protection Act		
Prevention A	Prevention Awareness (Applies to problem gambling agencies)		
PG	Problem Gambling		
PSC	Provincial Service Category		
PV(s)	permissible value(s) – selection list for data elements		
RT	Residential Treatment		
RWMS	Residential Withdrawal Management Services		
SA	Substance Abuse		
HSHER	Health Systems & Equity Research Group		
SER	Social and Epidemiological Research Department		
SRP	Structured Relapse Prevention (SRP) (A cognitive-behavioural approach		

	developed by Dr. Helen Annis to help clients learn how to cope with daily substance use triggers and risk situations.)
Тх	Treatment
UNoDC	United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime
UNK	Unknown
USA	United States of America
VLT	Video Lottery Terminal (A gaming machine that allows gamblers to bet on the outcome of a video game.)
WMS	Withdrawal Management Service
WSIB	Workplace Safety and Insurance Board
YCJA	Youth Criminal Justice Act

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DATIS staff would like to acknowledge the loss of Larry Corea in May 2013 and his enormous contribution to the Ontario substance abuse and problem gambling system. Larry provided much energy, passion and intelligence during his tenure as Director of DATIS and subsequently as the project lead for the DATIS DTFP project, leaving a legacy in both. Many thanks, Larry.

Subsequently, Research Analysts Olga Likhodi and Jackie McKenzie assumed authorship of the Data Dictionary with the hope of keeping Larry's fountain of knowledge flowing. A thank you goes to the DATIS staff for stepping up to provide much needed support and editing services, especially Dan, Claudio, Ella and Marie.

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Thank you also to the many agencies staff for sharing your passion and knowledge which guided the changes; we hope your concerns have been met and resolved.

The DATIS DTFP Ontario System Project acknowledges with gratitude the funding from Health Canada to enable this project.

Summary

The field of addiction treatment funded by the MOHLTC assumes explicit accountability and performance monitoring. For such purpose, DATIS collects the data on addiction treatment in Ontario that is funded by the MOHLTC. The data dictionary for the data elements mandatory for collection through this information system is laid out on the following pages. This document provides definitions of the mandatory data elements and guidelines for the collection and reporting of data by substance abuse (SA) and problem gambling (PG) agencies, provincial departments, Local Health Integration Networks (LHINs), and others. DATIS currently collects data utilizing Catalyst, a software tool, that allows the capture of substance abuse and/or problem gambling treatment data from over a hundred and sixty SA and PG agencies across the province of Ontario; the data is stored in an Oracle database. The agencies access Catalyst via the internet and secure website, and can submit data through a secure interface.

The DATIS DTFP project was initiated in October 2011 with the review of the mandatory data elements. Currently funding continues until March 31st, 2015 with the implementation of recommendations from the comprehensive data element review. The exhaustive review addressed the desideratum of the provincial level database to be organized into a comprehensive metadata system to efficaciously accommodate various reporting requirements (OHRS, LHINs, financial reporting), adjacent assessment tools (OCAN, GAIN, outcomes, client needs and costing studies), sharing data with other Ontario databases (as a member of ICES), and to be congruent with Health Equity concepts and approaches (Toronto Central LHIN Tri-Hospital Health Equity study).

Introduction

This document was prepared as a reference for all those involved in collection and supplying of data for the Drug and Alcohol Treatment Information System (DATIS) Minimum Data Set. It is anticipated the document would be useful to staff in the Ontario Government, LHINs, and specialized SA and PG treatment agency staff who are directly involved in the collection and reporting of the data set.

The Data Dictionary section comprises a big part of this document and offers detailed data item descriptions (aligned with other databases so that the same datum is employed in other data collection). Denotations of specific data elements are provided and speak to questions such as, "What is a closed admission?" and "How is 'other' defined when it's recorded?".

The comprehensive guide to DATIS data collection also includes:

- methodology of our work
- data dictionary versions progression
- brief history of the purpose and development of the collection
- changes and variations made to the data set over time
- data validation procedures undertaken by the DATIS Data Quality Team
- privacy and data principles that govern the collection
- data release guidelines.

Methodology

The DATIS DTFP team at the start of the project needed more information: What information to collect to describe DATIS mandatory data set?, How to organize and structure the information?, How to store the data dictionary?, What standards exist for data dictionaries?, What would sharing the data elements knowledge look like?

Review of the literature revealed:

- sample data dictionaries and metadata documents from other jurisdictions including Australia, United States, United Kingdom, UNODC, and other Canadian provinces. A dynamic, live and comprehensive metadata document is essential for data quality, reliability and consistent use and is found with any sound data system.
- a well-developed dictionary of data elements contributes to organizing the addiction treatment field into a well-functioning system. Treatment data relies on the understanding of what to collect as well as entry compliance by agency staff. An understanding of the data elements is critical to all users of the SA & PG treatment data, for training agency staff and subsequent monitoring of data quality by researchers and policy analysts/planners. Integrity of the data collected by an information system depends heavily on the control process of maintenance and change to that information system.
- one standard for a data dictionary in a heterogeneous environment is keeping it as metadata registry according to ISO/IEC 11179 standard based on exact definitions and relations of data items.

DATIS requirements are:

- storage needed to be sortable, have selectable output, easy to learn and available
- easily shared with agency staff, researchers and various other users of the data
- flexible to allow future changes to the data collected

The DATIS DTFP team decided to use the following:

- The Australian Institute of Health and Welfare's "Alcohol and Other Drug Treatment Services National Minimum Data Set" was used as a model for organizing DATIS data dictionary. This document and process has existed for a decade, was comprehensive and met the needs of DATIS.
- A modified ISO/IEC 11179 was used to define the data and give relationships to data items.
- Use of Access to store the core metadata database. It was available and suitable for keeping the data dictionary for DATIS.

DATIS Comprehensive Data Dictionary Version Progression

Commencing November 2011, the DATIS - DTFP team collected, compiled and reformatted the existing versions of the mandatory data element definitions and descriptions, permissible responses and data formats created by previous and current DATIS team members. According to the ISO/IEC 11179, the data elements were classified as metadata and this document was labelled DATIS Comprehensive Data Dictionary (DCDD) Version .9.

Version .9 was reviewed by DATIS staff and updated to include their comments, leading to Version 1.0 of the DCDD.

The DATIS-DTFP project team then researched data elements, drug treatment and data dictionary best practices, compiled this information and labelling it DCDD Version 1.1.

Recommendations arising from the comprehensive review of the data elements were discussed with senior DATIS staff and revised. Modifications, upgrades and adjustments to Catalyst are limited by its software platform, which is over a decade old. Recommendations Version 1.1 were created to accommodate these technical constraints. Version 1.1 changes are to be implemented in the beginning of 2015 and are explained in further detail in a following section.

In the near future, DATIS plans to embark on a major upgrade to the software platform and technological foundation, with the intent to make deeper changes and adjustments to the data elements.

Recommendations with more difficult implementation requirements were incorporated with supportive research data for the future extensive upgrade to Catalyst and labelled Version 2.0. Recommendations Version 2.0 will also incorporate results from other DTFP pilots and projects (Outcome Monitoring, Case Costing and Best Practices in Screening and Assessment). Version 2.0 will also involve wider consultation.

Brief History of DATIS

Mission: The Drug and Alcohol Treatment Information System contributes to the understanding and enhancement of problem gambling and substance abuse treatment in the Province of Ontario through the on-going development and maintenance of a comprehensive, province-wide client information system.

THE EARLY DAYS

The Drug and Alcohol Treatment Information System began in 1994 as a project of the Addiction Research Foundation (ARF), now the Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (CAMH). The project, called the Client-based Information System (CBIS), was initially headed by Dr. Alan Ogborne, a scientist with the Community Social Evaluation Research Department in London, Ontario. In response to the Ministry of Health's Substance Abuse Strategy, which called for a province-wide standardized reporting system for all addictions agencies, a working group of project staff, service providers and the Ontario Substance Abuse Bureau (OSAB) developed a standard set of demographic and utilization data. This was successfully piloted with a number of agencies throughout the province and may now be used for programing, system level planning, evaluation, accountability and research.

IMPLEMENTING The CLIENT INFORMATION SYSTEM

A proposal to secure funding from OSAB for the implementation of the client information system in approximately one hundred and sixty OSAB-funded addiction treatment agencies in Ontario was successful and resulted in a cost-sharing arrangement between OSAB and the ARF. Ministry funding was contingent on the addition of a data collection system that would also assess client outcomes and service delivery costs. Following the addition of these elements, the project was renamed the Drug and Alcohol Treatment Information System (DATIS).

A new DOS-based software program, CaseBASE, which adhered to DATIS technical specifications, was piloted in selected agencies with province-wide implementation well under way by January 1995. Participation was deemed mandatory by OSAB so that by January of 1996, approximately seventy-five percent of all addiction agencies were submitting data on a quarterly basis either electronically CaseBASE or manually with paper forms.

FUNDING CHANGES AND RELOCATION

In 1997, the funding for the Province's recovery homes shifted from the Ministry of Community and Social Services to the Ministry of Health and Long Term Care, raising the participation target to about two hundred agencies. During this period, DATIS moved its base from London to the ARF in Toronto under the leadership of Margaret Chan, Director of Information Services.

Upon Ms. Chan's departure from ARF, Dr. Brian Rush assumed project leadership within an organizationwide priority of research and development that focused on the planning, monitoring and evaluation of Ontario's addiction treatment system. From 1995 to 1999, DATIS continued to thrive with renewed funding from OSAB. In addition to providing support and other services to the participating agencies, DATIS also provided information for planning purposes to the District Health Councils, OSAB and other agencies and organizations as requested. During this time a software component was developed to include data from problem gambling treatment agencies. In 1999, DATIS became fully funded by OSAB and Information Technology and Decision Support Departments of CAMH. By the end of 1999, the overall participation rate had climbed to about ninety-five percent. The manual paper submission was replaced by a more sophisticated Teleform system that allowed agencies to fax registration and termination forms to DATIS.

STEPPING INTO THE NEW MILLENIUM WITH CATALYST AND ELECTRONIC INTERFACE

By 1999, the CaseBASE data submission system and Teleform had become outdated. Implementing a fully electronic submission system with a central database was critical to the continuing success of DATIS and the on-going fulfillment of its mandate. After a rigorous process of research, vendor demonstrations and detailed investigation, a vendor was selected in July 2000. By the summer of 2000/2001, joint advisory design meetings were underway with representation from agencies, DATIS staff and external consultants which culminated in the development of a browser-based application system called Catalyst. DATIS staff worked with each agency to ensure adequate internet connectivity as the process of migrating agency data and training on Catalyst began. The new system became operational with the first agency going on-line in January 2002.

Today, DATIS remains as a program of the CAMH, and is an important source of information for substance abuse and problem gambling services in Ontario. A new development is the design and implementation of an electronic interface, capable of receiving and validating data exports from third

party software, commonly used in hospital environments. With a staff of thirteen, DATIS provides ongoing support and training to ensure quality provincial data; it also responds to ongoing requests from various stakeholders, including several branches of the MOHLTC and LHINS.

Organizations DATIS works with

ConnexOntario is funded by the Government of Ontario. In addition to maintaining three help lines (Drug and Alcohol, Mental Health and Problem Gambling), it also provides free and confidential health services information for persons experiencing problems in these areas.

Institute for Clinical Evaluative Sciences (ICES) plays a key role in providing unique scientific insights to assist policymakers, managers, planners, practitioners and other researchers shape the future direction of the Ontario health care system. ICES's unbiased, evidence-based knowledge and recommendations, with are profiled in atlases, investigative reports and peer-reviewed journals, are used to guide decision-making and inform changes in health care delivery.

Local Health Integrated Networks (LHINs) are not-for-profit corporations (14) who work with local health providers and community members to determine the health service priorities of their regions. LHINs do not provide direct services; their mandate is to plan, integrate and fund health care services. They work with organizations such as hospitals, Community Care Access Centres, Community Support Services, Long-term Care, Mental Health and Addictions Services and Community Health Centres.

LHINs believe that a community's health needs and priorities are best understood by people familiar with the needs of their respective communities, that is, people who live within these communities and not those in offices hundreds of miles away.

Ministry of Health and Long Term Care (MoHLTC) is working to establish a patient-focused, resultsoriented, integrated and sustainable publicly funded health system. Its plan is based on helping people stay healthy, delivering good care when people need it and protecting the health system for future generations.

MoHLTC will be less involved in actual delivery of health care and more engaged in:

- Establishing overall strategic direction and provincial priorities for the health system;
- Developing legislation, regulations, standards, policies, and directives to support those strategic directions;
- Monitoring and reporting on the performance of the health system and the health of Ontarians;
- Planning for and establishing funding models and levels of funding for the health care system;
- Ensuring that ministry and system strategic directions and expectations are fulfilled.

Addictions & Mental Health Ontario (formerly Ontario Federation of Mental Health and Addictions Programs (OFMHAP) and Addictions Ontario) brings together community mental health and addiction services in the province of Ontario to help members provide effective and high-quality services through information sharing, education, advocacy and unified effort.

Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (CAMH) is Canada's largest mental health and addiction teaching hospital, as well as one of the world's leading research centres in the area of addiction and mental health.

Canadian Centre for Substance Abuse (CCSA) – changes lives by bringing people and knowledge together to reduce the harm of alcohol and other drugs on society. For 25 years, CCSA has partnered with public, private and non-governmental organizations to improve the health and safety of Canadians. They have also developed a core set of data elements (National Treatment Indicators (NTI)) collected at the provincial and territorial level across Canada, and presented together to provide a national picture of substance use in Canada.

Scope of DATIS

Mandatory reporting of DATIS does not extend to all substance and problem gambling agencies or services, for example, prison-based treatment services. However, for agencies that are required to report, it is critical they understand which service components must be included in their submission.

Agencies

Included:

- Provincially funded agencies that provide one or more specialty programs for Substance Abuse and/or Problem Gambling, including residential and non-residential programs.
- Agencies that have applied to use DATIS, for example, some agencies federally funded to provide SA and/or PG treatment services for First Nation, Inuit and Metis people.

Excluded:

- Private treatment agencies that do not receive provincial funding to provide specialty treatment for substance abuse and/or problem gambling services.
- Treatment services based in prison or other correctional institutions.
- Agencies that have not requested to use DATIS, for example, agencies federally funded to provide SA and/or PG treatment services for First Nation, Inuit and Metis people.
- Substance abuse and/or problem gambling treatment for services provided in acute care or psychiatric hospitals.

Clients

Included:

• All clients who are assessed and/or accepted for one or more types of treatment service for their own, or another person's, substance abuse and/or problem gambling issue.

Excluded:

- Clients receiving treatment from agencies that are excluded from the mandatory reporting.
- Admitted patients to acute care or psychiatric hospitals.

Activities

Included:

• All activities funded by the Ministry of Health and Long Term Care at agencies providing treatment services for substance abuse and/or problem gambling issues.

Excluded:

• All activities at agencies not funded by the Ministry of Health and Long Term Care to provide treatment services for substance abuse and/or problem gambling issues.

What's new: Version 1.1 changes, to be implemented in 2015

Preferred Language of Service

- Current Catalyst Permissible Values (PVs) will be amended to reflect the 2006 Census Canada's list of languages
 - Non First Nations, Inuit and Metis languages spoken in Ontario
 - Deactivate PV: Chinese
 - Activate PVs: Cantonese, Filipino, Urdu, Mandarin, Persian (Farsi), Gujarati, Romanian, Serbian
 - Top 3 First Nations, Metis, Inuit languages spoken in Ontario that will stay in Catalyst: Ojibwa, Cree, Ojicree
 - Deactivate First Nations, Metis, Inuit Languages PVs: Cayuga, Chippewa, Delaware, Menominee, Mohawk, Odawa, Oneida, Pottawatomi, Seneca, Tuscarora
- The PV "Other" and "Other Native Language" are to be superseded by
 - Other language
 - Other First Nations, Inuit, Metis language
 - Deactivate PV: Unknown
- Activate new PVs:
 - Client unable or unwilling to provide a response
 - Collection of a response was not possible
 - Sign Language (any)

Rationale

Statistics Canada data was used to reflect the Ontario population as the Tri-Hospital PVs are more reflective of the Toronto population; the difference is slight but distinctive.

Currently, Catalyst contains First Nations, Inuit and Metis languages that very few people speak. When a population is too small, those numbers will be combined with other populations to ensure privacy of the recipient(s).

For Version 2.0, Other language and Other First Nations/Aboriginal PVs should have a text box activated to enable for further explanation.

Sign Language, the American and other versions, is being used by more people.

The table below compares the 2006 Census Canada Ontario Population's top 25 languages spoken, plus the top 3 First Nations, Inuit and Metis languages compared to Tri Hospital Survey and Catalyst language Permissible Values.

Census Canada Language spoken Ontario Population		Tri Hospital	Catalyst
Total Population in Ontario	B 12,722,060	Language Permissible Values	
English	8,677,040	English	01 - English
French	493,300	French	02 - French
Italian	251,330	Italian	26 - Italian
Chinese	195,120		19 - Chinese
Cantonese	186,870	Cantonese	

Spanish	178,335	Spanish	34 - Spanish
Panjabi (Punjabi)	173,975	Punjabi	
Portuguese	147,725	Portuguese	30 - Portuguese
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	140,805	Tagalog	
German	140,315		21 - German
Arabic	133,390	Arabic	18 - Arabic
Urdu	128,730	Urdu (East Indian)	
Polish	128,440	Polish	29 - Polish
Mandarin	118,390	Mandarin	
Tamil	111,060	Tamil	36 – Tamil
Persian (Farsi)	98,905	Farsi	
Russian	93,080	Russian	31 - Russian
Gujarati (East Indian)	68,105		
Vietnamese	65,915	Vietnamese	33 - Vietnamese
Korean	64,080	Korean	28 - Korean
Dutch	58,135		20 - Dutch
Greek	56,890	Greek	22 - Greek
Hindi	47,645	Hindi	24 - Hindi
Romanian	41,980		
Serbian	41,910	Serbian	
Ojibway	8,255		04 - Ojibwa
Cree	3,930		06 - Cree
Oji-Cree	3,030		05 – Ojicree

Criminal Justice System Involvement

- The data element "Legal Status" is to be superseded with " Criminal Justice System Involvement"
- Activate new Permissible Values (PVs):
 - Client unable or unwilling to provide a response
 - Collection of a response was not possible
 - Diversion/Drug Treatment Court
 - House arrest
 - Alternative Justice Program
- Supersede PV "No problem" with "No involvement"
- Deactivate PVs
 - Other
 - Unknown

Rationale

The name change lends clarity to the data element. The interest in collecting this data is restricted to involvement with the criminal justice system; it excludes other legal involvement such as legal divorce proceedings or cases in small claims court.

Current Permissible Values (PVs) collected for Legal Status are: No problems Awaiting trial or sentencing Probation Parole Incarcerated Other Unknown

Youth Criminal Justice System Involvement

- The data element "Young Offender" is to be superseded by "Youth Criminal Justice System Involvement".
- Deactivate PV
 - Unknown
- Activate new PVs
 - Client unable or unwilling to provide a response
 - Collection of a response was not possible

The current Permissible Values collected for Young Offender: Yes, No, Unknown and Not Applicable

Rationale

The name change in the data element identifies if and how youth are involved with the Criminal Justice System at the time of initiation of treatment services.

Gender

- Activate new Permissible Values:
 - Transgender and/or Transsexual
 - Does not identify with the values listed
 - Client is unable or unwilling to provide a response
 - Collection of a response was not possible
- Deactivate Permissible Value
 - Other

Rationale

The activation of Transgender and/or Transsexual aligns with GAIN Q3 which includes Trans.

"Does not identify with the values listed" is inclusive of the client's belief.

"Client is unable or unwilling to provide a response" and "Collection of a response was not possible" are response options that sharpen data collection.

The current Permissible Values collected for Gender: Male, Female and Other

Mandatory Treatment required by

- Activate new permissible values:
 - Community Treatment Order (CTO)
 - Client unable or unwilling to provide a response
 - Collection of a response was not possible
- Deactivate permissible value:
 - Unknown

Rationale

Pursuant to a recent request to include CTO as a PV for Legal Status, it was determined that CTOs were regulated by the Mental Health Act and not the Criminal Justice system. It was therefore considered logical to include it as a PV under this data element.

"Client unable or unwilling to provide a response" and "Collection of a response was not possible" are response options which sharpen data collection.

Current Permissible Values collected for "Mandatory Treatment Required By":

None Choice between treatment or jail Condition of probation/parole Child welfare authority Condition of employment Condition of school Condition of family Other Unknown

Unknown

- "Unknown" will be deactivated as a Permissible Value for the following data elements:
 - Employment Status
 - Education Status
 - Ethnicity
 - Frequency of use of presenting problem substances in prior 30 days
 - Hearing Problems
 - Income Source
 - Mobility Problems
 - Pregnancy Status
 - Prescribed Methadone or Other Opioid Substitute
 - Presenting Problem Substance N
 - Referral Source
 - Relationship Status
 - Status of Non-medical Intravenous Drug Use
 - Substances Used Within last 12 Months
 - Vision Problems
 - Gambling problem identified
 - Gambling Activities in the prior 12 months
- For the same data elements, listed above, activate the new Permissible Values:
 - Client unable or unwilling to provide a response
 - Collection of a response was not possible
- "Unknown" to be deactivated as a permissible values (PVs) for the data elements
 - Reason for Termination
 - Reason for Discharge and
 - Service Type of Outgoing Referral
- Unchanged for Version 1.1 but to be reviewed for amendment in the rebuild of Catalyst:
 - Gambling form questions with "Unknown" as a radio button.
 - Mental health questions.

Rationale

"Unknown" is a Permissible Value in many Catalyst pick lists and is currently monitored in the Data Quality Reports.

The absence of definitive parameters regarding use this value creates uncertainty in agency staff as to its application. The two new PVs being activated can be merged to become unknown if needed for analysis purposes. However, distinguishing between a "Client unable or unwilling to provide a response" and "Collection of a response was not possible" helps to identify areas of potential issues and thereby enhance the focus of education.

For data elements where "Unknown" is to be deactivated, the rationale for not replacing the PV is that this information is the sole responsibility of agency staff to provide. This data is important and should be collected.

Data elements where "Unknown" is to remain unchanged:

- In data elements where "Unknown" is a radio button there is much work to deactivate the PV and activate the two new PVs for version 1.1 amendments. Radio buttons are part of the software application programing making editing the list of permissible values a more time consuming endeavor. In the future upgrade of CATALYST the "Unknown" radio buttons will be reviewed for amendment.
- The mental health questions will be replaced with two GAIN mental health questions in Version 2.0. Options in the mental health questions will not include "Unknown" but will include the two new responses.

DATIS amendment process

• A data dictionary maintenance protocol has been provided. It describes the process of changes to data items within each item's life cycle (see Appendix);

Rationale

• The DATIS Comprehensive Data Dictionary requires to be reviewed and published annually for the users of data set such as agencies, MOHLTC, LHINs and other stakeholders.

Recommendations for DATIS Data Element amendments Version 2.0 and the future rebuild of Catalyst

Mental Health Questions

The current Mental Health questions are to be deactivated.

Rationale

The Catalyst questions were not rigorously tested prior to implementation in 2002 nor have they been reviewed since. Many clinicians and clients have expressed difficulty answering these questions, queried their usefulness, and would welcome an update.

A clear distinction is needed between Mental Health and Mental Illness as defined by: <u>http://www.mentalhealth.asn.au/home/item/111.html</u>

Mental illness refers to a diagnosed clinical condition. Commonly known examples are depression, anxiety, psychosis and eating disorders.

Mental health or mental wellbeing is a positive concept that goes beyond the absence of mental illness. It refers to resilience and good functioning, but also incorporates flourishing, happiness and getting the most out of life. An individual could simultaneously experience mental illness and mental wellbeing. A person could have a diagnosis of mental illness but still able to engage in positive activity such as work or volunteering, have a good network of support from family or friends, and able to get significant enjoyment out of life.

A person may not display symptoms of a mental disorder but still have poor mental health, trouble maintaining relationships and employment and achieving his/her goals.

The questions to ask prior to the rebuild would be:

"Is there need for Catalyst to have questions designed to assess or identify mental illness and to collect mental health data?" (Mental health questions would be similar to GAIN MH 1 & 2.); or would this be better left to the assessment tools designed to do this, and if so, should the information be imported to Catalyst?

Agencies should be consulted to determine their needs and requirements.

We believe the information about mental illness or mental health and the frequency among clients seeking treatment is needed or used by addiction treatment agencies, stakeholders, policy maker and researchers to enhance efficacy of treatment by determining care plans and providing appropriate services.

DATIS DTFP team should discuss this with the GAIN DTFP team, agencies and clinical experts.

The suggestion at present is to replace the ten current mental health Catalyst questions with those from the GAIN assessment. This may not be the best strategy as the GAIN questions are sequenced and weighted, integral to the generation of GAIN data.

- MH1 When was the last time that you had significant problems....
 - a. with feeling very trapped, lonely, sad, blue, depressed or hopeless about the future?
 - b. with sleep trouble, such as bad dreams, sleeping restlessly, or falling asleep during the day?
 - c. with feeling very anxious, nervous, tense, scared, panicked or like something bad was going to happen?
 - d. becoming very distressed and upset when something reminded you of the past
 - e. thinking about ending your life or committing suicide?
 - f. seeing or hearing things that no one else could see or hear or feeling that someone else could read or control your thoughts?

- MH2 When was the last time you did the following things two or more times?
 - a. lied or conned to get things you wanted or to avoid having to do something
 - b. had a hard time paying attention at school, work, or home?
 - c. had a hard time listening to instructions at school, work or home?
 - d. had a hard time waiting for your turn?
 - e. were a bully or threatened other people?
 - f. started physical fights with other people?
 - g. tried to win back your gambling losses by going back another day?
 - The GAIN Q3 Mental Health questions are scored:
 - 4 Past Month
 - 3 2 to 3 Months Ago
 - 2 4 to 12 Months Ago
 - 1 1+ Years Ago
 - 0 Never

Rationale

The mental health data currently being collected by DATIS was implemented over a decade ago but was never rigorously tested or analyzed. Employing the GAIN Mental Health questions will:

- Provide continuity of services. By the time Version 2.0 is implemented the data from the GAIN pilot will have been analyzed and alignment with GAIN questions recommended and implemented;
- Permit comparison value. GAIN has been used extensively in the United States and there is a wealth of data for comparison;
- Reduce training time and costs. Agency clinical staff who collect DATIS information would already be using GAIN and require no training.

Population Group

There are 2 options for changing Population Group (Ethnicity) and it is recommended they be further reviewed when redesigning of Catalyst.

- Option 1:
 - A large database of values inclusive of the worldwide language diversity to permit the client to enter/select the Population they most identify with. A background filter would allow alignment with the GAIN population grouping.
- Option 2:

Alignment with the GAIN population grouping:

- The data element "Ethnicity" is to be superseded by "Population Group"
- Deactivate current Permissible Values for Ethnicity
- Activate GAIN Q3 Permissible Values
- Activate new Permissible Values
 - o White non-specified
 - $\circ~$ Black non-specified
 - o Asian non-specified
 - o First Nations, Inuit, Metis non-specified

- Multiple or mixed population and cultural background groups
- Client unable or unwilling to provide a response
- Collection of a response was not possible
- Supersede First Nations/Aboriginal with First Nations

The table below compares Permissible Values from the GAIN "Population Group" and Catalyst "Ethnicity".

GAIN – modified by DATIS DTFP	Catalyst – current as of May 2013
White - European	37 Scandinavian, 10 Dutch, 07 Irish, 05 German, 06 Scottish, 04 English, 08 Italian, 32 Spanish, 16 Portuguese, 26 Greek, 03 French, 09 Ukrainian, 14 Hungarian, 15 Polish, 25 East European
White - North American	20 American (USA), 01 Canadian, 35 French- Canadian
White Non-specified	
First Nations/Aboriginal - Status	02 Aboriginal - Status (N.A. Indian)
First Nations/Aboriginal - Non-Status	34 Aboriginal - Non Status
First Nations/Aboriginal - Metis	17 Métis
First Nations/Aboriginal - Inuit	18 Inuit
First Nations/Aboriginal - Non-specified	
East Asian (e.g., Chinese, Japanese, Korean, etc.)	11 Chinese, 27 Japanese, 28 Korean
South Asian (e.g., Indian, Pakistani, Afghani, Sri-Lankan, etc.)	13 East Indian, 36 Punjabi
South-East Asian (e.g., Filipino, Malaysian, Vietnamese, etc.)	29 Vietnamese, 30 Other South East Asia
Asian - Non-specified	
Black - African (e.g., Ghanaian, Somali, Kenyan, Ethiopian, etc.)	19 African
Black - Caribbean (e.g., Trinidadian, Jamaican, etc.)	23 Caribbean
Black - North American	22 Black
Black - Non-specified	
Middle Eastern (e.g., Saudi Arabian, Jordanian, Syrian, Lebanese, Iranian, Iraqi, Israeli, etc.)	21 Arab
Northern African (e.g., Egyptian, Libyan, etc.)	
South American (e.g., Argentinean, Chilean, Peruvian)	31 South American

Central American (e.g., Colombian)	24 Central American
Mexican	
Multiple or mixed population and cultural background groups	

Rationale

The DTFP Best Practice Screening and Assessment Procedures Project included a pilot of GAIN SS, and with some changes, DATIS will be aligned with their recommended Population Groupings.

A literature search for the definition of "ethnicity" and examples of permissible values was fraught with confusion; no lists exclusively identified ethnicity, culture, religion and race.

The term "Population Group" was the best fit and least confusing descriptor.

Modifications to the GAIN SS Population Group permissible values by Brian Rush's DTFP Best Practice Screening and Assessment Procedures Project and the Tri-Hospital Initiative reflect the best options, nonetheless there are gaps, overlaps and fusion of skin colour and geographic areas.

Permissible values have been added to augment inclusiveness of all populations groups without a lengthy option list. For example, White non-specified encompasses both white Australian and white African; black European and black Australian are embraced by Black non-specified.

"First Nations, Inuit and Metis" will replace "Native" and "Aboriginal" to eliminate confusion around this population from other geographical areas.

Inclusion of "Multiple or mixed population and cultural background groups" recognizes proliferation of various cultures, race and religion in Ontario and this PV mitigates any gaps.

Catalyst questions around completion or involvement.

For the rebuild of Catalyst, we recommend the initial question allow a response of YES, NO or Completed, Not Completed. If a reason is not required to support the response, proceed to the next question. If a reason is required, it would be requested the next question with a choice of permissible values from the current question.

For example, "Reason for Program Termination":

If "Program Completed" is selected, proceed to next question as no reason is required. If "Program Not Completed" is selected, the next question would request a reason from a list of permissible values (same as existing list with the exclusion of "Program Completed").

Rationale:

Provides a clearer indication of the information to be collected and thereby reduces confusion among agency staff.

The cascade questions would apply to the following data elements: Reason for Termination Reason for Discharge Involvement with Criminal Justice System

Frequency of gambling

The permissible value "Other" be superseded by "Other please specify" and allow collection of an explanation for the selection of this value.

Type of Service Requested Focus of Service Requested

• Data element: Client Type. Deactivate the data element and all associated Permissible Values. 01 - Client - Alcohol/Drug: Client seeking help for Alcohol or Drug problem

02 - Client - Alcohol/Drug/Gambling (ADG): Client seeking services for Alcohol/Drug/Gambling problems

03 - Client - Gambling: Client seeking help for gambling problem only

04 - Family Member of Alcohol/Drug Client: Client seeking help due to a family member's alcohol/drug problem

05 - Family Member of Alcohol/Drug/Gambling Client: Client seeking help due to a family member's alcohol/drug/gambling problems

06 - Family Member of Gambling Client: Client seeking help due to a family member's gambling problem

07 - Non-MoHLTC and A - Client: Client seeking help but the program linked to the client activity is not a DATIS participating funded program.

08 - Non-MoHLTC and A - Family Member: Client seeking help due to a family member's issue; the program linked to the family member program is not a DATIS participating funded program.

- Activate two new data elements and their associated Permissible Values:
 - "Type of Service Requested" with Permissible Values:
 - Substance Abuse (SA)
 - Problem Gambling (PG)
 - Both SA and PG
 - "Focus of Service Requested" with Permissible Values:
 - Person with the substance abuse or gambling problem issue
 - Significant Other related to person with substance abuse or gambling problem issue

Focus of Service requested will have to be collected at each service initiation (program registration) and associated with a date.

Rationale

Presently, there is much confusion over the process when a client requesting services for the addiction problem of someone else is later found to also have an issue with substance use or problem gambling. The current CATALYST does not allow a change in status without discharging the admission and generating a new admission, resulting in loss of information on continuity of services.

The data element "Client Type" currently asks for two separate pieces of information in one request, making it unclear what and when to collect or how to update the information. Dividing the data element into two, "Type of Service Requested" and "Focus of Service Requested", would lend clarity to the information being collected.

"Type of Service Received" will be reflected in the Functional Centre of the program services.

The Focus of Service, whether for the client and/or significant other with a SA or PG problem, will be identified and updated by agency staff at the initiation of each program service.

When the Focus of Service Requested is identified as Significant Other related to person with substance abuse or gambling problem issue, there is a short list of mandatory data elements to be completed. But if during treatment this same significant other is identified as also having problems with substance use or gambling , additional mandatory data elements will require completion.

At initiation of program services, when a person identifies "Type of Service Requested" as "Substance Abuse" there is no requirement to complete the Gambling Problem Form data elements. But if during treatment this same person is identified as also having a problem with gambling, the Gambling Problem Form require completion and a treatment plan developed.

To ensure the integrity of the data collected, these new mandatory data elements must be clearly specified and completed.

While the Functional Centre of each service program identifies the type of service i.e. Substance Abuse or Problem Gambling treatment, it pertains only to the client.

In future, specific questions could be developed for family members or significant others.

Access to Healthcare

- Deactivate the data elements "Vision", "Mobility" and "Hearing" and their Permissible Values 'Yes', 'No', 'Unknown'.
- Activate a new data element "Healthcare Accessibility" to monitor, at a high level, the existence of potential barrier(s) to treatment services.
- Activate new Permissible Values
 - No disability
 - Chronic illness
 - Developmental Disability
 - Learning disability
 - Physical disability
 - Sensory Disability
 - Other
 - Client unable or unwilling to provide a response
 - Collection of a response was not possible.
- This data element will allow the collection of multiple responses
- The data elements for Mental Health and Substance Abuse and Problem Gambling issues will also be reported as potential barriers to treatment services.

Rationale

There is little explanation why Catalyst requires collection of information on Mobility, Vision and Hearing which does not seem to be included in the reports to MoHLTC, LHINs or other stakeholders. Meanwhile, agencies may extract this information from the database in the AG07 Health Status/Problems by Age group and gender report. Statistics generated from these data elements do not correspond with those from "Income Source" permissible value 'Ontario Disability Support Program' (ODSP); the DATIS data identifies far more recipients of ODSP than reflected in the data elements Mobility, Hearing and Visibility. A clear definition of the information to be collected and a broader list of disabilities would more effectively monitor accessibility to treatment services and may also align more closely with the number of people on ODSP.

Permissible values (PVs) for the new data element should reflect or reference:

- potential reasons that prevent the client from participating in or attending their treatment
- difficulty with daily life skills
- the wider topic of Health Equity access and or potential barriers to treatment services

The list of permissible values could be lengthy or allow the client to enter their disabilities or life difficulties then filtered and grouped by disabilities.

Sexual Orientation, Total Household Income, Number of people the household income supports. Measuring Health Equity: Collecting Socio-Demographic Client Data

Activate four new data elements:

- **Sexual Orientation** defined as, "A person's sexual identity in relation to the gender to which s/he is attracted' with Permissible Values from GAIN assessment/Tri Hospital study:
 - Heterosexual
 - Homosexual
 - Bisexual
 - Does not identify with those values listed
 - Client unable or unwilling to provide a response.
 - Collection of a response was not possible
- **Total Household Income** defined as "The combined annual income (before tax) of all household members from all sources, including wages, commissions, bonuses, social assistance and retirement income" with Permissible Values from Stats Canada/Tri Hospital study:
 - **\$0-\$29,999**
 - \$30,000-\$59,999
 - \$60,000-\$89,999
 - \$90,000-\$119,999
 - \$120,000-\$149,000
 - \$150,000 or more
 - Client unable or unwilling to provide a response
 - Collection of a response was not possible
- Number of people the household income supports defined as "A positive integer indicating the number of people the household income supports in a household where a person is seeking treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse and/or problem gambling services". The format of the data element is the entered number.
- New data elements should be piloted within a group of agencies and the data reviewed and evaluated before introduction as mandatory data elements for all participating agencies.

Rationale:

Collecting standardized client socio-demographic data is a first step toward identifying and reducing disparities in care and health outcomes. In Canada, disparities in access and quality of care are most commonly associated with specific populations including, but not limited to, FNIM populations, immigrants, refugees, ethnic and radicalized groups, homeless persons and members of the LGBTTIQ community.

Information from eight key domains promote the identification and monitoring of disparities in access and quality of care:

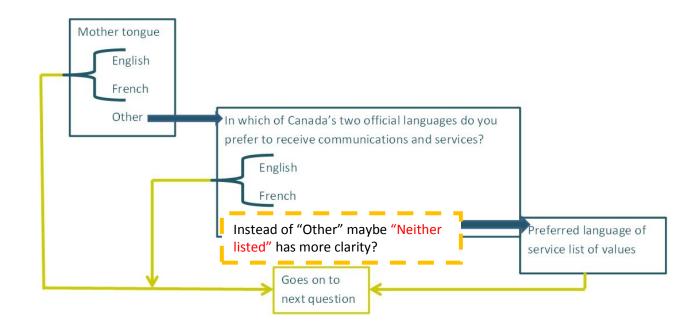
- Language
- Ethnicity
- Country of birth
- Gender
- Disability
- Sexual orientation
- Income
- Education

The DATIS Minimum Data Set is closely aligned with Health Equity research and projects with the exception of Country of Birth, Sexual Orientation, Income and the Number of People the Income Supports. The addition of these four new data elements would fill the gaps evident in DATIS in collecting health equity information.

Although "Mother Tongue" is not a perfect replacement for "Country of Birth," it would provide a link between Population Grouping and Preferred Language of Service. Ethnicity is a very difficult data element to collect with any accuracy on account of the considerable overlap between culture, religion, ethnicity, geographic location and race. Immigrants who have lived in Canada for generations usually consider themselves Canadian and often have no ties to their parents' country of birth, thus hindering collection of historical ethnic information. People tend to provide information that benefits them or their family rather than what needs to be collected. It is therefore advantageous to collect information on multiple points to help identify population groups that may be experiencing limited access to treatment services.

Preferred Language of Service

Deactivated data element "Preferred Language of Service" and associated permissible values. Activate a cascade of questions to identify Mother Tongue, Canada's two official languages or a preferred language of Service.



Rationale:

This change intends to promote the health equity needs of a diverse Ontario population, and to provide a safe space that encourages a client to provide truthful answers. This cascade of questions has already been implemented in OPOC-MHA questionnaire. This same approach is planned for the Catalyst rebuild and Data Dictionary's Version 2.0.

Type of Residence

Definition - a simple identification of the primary type of housing, residence or physical accommodation, in which a person seeking substance abuse and or problem gambling treatment services primarily resided in, at initiation of service and the past ninety days.

- Deactivate NFA (no fixed address) and Unknown (postal code). These are checkboxes.
- Activate new data element "Type of Residence" reflective of primary type of housing used in the past 90 days. When the client has used a mix of housing in the past ninety days, select the type being used at initiation of treatment services.
- Activate Permissible Values aiming to convey the primary nature of the housing, residence or accommodation:
 - Permanent private residence

Definition: Any house, townhouse, apartment, condo or room in the community, whether owned by the client or another person. It includes a private dwelling where support services are available as needed (e.g. independent housing for the elderly or disabled)

- Permanent institutional residence
 Definition: A residence that provides 24-hour skilled or intermediate nursing care. Group or communal housing with non-related persons where housing is provided and supervised by a social agency or charity (e.g. nursing home, long-term care facility, facility for those with an intellectual disability, assisted living, group home, mental health residence, board and care, hospice, supported/supportive housing, group home, half-way house)
- Short-term publicly provided residence
 Definition: residence where staff is available to assist clients with gaining skills to live on their own (e.g. transitional housing length of stay is usually less than a year)

- Short-term or temporary privately provided residence
 Definition: staying with family or friends (Sleeping on sofa, in guest room, basement or couch surfing may only sleep one night at family or friend's home)
- Short-term or temporary institutional setting
 Definition: receiving treatment services in a healthcare facility (e.g. hospital, psychiatric, rehabilitation) or held in custody in a correctional facility (e.g. jail)
- Homeless
- Definition: No fixed address. Includes living on the streets, in a homeless shelter or in a hostel.
- Client unable or unwilling to provide a response.
- Collection of a response was not possible
- This data element will be collected, dated and stored historically. It will be collected at the initiation of serviced and again at the discharge of the admission.
- At the initiation of service it will be client self-reported information; at the discharge of the admission, staff will enter updated information to the best of their knowledge.

Rationale

Housing needs to be monitored to ensure efficacy of treatment services. The current collection of information, NFA (no fixed address), Unknown (postal code) and Address Effective Date does not reflect the stability or type of housing the client lives in. Type of residence in the past ninety days monitors the client's housing; notation of the date when the information was collected provides references in time as to the type of housing the client has been using; collecting this information at the cessation of treatment and at multiple service initiations monitors housing over the duration of treatment as well as stability of the housing the client is using.

Stable housing has been shown to play an integral part in the recovery from many health issues including addictions, and maintaining optimum health. Unstable housing usually indicates a system failure that leads to unhealthy decisions and less than optimal health. Stability is based on the apparent amount of control the person has over her or his continued residence in the housing or accommodation. Are they about to lose the home due to loss of money due to substance use/problem gambling or loss of income/employment?

The National Treatment Indicators collect the housing status of a client, specifically whether or not s/he has a fixed address. The Central Toronto LHIN Community Business Intelligence Project collected current residence type, level of residential support and current living arrangement. The Addiction Supportive Housing (ASH) study also looked at the housing of clients seeking services for substance abuse and problem gambling. The Community Support and Research Unit (CSRU) at CAMH authored a paper, Road to Recovery, which focused on housing issues for mental health clients.

Stable Housing: A permanent living space that meets basic health and safety standards, including protection from the elements; access to safe water and sanitation; security of tenure and personal safety; affordability; and the provision of minimum space to avoid overcrowding. Person can return to this permanent living space whenever s/he chooses.

Homeless: Those people living in accommodations that do not meet the basic health and safety standards, including protection from the elements; access to safe water and sanitation; security of tenure and personal safety. Accommodations may not be safe, affordable, appropriate and/or permanent to which they may return whenever they choose. It is also a person or family living on the streets with no physical shelter of their own, including those who spend nights in emergency shelters.

The people in this grouping could be living in any type of space, structure or shelter, for example, on the streets, under a bridge, in a vehicle or abandoned buildings.

Smoking Status

Definition: A basic indication of a past involvement with smoking tobacco for a client seeking treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse and/or problem gambling services.

- Maintain Permissible Value Tobacco in data elements "Presenting Problem Substances", "Substances Used in Prior 12 Months" and "Frequency of Use of Presenting Problem Substances in Prior 30 Days".
- Activate new data element "Smoking Status"
- Activate Permissible Values:
 - Never smoked tobacco
 - Quit smoking over 1 year ago
 - Quit smoking less than 1 year ago
 - Smoke with a desire to quit/change
 - Smoke with no desire to quit/change
 - Smoke occasionally/socially (less than 4 cigarettes per week)
 - Client is unable or unwilling to provide a response.
 - Collection of a response was not possible

Rationale

Research shows that initiation into the world of substance use usually involves smoking cigarettes. Currently, smoking cessation or tobacco use is monitored by Public Health. This limits the Substance Abuse and Problem Gambling agencies in their ability to collect informative data on tobacco use. The DATIS database reflects that after alcohol, tobacco is the second substance most often identified by clients as being a substance use problem.

Currently DATIS collects "Frequency of Use of Presenting Problem Substances in Prior 30 Days" with permissible value 'Tobacco'; this information would be enhanced with this new data element. In future versions of Catalyst, it might be beneficial to identify clients interested in smoking cessation treatment.

Comparable Unique Service Recipient Identifier - OHIP #

- Creation of a comparable unique service recipient identifier that would allow database sharing and linkages. OHIP # would be a good candidate.
- To maintain client confidentiality and uninterrupted services to those clients without an Ontario health card, one of the following options may be selected in lieu of the health card number and version code:
 - Client unable or unwilling to provide a response selected when the client or substitute decision maker was asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or was unable to provide a response.
 - Collection of a response was not possible selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response.

Rationale

The DATIS database was originally created as a province wide standardized reporting system for all addiction agencies funded by MoHLTC. A standard set of demographic and utilization data was developed for system-level planning, evaluation, accountability and research. The system was centered on identifying the number of cases accepted by an agency and hours spent by agency staff in providing services within ministry funded programs. The DATIS key was created to evaluate the number of unique individuals accessing substance abuse treatment services in the province. There was no intention of identifying any one individual; rather, the data was to be used for statistical purposes only. Collecting longitudinal information on service recipients, who are probably being served through multiple agencies, would allow monitoring of treatment outcomes. Province-wide health care databases now permit sharing and linkage; there is also a trend towards the inclusion of the criminal justice database and other substance abuse and problem gambling databases, nationally and/or globally. However, to share data or collect longitudinal data, databases need a comparable unique identifier that may not be to duplicated, which the DATIS key does not provide (see Appendix DATIS key summary). National treatment indicators collection calls for the reporting of the numbers of unique individuals; this would also facilitate reporting on families and family history of treatment. An individual's OHIP number is recognized as an ideal comparable unique identifier. Though not mandated, agencies that currently submit data to DATIS include 30% of clients' OHIP numbers.

Collection of OHIP numbers encounters two issues:

- Agencies being funded, by the LHIN, to provide substance abuse and/or problem gambling do not bill for their service; as such there is no need to collect an OHIP number
- There is also concern that people seeking treatment for substance abuse and/or problem gambling will be turned away if they do not provide or have an OHIP number.

Until these issues, along with privacy regulations, can examined more closely and resolved, the OHIP number will not be a mandatory data element collected by DATIS; however agencies will be strongly encouraged to obtain it.

Trauma

The DATIS DTFP team reviewed literature, listened to webinars and discussed trauma, making apparent its integral role in at least substance abuse and overall recovery. However the literature reviewed offered no concrete evidence on how or what concise information to collect to identify trauma in the life of a person suffering from addiction, or how to measure the effect of trauma on the individual. Further research is required on the collection of accurate and precise data on trauma in relation to substance use. The DTFP project, Trauma and Substance Use: Developing Guidelines for Informed Practices, managed by Project Lead, Nancy Bradley of the Jean Tweed Centre, explored this issue but their findings are pending. However, the publications by Dr. Gabor Mate, Dr. Bruce Alexander, Professor Emeritus of Psychology at Simon Fraser University and Dr. Ann Jennings on trauma and addictions may be reviewed to further this datum.

Collection of the data element Trauma could start with a simple "yes/no" question asked of the person seeking treatment, "Do you believe you were traumatized as a child or in your past?" as well as a "yes/no" question to be answered by the agency staff, "Does this person behave or demonstrate behaviours that that are consistent with or would suggest to you that they could have a history of trauma?" The permissible values of "Client unable or unwilling to provide a response" and "Collection of a response was not possible" would apply.

• Trauma Through the Life cycle:

- Youth theory, research, homelessness, justice, transitioning to adult system
- Families domestic violence, sexual abuse, prevention programs
- **Seniors** The complex emotional burdens on professionals working with seniors, hospice, end of life.

Another suggestion as a way to identify and understand potential experiences of trauma in the person's life is to employ a combination of questions from GAIN Q3.

Addiction Rounds 25 October, 2013

Treating Women with Complex Psychiatric Presentations: Using a Sanctuary Based Model with DBT Principles

Presenter: Dr. Suvercha Pasricha, MBBS, FRCPC - Lead Physician, Women's Inpatient Unit, Women's Services, CAMH

What is Trauma? Use a wide scope in assessing for trauma:

- Past or current physical, sexual and emotional abuse, violence or coercion
- Childhood experiences of invalidation, neglect and family instability
- o Various forms of harassment and discrimination
- Economic stress
- Political violence and unrest

Recommendations for DATIS process and other changes

- ✓ Future versions of the DATIS Comprehensive Data Dictionary should include collection of socioeconomic/health equity data at service initiation and service cessation. This data could assist in the evaluation of treatment outcomes. The socioeconomic/health equity data collected should align with Provincial Government databases, Toronto Central LHIN and CAMH. The Tri-Hospital study collected this data and can be referenced when deciding on DATIS data elements and permissible values.
- ✓ Agencies be consulted as to when Mandatory Data Elements are collected. For example, collection of Ethnicity data would be better when a relationship is established between the client and the clinician during the first program.
- ✓ A governance group be struck to vet changes to the collection of data elements as well as the database. The group should include representation from agencies, MoHLTC, LHINS, researchers, DATIS and consumers of the system.

Data Dictionary

Overview

DATIS has contemplated various descriptions of the data it collects, particularly the mandatory data, but despite a number of prior attempts, a single, comprehensive description was not completed. The DATIS DTFP team sorted through various data descriptors, including those on substance by other jurisdictions and the standards they relied on. While ISO/IEC 11179 served as a reference point for describing the mandatory data, DATIS DTFP was able, with the assistance of many, to systematically and comprehensively describe the mandatory data elements captured by DATIS at the present time.

By using the metadata structure with ISO 11179 standards and an Access database, the DATIS DTFP team took the data dictionaries of mandatory data elements compiled by DATIS staff over the years and created a DATIS data dictionary and document. This entire document provides a more comprehensive description of the data elements and also how Ontario collects Substance Abuse and Problem Gambling treatment services data.

An object classes grouping for the data elements was implemented

- Admission (01) data elements that describe the problem the client is seeking services for from the agency providing substance abuse and/or problem gambling services
- Agency (02) data elements that describe and allow identification of the agency providing substance abuse and/or problem gambling services
- Client (03) data elements that describe the client seeking treatment from the agency providing substance abuse and/or problem gambling services
- Service (04) data elements that describe the types of services provided to the client seeking treatment at an agency providing substance abuse and/or problem gambling services

An unique accession numbering system for data elements was also initiated. Each mandatory data element has a unique accession number assigned to it; when the data element is dramatically changed or retired, the unique accession number is created and/or the old number is retired (see appendix Numbering System).

Also collected is change information on the data element. All changes to data elements or permissible values are recorded so that users of the database i.e. researchers, other databases, agency staff, MoHLTC, LHINs can recognize and take these into consideration (see appendix Numbering System).

Ontario Substance Abuse and Problem Gambling Treatment Metadata (OSAPGTM) - Mandatory Data Elements

DRUG AND ALCOHOL TREATMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM	QRAI ITY INFORMATION	DATA DICTIONARY	
OBJECT CLASS: CLIENT		OBJECT CLASS: ADMISSION	OBJECT CLASS: SERVICE
Client Data Elements		Admission Data Elements	Service Data Elements
Client Site Number	Admission Information	Health Status/Problems	Program
DATIS Key	Admission ID	Vision Problems	Program Site Number
First Name (First Initial)	Admission Site Number	Hearing Problems	Program ID
Last Name (First Initial)	Admission Status	Mobility Problem s	Program Name
Last Name at Birth (First Initial)	Admission Date	Pregnancy Status	Functional center
Date of Birth	Discharge Date	Status of Non-Medical Intravenous Drug Use	Provincial Service Category
Gender	Reason for Discharge	Number of Overnight Hospitalizations in Prior 12 Months for Physical Problems	Program Start Date
City	Referral Date	Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional in Prior 12 Months	Program Start Time
County	Referral Source	Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional within Lifetime	Program End Time
Complete Postal Code	Client Type	Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 months	Program End Date
Address Effective Date	Mandatory / Required Treatment	Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime	Reason for Program Termination
Preferred Language of Service	Legal Status	Currently Receiving treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a	Direct Service Time
Ethnicity	Young Offender Status	community mental health program or professional	Indirect Service Time
	Relationship Status	Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental	Total Sessions
OBJECT CLASS: AGENCY	Employment Status	health program or professional in prior 12 months	Length of Stay/Service
Agency Data Elements	Educational Status	Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental	WMS episode number
Agency Name	Income Source	health program or professional within lifetime	Outgoing Referrals
Connex Number	Substance Use	Currently Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem	
Agency Address	Presenting Problem Substances	Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 Months	Provincial Service Category of Outgoing Ref
	Frequency of Use of Presenting Problem Substances in Previous	Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime	Service Type of Outgoing Referral
	30 Days	Gambling Problem Identified	Date of Outgoing Referral
	Substances Used in Previous 12 Months	Gambling Treatment Plan Status	
	Prescribed Methadone or Other Opioid Substitute	Gambling Activities of Previous 12 Months	
		Reason For Non-completion of Gambling Data Form	
		Gambling Data Form	
	Reason for Seeking Help with Gambling Behaviour	Frequency of Specified Gambling Activites in Previous 12 Months:	
	Number of Years Life Negatively Affected by Gambling	Top Three Specified Gambling Activities	
	Behaviour	Frequency of Specified Locations of Gambling in Prior 12 Months	
	Length of Time Since Last Gambling Activity	Top Three Locations of Gambling	
	Sequence of Gambling Problem Identification	Percentage of Time Spent Gambling by Jurisdiction	

Ontario Substance Abuse and Problem Gambling Treatment Metadata

Data element	Admission ID
Accession number	2000_001_01
Identifying and defir	itional attributes
Definition	A positive integer sequentially assigned to each client's admission(s) within a particular agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.
Data element	concept Admission - Admission ID
Representational att	ibutes
Guide for use	The number indicates a unique client admission to a particular agency providing substance abuse and or problem gambling treatment services. Each client admission will be assigned (auto- generated in the database) a unique number starting at one and is sequentially assigned after that. Greater than or equal to one or less than or equal to 99.
	For example: 1 is assigned to the first admission to an agency
	Only one client admission can be active or open at any given time within an agency.
Context	Used to uniquely identify a client's admission history to an agency for substance abuse and or problem gambling treatment. Links all programs created in an admission. Used for database queries and functions.
Permissible values	
Catalyst screer	Admission Information
Catalyst screer	n text Admission Number
Knowledge Ba	se article
Database field	admission_no
Dataform	Auto-generated sequentially
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(15)
Format	XX
Maximum cha	racter length 2

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Admission Status (Auto generated) Admission Site Number Admission Date Discharge Date

Data element Admission Site Number

Accession number 2000_002_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definitio		sentative number identifying the agency site at which a client was admitted for treatment at the providing either substance abuse or problem gambling services or both.
Data ele	ement concept	Admission - Admission Site Number
Representatio	nal attributes	
Guide f	or use	Agencies with more than one site (location) establish the numeric coding of sites from which substance abuse and or problem gambling services are delivered. The number begins with 1 and moves positively in sequence until all agency sites have a unique numeric code, greater than or equal to one or less than or equal to 99.
		Select the unique agency site number for the site where the client was admitted to the agency. For example, an agency has 3 locations where services are provided. Sites are numbered as 01, 02 and 03. A client can be admitted at site 01 and receive treatment/programing at site 03.
Context		Permits the reporting of service utilization by treatment location or site within the agency.
Permiss values	ible	
Catalyst	screen	Admission information
Catalyst	screen text	Site No
Knowle	dge Base article	
Databas	se field	SITE_NO
Datafor	m Er	try
Datatyp	e Ni	umber
Datatyp	e DB	
Format		ХХ
Maximu	um character len	gth 2
Development	al attributes	

Implementation Active status

Implementation start date

Implementation end date

Staging

Collected once at initiation of treatment services

Short term changes (Version 1.2)

Long term changes (Version 2)

Related metadata

Admission Status (Auto generated) Admission ID Admission Date Discharge Date Program site number Client site number Data element Admission Status

Accession number 2000_003_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

		agency, is in	al representation of whether a client, as of a given date, is actively being treated within the n the process of being treated or has been previously treated by an agency providing either abuse or problem gambling services or both.
	Data element co	ncept	Admission - Admission Status
Repres	sentational attrib	outes	

Guide for use	The admission status is generated and updated by the database as data is entered.
	Blank Status: Only initial information has been collected.
	Pending: Client is still in the intake/screening phase and not yet registered in a program. A chart/file number is generated. Entry Services are the only activities that can be linked to the client at this level. The Admission information is incomplete.
	Open: an Admission date is entered; all required fields were completed; the client has been registered in at least one program linked to the "Open" admission; and there is no discharge date; the admission is "Open" or "Active".
	Closed: an Admission date exists; all required fields were completed; the client was registered in at least one program linked to the admission; all programs have been terminated (closed); AND there is a discharge date.
	Incomplete: All required fields may or may not be complete; a chart/file number was assigned to the client; however, there were No programs linked to the admission; the admission was DISCHARGED; the admission status is Incomplete.
	The guidelines for the appropriate times and reasons for a program termination and an admission discharge are saved in the DATIS guidelines appendix to this Data Dictionary (tables 1, 2 and 3). It is best practice to discharge an inactive admission then re admit the client when further service is required. Programs and admissions flagged as inactive in the database [no service is reported for the client according to the flags set by the agency in the database] are listed in a DATIS report. Before an admission can be discharged all programs must be terminated [database business rule].
Context	Used to monitor active client caseloads.
Permissible values	Blank Closed Incomplete Open Pending
Catalyst screen	Client information
Catalyst screen text	Admission status
Knowledge Base artic	cle

Database field	CASE_STATUS_ID
Dataform	Code
Datatype	String
Datatype DB	
Format	Nnnn
Maximum character length	

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected at cessation of service
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Admission ID Admission ID Admission Site Number Discharge Date Reason for Discharge

Data element Admission Date

Accession number 2000_004_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition Following agency policy, procedure and process this is a date the agency staff deems the client suitable for admission and subsequent treatment at the agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling services or both.

Data element concept Admission - Admission Date

Guide for use	Admission to the agency follows agency policy, procedure and process and signals that the agency has undertaken to provide or further assist a client with assessment and/or treatment services (registered in a service program) on an on-going basis. Usually the admission precedes the completion of the screening/intake process, the agency's decision that the client is suitable for the agency's services and the formal assessment phase in treatment is available.
	Treatment services need to be available before entering an admission date. A client can have only one open admission to an agency at any one time.
	Admission dates cannot overlap but can be sequential. An Admission must have a discharge date before a second admission can be open. The Admission date is less than or equal to the Discharge Date and the Program Start Date. The date cannot be a future date from the date of input. Day must be equal to or greater than 1 and equal to or less than 31 dependent on the month. Month must be equal to or greater than 1 and equal to or less than 12. Must be greater than the date of birth and less than the date of death.
	Day (DD), Month (MM) and Year (YYYY) are collected in separate fields and formatted DDMMYYYY. Day - nn month - nn year - nnnn For example - 06112012 - is the 6th day of the month of November in the year 2012
	The guidelines for the appropriate times and reasons for closure of admissions and programs are saved in the DATIS guidelines appendix to this Data Dictionary (tables 1, 2 and 3). It is best practice to discharge the Inactive admission or terminate the program and re admit the client when further service is required. Programs and admissions are flagged as inactive in a Catalyst report, if no service is reported for that client according to the flags set in the agency database.
Context	Is used to - indicate admission to an agency and allows program registration(s) - identify the number of clients admitted to an agency during a reporting period and to establish active client caseloads
	The admission date together with discharge date - enable reporting of treatment received by clients in all service types within the 2 dates as one "episode" of treatment, or as a client admission at the agency level. - are used to count the number of admissions within any reporting time period for those clients with multiple admissions to an agency.
Permissible values	

	Catalyst screen	Admission information	
	Catalyst screen text	Admission Date	
	Knowledge Base artic	cle	
	Database field	ADMISSION_DATETIME	
	Dataform	Entry	
	Datatype	Date	
	Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(2), VARCHAR2(2), VARCHAR2	2(4)
	Format	DDMMYYYY	
	Maximum character	length 8	
Deve	elopmental attributes		
	Implementation status	Active	
	Implementation start date	01/01/2002	
	Implementation end date		
	Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatme	nt services
	Short term changes (Version 1.2)		
	Long term changes (Version 2)		
	Related metadata	Admission ID Admission Status (Auto gener Admission Site Number Discharge Date Reason for Discharge	ated)

Data element	Discharge Date

Accession number 2000_005_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition Following agency policy, procedure and process this is the date the agency ceases providing services to the client and identifies closure of the client's admission to the agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling services or both.

Data element concept Admission - Discharge Date

Guide for use	Discharge from the agency follows agency policy, procedure and process. The discharging of a client's admission signals that the agency will no longer provide or further assist a client with assessment and or treatment services on an on-going basis.
	The discharge date is a date after the completion of substance abuse and or problem gambling treatment services provided by the agency and or the agency's or client's decision that the client no longer requires the agency's services.
	All Programs must be terminated prior to entering and saving the discharge date.
	The Discharge Date is greater than or equal to the Admission Date and the latest Program End Date.
	Day must be equal to or greater than 1 and equal to or less than 31 dependent on the month. Month must be equal to or greater than 1 and equal to or less than 12.
	Day (DD), Month (MM) and Year (YYYY) are collected in separate fields and formatted DDMMYYYY. Day - nn month - nn
	year - nnnn For example - 06112012 - is the 6th day of the month of November in the year 2012
	The guidelines for the appropriate times and reasons for a program termination and an admission discharge are saved in the DATIS guidelines appendix to this Data Dictionary (tables 1, 2 and 3). It is best practice to discharge an inactive admission then re admit the client when further service is required. Programs and admissions flagged as inactive in the database [no service is reported for the client according to the flags set by the agency in the database] are listed in a DATIS report. Before an admission can be discharged all programs must be terminated [database business rule]
Context	Is used to - Indicate a closed admission and that the client is no longer receiving program treatment from the agency.
	The admission date together with discharge date - enable reporting of treatment received by clients in all service types within the 2 dates as one "episode" of treatment, or as a client admission at the agency level. - are used to count the number of admissions within any reporting time period for those clients with multiple admissions to an agency.
Permissible values	
Catalyst screen	Discharge Information

Catalyst screen text	Discharge date
Knowledge Base arti	cle
Database field	DISCHARGE_DT_TM
Dataform	Entry
Datatype	Date
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(2),VARCHAR2(2),VARCHAR2(4)
Format	DDMMYYYY
Maximum character	length 8
elonmental attributes	

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected at cessation of service
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Admission ID Admission Site Number Admission Status Admission Date Reason for Discharge

Data element	Reason for Discharge	

Accession number 2000_006_01

Identifying and definitional attributes Definition A set of values that indicate the primary reason agency staff cease to provide treatment and discharged the client's admission to the agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling services or both. Admission - Reason for Discharge Data element concept **Representational attributes** Guide for use Agency staff selects the primary and most appropriate reason for cessation of treatment services and the discharge of the client's admission. Before the admission can be discharged, the programs within that admission must be terminnated. If the client completed the program then "Completed the Program" is selected. If the client did not complete the program then agency staff select the most appropriate and primary reason the program was not completed. Other- selected when the reason for not completing the program is not listed. The guidelines for the appropriate times and reasons for a program termination and anadmission discharge are saved in the DATIS guidelines appendix to this Data Dictionary (tables 1, 2 and 3). It is best practice to discharge an inactive admission then re admit the client when further service is required. Programs and admissions flagged as inactive in the database [no service is reported for the client according to the flags set by the agency in the database] are listed in a DATIS report. Before an admission can be discharged all programs must be terminated [database business rule]. Used to monitor the circumstances under which a client left substance abuse or problem Context gambling treatment at the agency. Assists in determining the number of clients who complete treatment and the clients who leave without completing treatment. This data element is an indicator for determining outcomes. Completed service plan Permissible Client Withdrew and Notified Staff values Mutually Agreed Upon Discharged by Staff/Involuntary Discharge Transferred elsewhere - other than Hospitalized Other Incarcerated Deceased Drop Out/No Show Hospitalized Unknown Catalyst screen **Discharge Information** Catalyst screen text Reason for discharge Knowledge Base article

Database field REASON_TERMINATION_ID

Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)
Format	хх

Maximum character length

Developmental attributes

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected at cessation of service
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown without replacement
Long term changes (Version 2)	Future changes should allow a question of "Was the service plan complete?" YES or NO where YES will go to the next question and NO will request a reason for not completing the program. The permissible values for this question will be the current values listed.
Related metadata	Admission ID Admission Status Admission Date Discharge Date Admission Site Number

2

Data element Date of Referral to the Agency

Accession number 2000_007_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

		ne date the client was referred to the agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling eatment services or both.
	Data element cono	ept Admission - Date of Referral to the Agency
Repre	sentational attribut	es
	Guide for use	Refers to the date the client was referred to the agency.
		This date must be less than the Admission Date. Day (DD), Month (MM) and Year (YYYY) are collected in separate fields and formatted DDMMYYYY.
		Day - nn month - nn year - nnnn
		Day is equal to or greater than 1 and less than or equal to 31 dependent on the month. Month is equal to or greater than 1 and less than or equal to 12. For example: 06112012 - 6th day of the month of November in the year 2012
	Context	Used to monitor the length of time between the date of referral to the agency and admission to agency, initiation of assessment and treatment planning or other service delivery to the client. Used in conjunction with the data element Program Start Date to assess wait times for program service.
	Permissible values	
	Catalyst screen	Admission information
	Catalyst screen tex	t Referred on
	Knowledge Base a	ticle
	Database field	REFERRED_ON
	Dataform	Entry
	Datatype	Date
	Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(2),VARCHAR2(2),VARCHAR2(4)
	Format	DDMMYYYY
	Maximum charact	er length 8

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Referral Source Date of Outgoing Referral Service Type of Outgoing Referral

Data element	Referral Source
Accession number	2000_008_01
dentifying and defi	nitional attributes
Definition	A set of values that indicate the approved classification of the agency, organization or individual that referre the client for treatment at the agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.
Data element	concept Admission - Referral Source
epresentational att	ributes
Guide for use	Agency staff can select up to two referral sources to the agency. They are entered into two separate text boxes (fields). Client unable or unwilling to provide a response – selected when the client or substitute decisio maker was asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or was unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
	For example, the client indicated they had been seen in their local community health center; the center recommended specific substance use treatment services. Select 06 - Community Health Center.
Context	Assists in Developing a typology of clients and in determining patterns of referrals. Tracking of client movement between agencies and programs. Identifying the patterns of interaction between agencies providing substance abuse and or problem gambling services and other related services in the health and community care fields. Improving understanding of the pathways followed by clients entering agencies providing substance abuse and problem gambling services. Agencies understanding their relationships with other service providers and identifying gaps that may exist in their local or regional networks.
Permissible values	Self Family/Friends Education/Training Programs/Services Initial Assessment Treatment Planning Agency Residential Withdrawal Management Service Level 1, 2, 3 Community Withdrawal Management Service Level 1, 2, 3 Residential Treatment Services Agency Residential Supportive Housing Agency Level 1 & 2 Community Treatment Agency Community Day/Evening Treatment Services Agency Residential Medical/Psychiatric Services Agency Community Medical/Psychiatric Services Agency Community Medical/Psychiatric Services Agency Case Management Agency Psychiatric Services/Hospital Private Psychiatrist/Psychologist Medical Services - Hospital Medical Services - Private Community Health Centre Physician/Private Practitioner Public Health Unit/Nursing Services Community Mental Health Agency - Adult Program

	Social Service Agency - Adult Program Social Service Agency - Child Program Other Community Institution/Residential Program Housing Programs/Services Self-Help Groups (e.g. Alcoholics Anonymous) EAP - Employee Assistance Program Police Other Legal System - Excluding Police Connex Other Traditional Healer/Elders Women's/Men's Shelters Alternative Health Therapies Native Treatment Services Housing - Native/Non-Profit Other Native Services Toronto WMS Central Access (For Toronto WMS ONLY) OPGH - Ontario Problem Gambling Helpline MHSIO - Mental Health Services Information Ontario Responsible Gaming Information Centres Unknown
Catalyst screen	Admission information
Catalyst screen text	Referral source 1
Knowledge Base artic	cle
Database field	REFERRAL_SRC_ID1
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)
Format	XX
Maximum character	length 2
velopmental attributes	

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown Add new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker was asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or was unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been

Long term changes (Version 2)

Related metadata

Referral Date Date of Outgoing Referral Service Type of Outgoing Referral

Data element	Client Type	
Accession number	2000_009_01	
Identifying and def	nitional attributes	
Definition	The classification of a client by agency staff into one of eight categories based on the assessment of the client's problem area(s).	
Data element	concept Admission - Client Type	
Representational at	ributes	
Guide for use	Client Type defines the client's problem area(s) as identified by client or agency staff during t screening/intake process, depending on family status and services received. Typically a client receives services consistent with his/her problem area(s) and or relationship to the problem area(s) of a family member or significant other. This field is used to identify clients as either Alcohol/Drug/Gambling [AD/G] client, Family Member/Significant Other [FM/SO] clients or non-MOHLTC and A client or family member. T formal definition of an Alcohol/Drug/Gambling client is any individual seeking treatment and information about his/her own substance use or gambling problem. Family member/signific other clients are individuals seeking treatment and/or information regarding ANOTHER perso substance use or gambling problems. For example: A person seeking help for their Substance use and Gambling problem - select 0 Client - Alcohol / Drug / Gambling (ADG); A person in the DATIS DB as Mental Health only - select 07 - Non-MOHLTC and A Client. DATIS identifies a client as a service recipient who attends at least one face-to-face visit beyon the entry level at an agency providing substance abuse and problem gambling treatment service the entry level at an agency providing substance abuse and problem gambling treatment service service and problem service recipient who attends at least one face-to-face visit beyon the entry level at an agency providing substance abuse and problem gambling treatment service the entry level at an agency providing substance abuse and problem gambling treatment service the entry level at an agency providing substance abuse and problem gambling treatment service the entry level at an agency providing substance abuse and problem gambling treatment service the entry level at an agency providing substance abuse and problem gambling treatment service.	The I/or ant on's 2 -
Context	Used to - differentiate clients from family members. - group clients according to broad problem areas and associated needs. This data element is also the main mechanism for determining the number of family membe significant others receiving service from treatment agencies.	rs or
Permissible values	Client - Alcohol/Drug: Client seeking services for Alcohol or Drug problem	
values	Client - Alcohol/Drug/Gambling (ADG): Client seeking services for Alcohol/Drug/Gambling problems	S
	Client - Gambling: Client seeking services for gambling problem only	
	Family Member of Alcohol/Drug Client: Client seeking services due to a family member's alcohol/dr problem	ug
	Family Member of Alcohol/Drug/Gambling Client: Client seeking services due to a family member's alcohol/drug/gambling problems	
	Family Member of Gambling Client: Client seeking services due to a family member's gambling prob	lem
	Non-MoHLTC and A - Client: Client seeking services but the program linked to the client activity is no DATIS participating funded program.	ot a
	Non-MoHLTC and A - Family Member: Client seeking services due to a family member's issue; the program linked to the family member program is not a DATIS participating funded program	

Catalyst screen Admission information

Catalyst screen text	Client type
Knowledge Base artic	le
Database field	CLIENT_TYPE_ID
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)
Format	ХХ
Maximum character	ength
Developmental attributes	

Implementation Pending to deactivate status Implementation 01/01/2002 start date Implementation end date Staging Short term changes (Version 1.2) Long term changes To supersede with two new data elements: - Type of Service Requested with permissible values (PVs) of (Version 2) Substance Abuse (SA) Problem Gambling (PG) Both SA and PG - Focus of Service Requested with permissible values of Person with the substance abuse or gambling problem issue Significant Other related to person with substance abuse or gambling problem issue Related metadata **Client Site Number** DATIS Key Gender Preferred Language of Service Ethnicity Mandatory/Required Treatment Legal Status Young Offender Status **Relationship Status Employment Status** Educational Status Income Source

2

Data element Mandatory/Required Treatment

Accession number 2000_010_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

C	set of values to indicate, at the initiation of treatment, whether the client was mandated or ordered by a ourt or legal authority or an explicit condition of personal relationships, school or employment to seek reatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.
Data element conc	Admission - Mandatory/Required Treatment
Representational attribut	tes
Guide for use	Source of these data are typically client self-reports, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker.
	These data are collected reflective of the client's status at the initiation of treatment services. Select from the list of permissible values the primary reason the client reports seeking treatment. The primary reason is not necessarily correlated with the data element Criminal Justice System Involvement.
	Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker was asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or was unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response; Other - selected when the information is not included in the list provided.
Context	Assists in understanding the unique and potentially complex needs and service demands of clients accessing substance abuse and problem gambling treatment services. Used to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of clients with Mandatory/Required Treatment within the substance abuse and problem gambling treatment population and to ensure additional needs or considerations for this populations are planned and delivered. Used to further understand client pathways to treatment and to develop client typologies. Potential for use as a case-mix weighting factor and for monitoring and evaluating treatment
	outcomes. For example, a student was caught using substance(s) in a school. The school has required that the student not return to school unless they are in substance abuse treatment. Select Condition of school.
Permissible values	None Choice between treatment or jail Condition of probation/parole Child welfare authority Condition of employment Condition of school Condition of family Other Unknown
Catalyst screen	Admission information
Catalyst screen tex	t Treatment Mandated/Required By

Knowledge Base article

Database field	COND_SURR_CONTACT_ID
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)
Format	хх
Maximum character length	

Developmental attributes

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	To consider additional permissible value (PV) "Community Treatment Order" (CTO) A recent Ontario project requested CTO as a PV for Legal Status but on further research it was found that CTO it is not part of the Criminal Justice system/Act but is actual part of the Mental Health Act. It was more logical to include it as a PV in Mandatory Treatment Required By. Deactivate Unknown Add new PVs: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker was asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or was unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Client Type Client Site Number DATIS Key Gender Preferred Language of Service Ethnicity Legal Status Young Offender Status Relationship Status Employment Status Educational Status Income Source

2

Data element	Legal Status
Accession number	2000_011_01
Identifying and defi	nitional attributes
Definition	A set of values to indicate the client's current involvement with the Criminal Justice or the Youth Justice Systems at the initiation of treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling services or both.
Data element	concept Admission - Legal Status
Representational att	ributes
Guide for use	Source of these data are typically client self-reports, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. Data are collected reflective of the client's status at the initiation of treatment services. This element is not required to be updated if the client becomes involved with the Criminal Justice or the Youth Justice Systems during treatment. However if during treatment the client reveals that they were involved prior to admission please update the Criminal Justice System Involvement.
	House arrest - selected when the client is under house arrest; Diversion/Drug Treatment Court - selected when the client is involved with the Diversion/Drug Treatment Court; Alternative Justice System - selected when the client is involved with Criminal Justice System and the client's response is not included in the list provided; Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response; No involvement - selected when there is no current nvolvement in the criminal justice system;
Context	Assists in understanding the unique and potentially complex needs and service demands of clie accessing substance abuse and problem gambling treatment services. Used to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of clients with a Legal Status withi the substance abuse and problem gambling treatment population and to ensure additional nee or considerations for this populations are planned and delivered. Used to further understand a to develop client typologies. Potential for use in monitoring and evaluating treatment outcome
Permissible values	No problem Awaiting trial or sentencing Probation Parole Incarcerated Other Unknown
Catalyst scree	n Admission information
Catalyst scree	n text Legal status

Database field	LEGAL_STATUS_ID
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)
Format	хх
Maximum character length	

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Name change to "Criminal Justice System Involvement " Deactivate Unknown Add the following permissible values Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker was asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or was unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response; Add PV - Diversion/Drug Treatment Court; House arrest; Alternative Justice System Change PV No problem to No involvement
Long term changes (Version 2)	For the Catalyst rebuild it would be beneficial to first have a question of Involvement or No Involvement where No Involvement would go to the next question. Involvement would request a reason why and use the list of values currently being used.
Related metadata	Client Type DATIS key Mandatory/Required Treatment Young Offender Status Relationship Status Employment Status Educational Status

2

Data element Young Offender Status

Accession number 2000_012_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

		basic indication of involvement with the Youth Criminal Justice System at the initiation of treatment at an gency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling services or both when the client is between se ages of 12 and 17 and less than 18 years of age.
	Data element cor	ept Admission - Young Offender Status
Repre	sentational attrib	es
	Guide for use	Source of these data are typically client self-reports, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker.
		Youth Criminal Justice Act (YCJA) governs the application of criminal and correctional law to those 12 years old or older, but younger than 18 at the time of committing the offence (Section 2 of the YCJA).
		Yes - selected if the client is currently involved with the youth criminal justice system at initiation of substance abuse and/or problem gambling treatment services. The data element is not required to be updated if the client becomes involved with the Youth Criminal Justice System during treatment. However if, later in treatment, the client reveals that they were involved with the system prior to admission to treatment please update the data element. The youth may be convicted of or pleaded guilty to a criminal offence in the youth criminal justice system and is currently serving a sentence. If the client is not currently involved with the Youth Criminal Justice System select No. Client is unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – is selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response; Not Applicable - selected if client is 18 years or older and involved with the judicial system.
		For example: The client indicates they are not currently involved with the youth criminal justice system. Select No.
	Context	Assists in understanding the unique and potentially complex needs and service demands of clients accessing substance abuse and problem gambling treatment services. Used to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of youth clients involved with the Criminal Justice System within the substance abuse and problem gambling treatment population. Once the youth population is identified then there is a requirement to ensure additional needs or considerations for this populations are planned and delivered. Used to further understand client pathways to treatment and to develop client typologies.
	Permissible values	Yes No Unknown Not applicable
	Catalyst screen	Admission information
	Catalyst screen te	t Young offender

Knowledge Base article

Database field	YOUNG_OFFENDER
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Character
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(1)
Format	Ν
Maximum character length	

Developmental attributes

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	The data element name Young Offender is to be superseded by name Involved with Youth Involvement with Criminal Justice System. Replace Unknown with: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker was asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or was unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Long term changes (Version 2)	Would it make sense to eliminate the Young Offender/Youth Involved with the Criminal Justice System and have the Date of Birth indicate whether there is youth involved with the Youth Criminal Justice system Legal Status / Involvement with Criminal Justice System would indicate the type of involvement.
Related metadata	Date of birth Mandatory / Required Treatment Legal Status Relationship Status Employment Status Educational Status Income Source

1

Data element	Relationship Status	

Accession number 2000_013_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

	inition A set of values that indicate the client's relationship and or marital status at the initiation of treatmen agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.	
Data element co	ncept	Admission - Relationship Status

Guide for use	Source of these data are typically client self-reports, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. These data are collected reflective of the client's status at the initiation of treatment and is not required to be updated when the situation changes during the course of treatment. Select the value that most appropriately describes the current relationship status of the client at the initiation of substance abuse and or problem gambling treatment service by the agency. Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response;
	Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
	Married/partnered/common-law - includes same sex couples. A common lawrelationship in Ontario requires that you and your partner have lived together continuously for three years. Single – is selected to indicate someone who has never legally married and is not currently living in a common-law relationship.
Context	Assists in the development of profiles for the client and the substance abuse and or problem gambling treatment population. Assists in understanding a client's personal and family relationships to their family.
Permissible values	Married / partnered / common-law (includes same sex couples) Single (Never married) Widow or widower Separated or divorced Unknown
Catalyst screen	Admission information
Catalyst screen text	Relationship status
Knowledge Base arti	cle
Database field	REL_STS_ID
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)

Format XX

Maximum character length 2

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	、 、

Data element Employment Status

Accession number 2000_014_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition A set of values that indicate the client's primary relation to the labour force in the past three months prior to the initiation of treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.

Data element concept Admission - Employment Status

Guide for use	Source of these data are typically client self-reports, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All data collected are to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker.
	The data gathered should represent the client's primary employment status over the past three months prior to the initiation of treatment services and no update is required when during the course of treatment the employment status changes.
	Permissible values contain: Employed full-time, includes self-employed - selected when the client is paid to work 30 or more working hours/week and if the client is currently on sabbatical, or the program of 4 years of work paid over 5 years; Employed part-time - selected when the primary paid job is less than 30 hours worked/week; Unemployed - selected when actively Seeking Employment; Student/Retraining - selected when there is no payment to the client for his or her time, including apprenticeship programs; Disabled - selected when client unable to participate in the working labour force due to a permanent or temporary disabled i.e. on WSIB or employer sick leave; Not in labour force - selected when the client is not in the workforce and not actively seeking employment - i.e. a homemaker, someone without a job and not in a training/educational program or a full or part time volunteer; Retired - selected when the client is retired and is not in the labour force; Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – is selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response.
	There is strong correlation between Employment Status and Income Source. Examples.
	A person with employment will most likely have a primary Income Source of employment. A person with a primary income source of disability insurance or retired could also supplement their income with employment (full or part time). Select Employment status of part-time or full-time employment.
	Brenda Smith is employed as a part time pharmacist. Select 02 Employed part-time. Philip Windsor has multiple part-time jobs that have him working 75 hours a week. If there is no paid job that is more than 30 hours select employed part-time.
	For a client who is not working due to a recent birth and is not receiving EI. How is Employment Status selected? If the client was employed before the birth and the employer is holding their position for them on their return, even if they are not being paid, select Employed. If there is no position to return to and they are not currently and actively seeking employment

	select Not in Labour Force.	
	If there is no position to return to and they are currently and actively seeking employment select Unemployed (Actively Seeking employment).	
	Definition of DISABILTY A person with a disability is defined under the ODSP Act as a person who has a substantial physical or mental impairment that is continuous or recurrent and expected to last one year or more; the direct and cumulative effect of the impairment results in a substantial restrictions in one or more of the activities of daily living (i.e., the ability to attend to personal care, function in the community or function in a workplace); and the impairment, its likely duration and restrictions have been verified by a prescribed health care professional.	
Context	 Assists in Understanding a client's relationship to the work force and associated economic resources / constraints. Developing profiles of clients accessing the substance abuse and or problem gambling service system. Assessing resources available and the need to supplement the resources available to the person. Monitoring and evaluating treatment outcomes at a high level. Addressing disparities in health service delivery and planning requires a solid understanding of key barriers to equitable access to high quality care and of the specific needs of health-disadvantaged populations; and this requires an array of effective data. The Public Health Agency of Canada has identified social determinants of health as having the potential to clarify important pathways to health outcomes and may suggest powerful approaches to address identified health inequities. These data can be used to alone and or in conjunction with other social determinants of health to: Monitor service utilization by vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population Identify barriers to service for vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population Assess issues of access equity among the population seeking and being admitted to SA and/or PG treatment Assess whether programs are appropriately available and targeted. Develop recommendations for adjustments to mitigate negative impacts as well as maximize positive impacts on the health of vulnerable and marginalized groups Embed equity across the organization and the system Support equity-based improvement in program/service and system design Raise awareness about health equity as a catalyst for change throughout the organization and the system The creation of a specific care plan for the client to meet their personal need(s) 	
Permissible values	Employed full-time, includes self employed Employed part-time Unemployed (Looking for work) Student/Retraining Disabled (not working) Not in labour force (e.g. Homemaker) Retired Unknown	
Catalyst screen	Admission information	
Catalyst screen text	Employment status	
Knowledge Base artic	le	
Database field	EMP_STS_ID	
Dataform	Code	
Datatype	Number	
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)	
Format	XX	

Maximum character length

2

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – is selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response. PV 03 Unemployed (Not working) be changed to 03 Unemployed (actively seeking employment) so as to distinguish between this permissible value and 06 Not in labour force.
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Legal Status Young Offender Status Relationship Status Employment Status Educational Status

Data element	Educational Status	

Accession number 2000_015_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition	A set of values that indicate the highest level of education attained by the client prior to the initiation of treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or bot	
Data element co	ncept	Admission - Educational Status

Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker.
	Record only the highest level of education completed. When a client has attended some of the next level of education but not completed or graduated from that level select the level as not complete. Clients who have attended school outside of Canada, record the grade level in Canadian equivalency.
	Primary School - selected when the client completed primary school (grade 8) and but did not attend secondary or post-secondary school; Completed community college, technical college, CEGEP – selected when client completed a
	diploma or certificate at the post-secondary level; Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response;
	Collection of a response was not possible – selected when may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response.
Context	Used to develop client typologies and or profiles for service planning and delivery for both client and or the province.
	May serve as a rough proxy for literacy/numeracy status.
	Potential use in monitoring treatment outcomes for both the client and the province.
	To address disparities in health service delivery and planning requires a solid understanding of key barriers to equitable access to high quality care and of the specific needs of health-disadvantaged populations; this requires an array of effective data. The Public Health Agency of Canada has identified social determinants of health as having the potential to clarify important pathways to health outcomes and may suggest powerful approaches to address identified health inequities. These data can be used alone and or in conjunction with other social determinants of health to: - Monitor service utilization by vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population - Identify barriers to service for vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population - Assess issues of access equity among the population seeking and being admitted to SA and/or PG treatment - Assess whether programs are appropriately available and targeted Develop recommendations for adjustments to mitigate negative impacts as well as maximize positive impacts on the health of vulnerable and marginalized groups - Embed equity across the organization and the system - Support equity-based improvement in program/service and system design - Raise awareness about health equity as a catalyst for change throughout the organization and the system - The creation of a specific care plan for the client to meet their personal need(s)

	Permissible values	No formal schooling Some primary school Primary School Some secondary or high school Completed secondary or high school Some community college, technical college, CEGEP Completed community college, technical college, CEGEP Some university (not completed) University degree (completed): Bachelors, Masters Unknown
	Catalyst screen	Admission information
	Catalyst screen text	Education
	Knowledge Base artic	cle
	Database field	EDUCATION_ID
	Dataform	Code
	Datatype	Number
	Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)
	Format	XX
	Maximum character	length 2
Deve	lopmental attributes	
	Implementation status	Active
	Implementation start date	01/01/2002
	Implementation end date	
	Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
	Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker was asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or was unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
	Long term changes (Version 2)	
	Related metadata	Legal Status Young Offender Status

Income Source

Data element	Income Source
Accession number	2000_016_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition A set of values that indicate the client's main or primary source of income for the past 3 months at the initiation of treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.

Data element concept Admission - Income Source

Guide for use	Source of these data are typically client self-reports, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker.
	While clients may have multiple sources of income, report only the main or primary source of income. Income source is reflective of the past 3 months of income prior to the initiation of treatment services and when the Income Source changes during the course of treatment it does not require updating.
	There is a strong correlation between Income Source and Employment Status. If a person's main income source is employment they would not have an Employment status of Disabled. If the person's main income source is disability insurance they would not have an Employment status of Unemployed.
	Employment - selected when income earned from working any amount of time for a salary; include those persons who have participated in a program of 4 years of work and payment over 5 years;
	Employment Insurance (EI) - selected when receiving EI, and including those people on maternity and paternity leave;
	ODSP (Ontario Disability Support Program) – selected when a person is receiving financial support from a government program supporting people with disabilities ;
	Disability Insurance - selected if person is receiving employer short or long term insurance or WSIB (workman's safety and insurance board) income;
	Other Insurance - selected for personal insurance payments to cover injury or disability, excluding Employment Insurance and Disability Insurance;
	Ontario Works Government Fund - selected for those who receive social support; Retirement Income - selected for people receiving Canadian pension and or employer pension
	Plans or other forms of retirement income where this is their primary income; Other - selected when the primary income source is not listed. i.e. personal savings, student loans/grants, lottery winnings, illegal sources i.e. trafficking drugs;
	None - selected when no income source is in place;
	Family Support - selected when people are receiving financial support from other family members including: students living at home, stay at home parents, no personal income and use income generated by another family member;
	Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to
	provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible - selected when may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response.
	For example, if student living at home not working or in the labour force select Financial Support from other family members and does not have a primary sources of income. A student living on their own and working at a paid job that is their primary source of income select Employment.
	Definition of DISABILTY
	A person with a disability is defined under the ODSP Act as a person who has a substantial

	physical or mental impairment that is continuous or recurrent and expected to last one year or more; the direct and cumulative effect of the impairment results in a substantial restrictions in one or more of the activities of daily living (i.e., the ability to attend to personal care, function in the community or function in a workplace); and the impairment, it is likely duration and restrictions have been verified by a prescribed health care professional.	
Context	Used to enhance understanding of the economic status and economic resources available to the specific client and the treatment population admitted to substance abuse and or problem gambling treatment / services. Monitored to ensure additional needs or considerations (if required) for this client or population are planned for and delivered.	
	To address disparities in health service delivery and planning requires a solid understanding of key barriers to equitable access to high quality care and of the specific needs of health-disadvantaged populations; and this requires an array of effective data. The Public Health Agency of Canada has identified social determinants of health as having the potential to clarify important pathways to health outcomes and may suggest powerful approaches to address identified health inequities. These data can be used to alone and or in conjunction with other social determinants of health to: - monitor service utilization by vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population - Identify barriers to service for vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population - Assess issues of access equity among the population seeking and being admitted to SA and/or PG treatment - Assess whether programs are appropriately available and targeted Developing recommendations for adjustments to mitigate negative impacts as well as maximize positive impacts on the health of vulnerable and marginalized groups - Embed equity across the organization and the system - Support equity-based improvement in program/service and system design - Raise awareness about health equity as a catalyst for change throughout the organization and the system - The creation of a specific care plan for the client to meet their personal need(s)	
Permissible values	Disability Insurance Employment Employment Insurance Family Support None ODSP (Ontario Disability Support Program) Ontario Works Other Other Insurance (excluding Employment Insurance) Retirement Income Unknown	
Catalyst screen	Admission information	
Catalyst screen text	Income source	
Knowledge Base article		
Database field	INCOME_SRC_ID	
Dataform	Code	
Datatype	Number	
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)	
Format	XX	
Maximum character length 2		

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response; Changes to Staging of collection: Mandatory collection of Employment Status and Income Source at the cessation of service (discharge of the admission). The collection of the information will be the responsibility of agency staff and be updated to the best of staff's knowledge
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Legal Status Young Offender Status Relationship Status Employment Status Educational Status

Data element Presenting Problem Substances

Accession number 2000_017_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definitio		alues that indicate the substance(s) that led the client to seek substance abuse treatment from the roviding either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.
Data eler	ment concept	Admission - Presenting Problem Substances
Representation	al attributes	
Guide fo	r use	Source of these data are typically client self-reports, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker.
		The identified presenting problem(s) will be the focus of the client's treatment plan. These data are not collected for clients whose treatment episode concerns the substance abuse of another person.
		If the client has been referred into treatment and does not identify a Presenting Problem Substance, then the substance involved in the client's referral should be selected. None
		Alcohol - Includes: Alcohol; Alcohol-based flavorings and extracts, vanilla and other alcohol-based flavorings; Bitters; Ethanol; Extracts, Vanilla and other alcohol-based flavorings; Hair Tonic; Lysol; Methyl alcohol; Shaving lotion; Shoe polish; Tonic; Vanilla and other alcohol-based flavorings; Wood alcohol Cocaine - Includes: Cocaine; Coke
		Amphetamines & Other Stimulants - Includes: Actifed; Alert; amphetamines; Antitussin Syrup; Benylin DM-D; Branch Eze Syrup; Caffedrine; Chlor-Tripolon N.D.; Co-Actifed; Corcidin D; dextroamphetamine/d-amphetamine; diethylpropion; Dimetan Expectorant; Dimetapp; Dristan; Dristan Nasal Spray/Mist; Dristan ND; Dristan LA Caps; Drixoral; Drixtab; ephedrine; Fastin; fenfluramine; Formula 44-D; Ionamin; Maxenal; mazindol; Neo- Citran; Neo-Synephrine; Novahistex; Novahistine DM; Nyquil; Ornade; phentermine;
		phenylephrine; phenylpropanolamine; Ponderal; Pondimin; psuedoephedrine; Ritalin; Robidrine; Sanorex; Sinutab; Sinutab ES; Sinutab ND; Sinutab SA; Speed; Stay Alert; Sucrets Cold Decongestant; Tenuate; Triaminic; Triaminic DM Night; Tylenol Cold/Allergy/Sinus Products; Vicks Cough Syrup; Wake-ups
		Cannabis - Includes: Cannabis; Grass; Hashish; Marijuana; Pot; THC; Hashish Oil Benzodiazepines - Includes: alprazolam; Ativan; Benzodiazepines; bromazepam; clobazam; clorazepate; chlordiazepoxide; clonazepam; Dalmane; diazepam; estazolam; flurazepam; Halcion; ketazolam; Lectopam; Librium; Loftram; Iorazepam; Mogadon; nitrazepam; oxazepam; restoril; Rivotril; Serax; Solium; temazepam; Tranxene; triazolam; Valium; Vivol; Xanax Barbiturates - Includes: amobarbital; Amytal; Barbiturates; butabarbital; butalbital;
		Fiorinal; Nembutal; pentobarbital; phenobarbital/ phenobarbitone; secobarbital; Seconal; Tuinal Heroin/Opium - Includes: Heroin; Opioids (other than those prescribed); Opium Prescription Opioids - Includes: 282; 292; 282 MEP; 642; Alfenta; alfentanil; anileridine; butorphanol; codeine; Codeine Syrup; Coristex-DH; Coristine-DH; Cophylac; Darvon-N; Demerol; Dilaudid; Dilaudid HP; Dimetane Expectorant DC; Dimetapp-C; Endocet; Endondan; fentanyl citrate; fentanyl base; Hycodan; Hycomine; Hycomine-S-Pediatric; hydrocodone; hydromorphone; Leritine; Levo-Dromoran; levorphanol; Lomotil liquid; Lomotil tabs; meperidine; meprobamate; Methadone; methocarbamol; morphine; Morphone HP; MOS; MS Contin; nalbuphine; Narcotics; normethadone; Novahistex-C; Novahistex DH; Novahistine DH; Nubain; Numorphan; Opiates; Opiods; Oxycet; Oxycodan; oxycodone; Pamergan; pentazocine; Percocet; Percocet-Demi; Percodan; Percodan-Demi; Phenaphen with Codeine #2,3,4; propoxyphene; Robaxisal-C1/4, C1/2; Robidone; Roxicet; Stadol; Statex; sufentanil; Sufenta; Supeudol; Tussionex; Tylenol with Codeine #2,3,4

	Over-the-counter codeine preparations - Includes: 222's; Anacin with Codeine; AC&C Atasol-8; Benylin with Codeine; C2 with Codeine; Calmylin with Codeine; Cotabs; Dimetapp with Codeine; Exdol-8; Lenoitec #1; Novo-Gesic C3; Parafon Forte C3; Robaxacetl-8; Robaxisal-C1/8; Robitussin with Codeine; Sinutab with Codeine; Triatec-8; Tylenol with Codeine (#1) Hallucinogens - Includes: Acid Microdots; Angel Dust; DMT; Ecstasy; Hallucinogens; LSD; Lysergic Acid Diethylamide; Magic Mushrooms; MDA; MDMA; Mescaline; methylenedioxyamphetamine; methylenedioxymethamphetamine; Microdot Acid; Morning Glory (seeds); Nutmeg; PCP-Phencyclidine; Peyote; Phencyclidine; Psilocybin; STP Glue & other inhalants - Includes: Contact Cement Cleaner; Ether; Furniture Polish; Gasoline; Glue; Household Cements; Lacquer Thinner; Lighter Fluid; Nail Polish Remover; Paint Thinner; Solvents; Spot Remover; Toluene Tobacco - Includes: Tobacco; Nicotine Other psychoactive drugs - Includes: Allerdyl; amitriptyline; amoxapine; Amyl Nitrate; Anafranii; Antabuse; Antagonists (Narcotic); Anticonvulsants; Antdepressants; Artane; Ascendin; Atarax; atropine; Atropiso]; Aventyl; Benadryl; Benylin for Allergies; benztropine mesylate; Cafergot; Carbolith; calcium carbimide; carbamazepine; chloral hydrate; chlorpromazine; cinamedrine; cognetine; Gognetin; desipramine; dexchlorpheniramine; DHE; dihydroergotamine mesylate; Dilantin; dimenhydrinate; diphenhydramine; diphenhydramine/pseudoephedrine; disulfiram; doxepin; DuralIth; Elavij; Elavij PLIS; Equanij; Ergomar Medihaler; regotamine maleate; ergotamine tartrate; Ergotrate; ethclorvynoj; Etrafon; fluoxetine; Fluanxol; Fluanxol Depot; fluphenazine; fluoxamine; Gravoj; Haldoj; haloperidoj; Histantii; hydroxyzine; Imay; Imipramine; Imovane; Ketalar; ketamine; Largactil; Lithane; lithium carbonate; Ilupirilene; fluoxanine; gravoj; Haldoj; haloperidoj; Histantii; hydroxyzine; Imay; Imipramine; fluophenzine; profilus; Palperid; Paportil; pipotazine; Phenergan; pheniramine maleate; phepnazine; Pertofrane; phenelzine
Context	Used in conjunction with the data elements Frequency in the Last 30 Days and Substance Used in the Past 12 Months to identify, monitor, determine and evaluate the patterns, severity and complexity of the substance use in order to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client and non-specifically for the treatment population across the province. Used to monitor and evaluate substance abuse treatment processes and outcomes for clients in substance abuse services. Used in conjunction with other data elements to describe and group the treatment population for reporting and analysis. Types of Substance Used is regularly reported to the Ministry of Health and Long Term Care (MOHLTC), Local Health Integrated Networks (LHIN) and agencies.
Permissible values	Alcohol Amphet. & other stimulants exc. methamphetamines Barbiturates Benzodiazepines Cannabis Cocaine Crack Ecstasy Glue & other inhalants Hallucinogens

Heroin/Opium Methamphetamines (crystal meth.) None Other psychoactive drugs Over-the-counter codeine preparations Prescription opioids Steroids Tobacco Unknown

Catalyst screen	Admission information
Catalyst screen text	Presenting Problem Substances
Knowledge Base artic	le
Database field	PPS1
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)
Format	XX
Maximum character	ength 2

Developmental attributes

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Frequency of Use of Presenting Problem Substances in Previous 30 Days Substances Used in Previous 12 Months Prescribed Methadone or Other Opioid Substitute

Data element Frequency of Use of Presenting Problem Substances in Prior 30 Days

Accession number 2000_018_01

Identifying and definitional attributes Definition A set of values that indicate the frequency of using the previously identified presenting problem substance(s), as reported by a client, in the 30 days prior to initiation of treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both. Admission - Frequency of Use of Presenting Problem Substances in Prior 30 Days Data element concept **Representational attributes** Guide for use Source of these data are typically client self-reports, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. For each presenting problem substance identified by the client as being a problem for him/her, select the client's frequency of use for each Presenting Problem substance in the 30 days prior to the initiation of treatment services. Did not use - selected when the client has had no substance usage in the last 30 days Daily - selected when client has used every day in the last 30 days Binge - selected when the client periodically and excessively consumes a substance. Binge drinking - more than 2 standard drinks in any 3-hour period and more than 3 drinks per day. Client unable or unwilling to provide the response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response. Context Used in conjunction with the data elements Substances Used in Prior 12 Months and Presenting Problem Substances to identify, monitor, determine and evaluate the patterns, severity and complexity of the substance use in order to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client and non-specifically for the treatment population across the province. Used to monitor and evaluate substance abuse treatment processes and outcomes for clients in substance abuse services. Used in conjunction with other data elements to describe and group the treatment population for reporting and analysis. Types of Substance Used is regularly reported to the Ministry of Health and Long Term Care (MoHLTC), Local Health Integrated Networks (LHIN) and agencies. Did not use Permissible 1-3 times monthly values 1-2 times weekly 3-6 times weekly Daily Binge Unknown Admission information Catalyst screen Presenting Problem Substances Frequency in Last 30 days Catalyst screen text

Knowledge Base article

Database field	PPSN_FREQ_ID
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)
Format	ХХ
Maximum character length	

Developmental attributes

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Long term changes (Version 2)	Reviewers pointed out that Binge is not a frequency and should be reviewed. It may need to be another data element, or it could be a secondary question when selecting one of the frequency
Related metadata	Presenting Problem Substances Substances Used in Previous 12 Months Prescribed Methadone or Other Opioid Substitute

Data elementSubstances Used in Prior 12 Months

Accession number 2000_019_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition	A set of values that indicate the substances that the client has used in the past 12 months prior to initiation of treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.
Data element c	oncept Admission - Substances Used in Prior 12 Months
Representational attri	butes
Guide for use	Source of these data are typically client self-reports, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker.
	Substance Used data are to be collected reflecting the client's usage status at the initiation of services at the agency.
	Select each substance used by the client in the last year. These substances may not be causing a problem but have been used in the past year. Multiple values can be submitted - select all that apply.
	This information is not collected for clients whose treatment episode concerns the alcohol/drug use of another person.
	The field does not default to a particular code and can be left blank. For example, the client indicated that they had used alcohol, and LSD in the past year as well as the Presenting Problem of cocaine. Select 02 Alcohol, 11 Hallucinogens and 03 cocaine.
	None – selected when there have been no substance(s) used in the last 12 months ; Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response;
	Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response.
Context	Used in conjunction with the data elements Frequency in the Last 30 Days and Presenting Problem Substances to identify, monitor, determine and evaluate the patterns, severity and complexity of the substance use in order to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client and non-specifically for the treatment population across the province.
	Used to monitor and evaluate substance abuse treatment processes and outcomes for clients in substance abuse services.
	Used in conjunction with other data elements to describe and group the treatment population for reporting and analysis.
	Types of Substance Used is regularly reported to the Ministry of Health and Long Term Care (MoHLTC), Local Health Integrated Networks (LHIN) and agencies.
Permissible	Alcohol
values	Amphet. & other stimulants exc. methamphetamines
	Barbiturates
	Benzodiazepines
	Cannabis Cocaine
	Crack
	Ecstasy
	Glue & other inhalants
	Hallucinogens

Heroin/Opium
Methamphetamines (crystal meth.)
None
Other psychoactive drugs
Over-the-counter codeine preparations
Prescription opioids
Steroids
Tobacco
Unknown

Catalyst screen	Admission information
Catalyst screen text	Substances Used in the past 12 Months
Knowledge Base article	
Database field	SUBSTANCE_ID
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	
Format	ХХ
Maximum character length 2	

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Presenting Problem Substances Frequency of Use of Presenting Problem Substances in Previous 30 Days Prescribed Methadone or Other Opioid Substitute

Data element Prescribed Methadone or Other Opioid Substitute

Accession number 2000_020_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

	Definition		ication of whether a client is being prescribed methadone or another opioid substitute at the f treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment both.
	Data element co	oncept	Admission - Prescribed Methadone or Other Opioid Substitute
Repre	esentational attri	butes	
	Guide for use		Source of these data are typically client self-reports, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. Opioid substitute examples: methadone, buprenorphine, suboxone. Yes - selected when at the time of admission requires the client is being prescribed methadone or another opioid substitute. No - selected when at the time of admission requires the client is not being prescribed methadone or an opioid substitute. Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response.
	Context		Assists in understanding the - use of specialized substance abuse treatment / services by clients with opioid dependency.

use of specialized substance abuse treatment / services by clients with opioid dependency. - unique and potentially complex needs and service demands of opioid dependent clients admitted to substance abuse and problem gambling treatment services.

Permissible values	Yes No Unknown	
Catalyst screen	Admission information	
Catalyst screen text	Methadone/opioid substitute	
Knowledge Base article		
Database field	METHADONE	
Dataform	Code	
Datatype	Character	
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(1)	
Format	Ν	

Maximum character length

1

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Presenting Problem Substances Frequency of Use of Presenting Problem Substances in Previous 30 Days Substances Used in Previous 12 Months

Data element Vision Problems

Accession number 2000_021_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition A basic indication of whether a permanent vision disability interferes with the client's daily functioning and may need to be taken into consideration during treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.

Data element concept Admission - Vision Problems

Representational attributes

Guide for use	Source of data are typically client self-reports, however may also be from documentation provided by the referring agent/organization or from family members. All information not collected directly from the client must be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker.
	Vision data are collected reflecting the client's vision status at the initiation of treatment services at an agency providing substance abuse and or problem gambling services.
	Yes - selected when the client's vision problem cannot be corrected or has not been corrected by surgery, glasses or contact lenses, interferes with daily living and is a potential barrier to access and receiving treatment at an agency providing substance abuse and or problem gambling services;
	No – selected when the client either has no problem with their vision or it has been corrected and
	does not interfere with daily living; Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response;
	Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response.
	For example, a person with a legal blind status is considered visually impaired. Select Yes. A person recovering from a medical intervention of the eye is not considered to have a permanent visual impairment. Select No.
Context	Used to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of issue/special needs within the substance abuse and problem gambling client treatment population. Used to identify, determine, evaluate and eliminate barriers to substance use and or problem gambling treatment services and to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client with special needs and non-specifically for the special needs population across the province.
	To address disparities in health service delivery and planning requires a solid understanding of key barriers to equitable access to high quality care and of the specific needs of health-disadvantaged populations; and this requires an array of effective data. The Public Health Agency of Canada has identified social determinants of health as having the potential to clarify important pathways to health outcomes and may suggest powerful approaches to address identified health inequities. These data can be used to alone and or in conjunction with other social determinants of health to: - Monitor service utilization by vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population - Identify barriers to service for vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population - Assess issues of access equity among the population seeking and being admitted to SA and/or PG treatment
	 Assess whether programs are appropriately available and targeted. Developing recommendations for adjustments to mitigate negative impacts as well as maximize positive impacts on the health of vulnerable and marginalized groups Embed equity across the organization and the system

- Support equity-based improvement in program/service and system design
- Raise awareness about health equity as a catalyst for change throughout the organization and
- the system
- The creation of a specific care plan for the client to meet their personal need(s)

Permissible values	Yes No Unknown
Catalyst screen	Admission information
Catalyst screen text	Vision
Knowledge Base artic	cle
Database field	VISUAL
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(1)
Format	X

Maximum character length

Developmental attributes

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Long term changes (Version 2)	Deactivate this data element and combine all accessibility items Hearing, Vision, Mobility Problems, into one data element Access to Healthcare.
Related metadata	Hearing Problems Mobility Problems Pregnancy Status Status of Non-Medical Intravenous Drug Use

Data element Hearing Problems

Accession number 2000_022_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition	A basic indication of whether the client has permanent hearing loss that interferes with his/her daily functioning and may need to be taken into consideration during treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.	
Data element co	oncept	Admission - Hearing Problems
Representational attri	butes	
Guide for use		Source of these data are typically client self-reports, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. Individuals with hearing impairment are those who are unable to function without the use of hearing aids or those who are still not able to function with hearing aids.
		Yes - selected when there is a hearing problem that cannot be corrected or has not been corrected with the use of hearing aids or surgery and interferes with activities of daily living. For example, the person wears a hearing aid and hears well one on one but in large venues with multiple people speaking the person experiences difficulty in following conversations - Yes is selected. Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response;

Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;

Context Used to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of issue/special needs within the substance abuse and problem gambling client treatment population. Used to identify, determine, evaluate and eliminate barriers to substance use and or problem gambling treatment services and to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client with special needs and non-specifically for the special needs population

across the province.

To address disparities in health service delivery and planning requires a solid understanding of key barriers to equitable access to high quality care and of the specific needs of health-disadvantaged populations; and this requires an array of effective data. The Public Health Agency of Canada has identified social determinants of health as having the potential to clarify important pathways to health outcomes and may suggest powerful approaches to address identified health inequities. These data can be used to alone and or in conjunction with other social determinants of health to: - Monitor service utilization by vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population

- Identify barriers to service for vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population

- Assess issues of access equity among the population seeking and being admitted to SA and/or PG treatment

- Assess whether programs are appropriately available and targeted.

- Developing recommendations for adjustments to mitigate negative impacts as well as maximize positive

impacts on the health of vulnerable and marginalized groups

- Embed equity across the organization and the system

- Support equity-based improvement in program/service and system design

- Raise awareness about health equity as a catalyst for change throughout the organization and the system

- The creation of a specific care plan for the client to meet their personal need(s)

Permissible values	Yes No Unknown
Catalyst screen	Admission information
Catalyst screen text	Hearing
Knowledge Base article	
Database field	HEARING
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(1)
Format	Х
Maximum character	length

Developmental attributes

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Long term changes (Version 2)	Deactivate this data element and combine all accessibility items Hearing, Vision, Mobility Problems, into one data element Access to Healthcare.
Related metadata	Vision Problems Hearing Problems Mobility Problems Pregnancy Status Status of Non-Medical Intravenous Drug Use

Data element Mobility Problems

Accession number 2000_023_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition A simple indication of whether a client has a permanent impairment that causes a differential loss of motor or sensory functioning (in the nerves and/or muscles) which can prevent ambulation from place to place, adjustment of one's posture and coordinated movement which may need to be taken into consideration when seeking treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.

Data element concept Admission - Mobility Problems

Representational attributes

Guide for use	Source of these data are typically client self-reports, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. Mobility data are collected reflecting the client's status at the initiation of treatment service at an agency providing substance abuse and problem gambling services. Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response; Yes - selected when a client is unable to walk without assistance and the condition or injury is permanent.
	For example, when the client is confined to a wheel chair and has a diagnosis of Multiple Sclerosis - select Yes. When the client has sprained his or her ankle or broken his or her leg and is unable to walk without the assistance of crutches should be considered to be temporarily impaired - select No.
Context	Used to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of issue/special needs within the substance abuse and problem gambling client treatment population. Used to identify, determine, evaluate and eliminate barriers to substance use and or problem gambling treatment services and to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client with special needs and non-specifically for the special needs population across the province.
	To address disparities in health service delivery and planning requires a solid understanding of key barriers to equitable access to high quality care and of the specific needs of health-disadvantaged populations; and this requires an array of effective data. The Public Health Agency of Canada has identified social determinants of health as having the potential to clarify important pathways to health outcomes and may suggest powerful approaches to address identified health inequities. These data can be used to alone and or in conjunction with other social determinants of health to: - Monitor service utilization by vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population - Identify barriers to service for vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population - Assess issues of access equity among the population seeking and being admitted to SA and/or PG treatment
	 Assess whether programs are appropriately available and targeted. Developing recommendations for adjustments to mitigate negative impacts as well as maximize positive impacts on the health of vulnerable and marginalized groups Embed equity across the organization and the system Support equity-based improvement in program/service and system design Raise awareness about health equity as a catalyst for change throughout the organization and the system The creation of a specific care plan for the client to meet their personal need(s)

Permissible values	Yes No Unknown
Catalyst screen	Admission information
Catalyst screen text	Mobility
Knowledge Base article	
Database field	MOBILITY
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(1)
Format	x
Maximum character length	

Developmental attributes

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Long term changes (Version 2)	Deactivate these data element and combine all accessibility items Hearing, Vision, Mobility Problems, into one data element Access to Healthcare.
Related metadata	Vision Problems Hearing Problems Pregnancy Status Status of Non-Medical Intravenous Drug Use

Data element	Pregnancy Status

Accession number 2000_024_01

Identifying and definitional attributes Definition A basic indication, based on client self- report, of whether the female client is pregnant at initiation of treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both. Admission - Pregnancy Status Data element concept **Representational attributes** Guide for use This data element is typically client self-reported (females only) and is collected reflective of the client's status at the initiation of treatment services at an agency providing substance abuse and or problem gambling services. Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response or does not know at this time; Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response; NA - Not applicable - selected when the client selected a Gender of Male or Other. For example, when the female client states she is not pregnant - Select No. Context Used to identify and monitor the prevalence of clients with special needs. Assists in assessing treatment/service access and availability and identifying additional needs or enhance treatment considerations for the specific client and all female clients. Assists in the planning and provision of specialized addiction services for the specific client and all female clients. Permissible When gender female is entered Yes values No Possibly Unknown When Gender is male or other enter Not Applicable Admission information Catalyst screen Pregnant Catalyst screen text Knowledge Base article Database field PREGNANT Dataform Code Datatype Character VARCHAR2(1) Datatype DB

Format N

Maximum character length 1

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Long term changes (Version 2)	This question should be skipped if the client is male.
Related metadata	Vision Problems Hearing Problems Mobility Problems Status of Non-Medical Intravenous Drug Use

Data element Status of Non-medical Intravenous Drug Use

Accession number 2000_025_01

Identifying and definitional attributes Definition A set of values that indicate the client's use of non-medical drugs via intravenous injection at the initiation of treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both. Admission - Status of Non-medical Intravenous Drug Use Data element concept **Representational attributes** Guide for use These data are typically client self-reported at treatment initiation and identifies the client's administering non-medical drugs by injection method. Injections prescribed by a healthcare professional are not included, i.e. for the control Diabetes or B12 shots or inoculations. Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response; Never injected - selected when the client never administers drugs via injection or does so only for medical use. For example The person indicated that they had injected cocaine, 3 years ago. Select - Injected prior to one year ago. Assists in determining the proportion of the treatment population with potential exposure to Context infections such as HIV/AIDS, Hepatitis C. Assists in monitoring and planning for the special needs specifically for the client and not specifically for the treatment population. Never injected Permissible Injected prior to one year ago values Injected in the last 12 months Unknown Admission information Catalyst screen Non-Medical Intravenous Drug Use Catalyst screen text Knowledge Base article NON MEDICAL IDU ID Database field Dataform Code Datatype Number Datatype DB VARCHAR2(3)

Format XX

Maximum character length 2

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Vision Problems Hearing Problems Mobility Problems Pregnancy Status

 Data element
 Number of Overnight Hospitalizations in Prior 12 Months for Physical Problems

Accession number 2000_026_01

Ident	Identifying and definitional attributes		
	(positive integer that indicates the number of hospital admissions with a minimum of an overnight stay the ient has had for medical and or physical problems in the 12 months prior to initiation of treatment at an gency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.	
	Data element con	ept Admission - Number of Overnight Hospitalizations in Prior 12 Months for Physical Problems	
Repre	sentational attribu	es	
	Guide for use	Source of these data are typically client self-reports, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker.	
		These data are collected reflective of the client's status in the prior 12 months to the initiation of treatment.	
		Treatment for the medical and or physical problems should entail admission to a hospital for an overnight stay and not treatment in a hospital emergency department that required them to remain in there during the night for treatment.	
		Greater than or equal to zero and less than or equal to 999. For example, Enter "0" if there has been no hospital admission, Enter "999" when the answer is unknown or	
		Click "Unknown" when this information is unknown Enter 1 if the client was admitted to a hospital for surgery and spent 4 nights in the hospital. This was their only admission in the past 12 months.	
	Context	Used to identify a client's physical health problems and plan for additional needs and considerations in their treatment plan. Used to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of physical health problems and comorbidity within the substance abuse and gambling population to ensure additional needs or considerations for this populations are planned and delivered.	
	Permissible values		
	Catalyst screen	Admission information	
	Catalyst screen te	t Number of overnight hospitalizations in last 12 months for physical problems	
	Knowledge Base a	ticle	
	Database field	OVERNIGHT_HOSP	
	Dataform	Entry	
	Datatype	Number	

Datatype DB NUMBER(22)

Format XXX

Maximum character length

Implementation status	Pending to deactivate
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional in Prior 12 Months Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional within Lifetime Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 months Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime Currently Receiving treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in prior 12 months Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional within lifetime Currently Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 Months Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime

Data element	Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional in Prior 12 Months
Accession number	2000_027_01
Identifying and defi	nitional attributes
Definition	A basic indication of whether a client was diagnosed with a mental health problem by a qualified mental health professional (psychiatrist, psychologist, medical doctor) in the 12 months prior to initiation of treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.
Data element	concept Admission - Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional in Prior 12 Months
Representational att	ributes
Guide for use	Source of these data are typically client self-reports, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. The data are collected at initiation of treatment services reflecting back to the previous 12 months. The diagnosis will have been a formal diagnosis, typically delivered after suitable testing and interviewing of the client, by a professional qualified (i.e. Certified Psychologists and Medical doctors (Psychiatrists)) to provide such diagnoses by the scope of practice for that profession outlined by the profession's Ontario regulatory body.
Context	Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to identify, monitor, determine and evaluate the patterns, severity and complexity of mental health and substance use and or problem gambling in order to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client and non-specifically for the population across the province. Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of mental health problems within the substance abuse and problem gambling client population. Assists in developing a client profile to determine treatment service access and availability and identifying additional needs or considerations for this population. Used to monitor and evaluate substance abuse and problem gambling treatment processes and outcomes for clients experiencing concurrent disorder.
Permissible values	Yes No Unknown
Catalyst scree	n Admission information
Catalyst scree	n text Diagnosed with a mental health problem by a qualified mental health professional
Knowledge Ba	se article
Database field	DIAG_MH_12_MONTHS
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Character
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(1)

Format N

Maximum character length 1

Implementation status	Pending to deactivate
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	The current Mental Health questions will be deactivated in Version 2.0. The question then becomes are these needed in Catalyst or can a mental illness or mental health issue be determined in the GAIN. Another possibility is to use the mental health questions from GAIN.
Related metadata	Number of Overnight Hospitalizations in Prior 12 Months for Physical Problems Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional within Lifetime Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 months Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime Currently Receiving treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in prior 12 months Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in prior 12 months Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional within lifetime Currently Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem Months

Data element	Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional within Lifetime
Accession number	2000_028_01
Identifying and def	initional attributes
Definition	A basic indication of whether a client was diagnosed with a mental health problem by a qualified mental health professional in his/her lifetime prior to the initiation of treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.
Data element	t concept Admission - Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional within Lifetime
Representational at	tributes
Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the clier or by the substitute decision maker. The data are collected at the initiation of treatment and reflecting back over the lifetime. The diagnosis should have been a formal diagnosis, typically delivered after suitable testing and interviewing of the client, by a professional qualified (i.e. Certified Psychologists and Medical doctors (Psychiatrists)) to provide such diagnoses by the scope of practice for that profession outlined by the profession's Ontario regulatory body. Logically, clients who report diagnosis for a mental health problem in the 12 months prior to admission to treatment for a substance abuse and or problem gambling problem have been diagnosed for a mental health problem in their lifetime.
Context	Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to identify, monitor, determine and evaluate the patterns, severity and complexity of mental health and substance use and or problem gambling in order to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client and non-specifically for the population across the province. Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of mental health problems within the substance abuse and problem gambling client population. Assists in developing a client profile to determine treatment service access and availability and identifying additional needs or considerations for this population. Used to monitor and evaluate substance abuse and problem gambling treatment processes and outcomes for clients experiencing concurrent disorder.
Permissible values	Yes No Unknown
Catalyst scree	Admission information
Catalyst scree	en text Diagnosed with a mental health problem by a qualified mental health professional
Knowledge B	ase article
Database fiel	d DIAG_MH_LIFETIME
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Character

Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(1)
Format	Ν

Maximum character length

Developmental attributes

Implementation status	Pending to deactivate
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	The current Mental Health questions will be deactivated in Version 2.0. The question then becomes are these needed in Catalyst or can a mental illness or mental health issue be determined in the GAIN. Another possibility is to use the mental health questions from GAIN
Related metadata	Number of Overnight Hospitalizations in Prior 12 Months for Physical Problems Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional in Prior 12 Months Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 months Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime Currently Receiving treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in prior 12 months Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in prior 12 months Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional within lifetime Currently Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 Months

Data element Hospitalized for a Mental Health Problem in prior 12 Months

Accession number 2000_029_01

Identifying and definitional attributes Definition A basic indication of whether a client was hospitalized with a mental health problem in the 12 months prior to initiation of treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both. Admission - Hospitalized for a Mental Health Problem in prior 12 Months Data element concept **Representational attributes** Guide for use Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. These data are collected at the initiation of services. For example, the person says they have not been hospitalized for a mental health problem in prior 12 months - No is selected. Context Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to identify, monitor, determine and evaluate the patterns, severity and complexity of mental health and substance use and or problem gambling in order to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client and non-specifically for the population across the province. Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of mental health problems within the substance abuse and problem gambling client population. Assists in developing a client profile to determine treatment service access and availability and identifying additional needs or considerations for this population. Used to monitor and evaluate substance abuse and problem gambling treatment processes and outcomes for clients experiencing concurrent disorder.

Permissible values	Yes No Unknown	
Catalyst screen	Admission information	
Catalyst screen text	Hospitalized for a mental healt	h problem
Knowledge Base article		
Database field	HOSP_MH_12_MONTHS	
Dataform	Code	
Datatype	Character	
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(1)	
Format	Ν	
Maximum character	ength	1

Implementation status	Pending to deactivate
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	The current Mental Health questions will be deactivated in Version 2.0. The question then becomes are these needed in Catalyst or can a mental illness or mental health issue be determined in the GAIN. Another possibility is to use the mental health questions from GAIN
Related metadata	Number of Overnight Hospitalizations in Prior 12 Months for Physical Problems Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional in Prior 12 Months Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional within Lifetime Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 months Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime Currently Receiving treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in prior 12 months Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in prior 12 months Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in prior 12 months Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional within lifetime Currently Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 Months Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime

Data element Hospitalized for a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime

Accession number 2000_030_01

Identifying and definitional attributes Definition A basic indication of whether a client was hospitalized with a mental health problem in his/her lifetime prior to initiation of treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both. Admission - Hospitalized for a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime Data element concept **Representational attributes** Guide for use Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. These data are typically client self-reported. These data are collected at the initiation of treatment. Logically, clients who report hospitalization for a mental health problem in the 12 months prior to admission to treatment for a substance abuse and/or problem gambling problem have been hospitalized for a mental health problem in their lifetime. For example, the person says they have not been hospitalized for a mental health problem in prior 12 months or in their lifetime - No is selected. Context Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to identify, monitor, determine and evaluate the patterns, severity and complexity of mental health and substance use and or problem gambling in order to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client and non-specifically for the population across the province. Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of mental health problems within the substance abuse and problem gambling client population. Assists in developing a client profile to determine treatment service access and availability and identifying additional needs or considerations for this population. Used to monitor and evaluate substance abuse and problem gambling treatment processes and outcomes for clients experiencing concurrent disorder. Yes Permissible No values Unknown Admission information Catalyst screen Catalyst screen text Hospitalized for a mental health problem Knowledge Base article Database field HOSP_MH_LIFETIME

- Dataform Code
- Datatype Character

Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(1)
Format	Ν

Maximum character length

Developmental attributes

Implementation status	Pending to deactivate
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	The current Mental Health questions will be deactivated in Version 2.0. The question then becomes are these needed in Catalyst or can a mental illness or mental health issue be determined in the GAIN. Another possibility is to use the mental health questions from GAIN
Related metadata	Number of Overnight Hospitalizations in Prior 12 Months for Physical Problems Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional in Prior 12 Months Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional within Lifetime Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 months Currently Receiving treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in prior 12 months Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in prior 12 months Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional within lifetime Currently Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 Months Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime

Data element Currently Receiving Treatment for a Mental Health, Emotional, Behavioural or Psychological Problem from a Community Mental Health Program or Professional

Accession number 2000_031_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition A basic indication whether a client is receiving counseling/support/treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioral or psychological problem from a program or professional (Psychiatrist, Psychologist or qualified professional) in the mental health field at the time of initiation of the treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.

Data element conceptAdmission - Currently Receiving Treatment for a Mental Health, Emotional, Behavioural or
Psychological Problem from a Community Mental Health Program or Professional

Representational attributes

Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. This datum is collected at the initiation of treatment at an agency providing substance abuse and or problem gambling. This datum is not required to be updated if the client initiates treatment during the course of the admission. For example, the client indicated that they have never received treatment for a mental health, emotional,	
	behavioural or psychological Problem from a Community Mental Health Program or Professional. Select No.	
Context	Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to identify, monitor, determine and evaluate the patterns, severity and complexity of mental health and substance use and or problem gambling in order to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client and non- specifically for the population across the province. Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of mental health problems within the substance abuse and problem gambling client population. Assists in developing a client profile to determine treatment service access and availability and identifying additional needs or considerations for this population. Used to monitor and evaluate substance abuse and problem gambling treatment processes and outcomes for clients experiencing concurrent disorder.	
Permissible values	Yes No Unknown	
Catalyst screen	Admission information	
Catalyst screen text	Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional	
Knowledge Base article		
Database field	RCV_MH_CURRENT	
Dataform	Code	
Datatype	Character	

Datatype DB VARCHAR2(1)

Format N

Maximum character length 1

Implementation status	Pending to deactivate
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	The current Mental Health questions will be deactivated in Version 2.0. The question then becomes are these needed in Catalyst or can a mental illness or mental health issue be determined in the GAIN. Another possibility is to use the mental health questions from GAIN
Related metadata	 Number of Overnight Hospitalizations in Prior 12 Months for Physical Problems Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional in Prior 12 Months Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional within Lifetime Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 months Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime Currently Receiving treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional within lifetime Currently Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 Months Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 Months

Data element	Received Treatment for a Mental Health, Emotional, Behavioural or Psychological Problem from a Community Mental Health Program or Professional in Prior 12 Months
Accession number	2000_032_01
Identifying and define	itional attributes
Definition	A basic indication of whether a client has received counseling/support/treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioral or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in prior 12 months to initiation of treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.
Data element	concept Admission - Received Treatment for a Mental Health, Emotional, Behavioural or Psychological Problem from a Community Mental Health Program or Professional in Prior 12 Months
Representational att	ributes
Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. These data are collected at the initiation of treatment services. For example, the client indicated that they have never received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological Problem from a Community Mental Health Program or Professional. Select No.
Context	Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to identify, monitor, determine and evaluate the patterns, severity and complexity of mental health and substance use and or problem gambling in order to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client and non-specifically for the population across the province. Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of mental health problems within the substance abuse and problem gambling client population. Assists in developing a client profile to determine treatment service access and availability and identifying additional needs or considerations for this population. Used to monitor and evaluate substance abuse and problem gambling treatment processes and outcomes for clients experiencing concurrent disorder.
Permissible values	Yes No Unknown
Catalyst scree	n Admission information
Catalyst scree	n text Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional
Knowledge Ba	se article
Database field	RCV_MH_12_MONTHS
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Character
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(1)

Format N

Maximum character length 1

Implementation status	Pending to deactivate
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	The current Mental Health questions will be deactivated in Version 2.0. The question then becomes are these needed in Catalyst or can a mental illness or mental health issue be determined in the GAIN. Another possibility is to use the mental health questions from GAIN
Related metadata	Number of Overnight Hospitalizations in Prior 12 Months for Physical Problems Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional in Prior 12 Months Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional within Lifetime Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 months Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime Currently Receiving treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional within lifetime Currently Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 Months Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime

	Received Treatment for a Mental Health, Emotional, Behavioural or Psychological Problem from a Community Mental Health Program or Professional within Lifetime
Accession number	2000_033_01
Identifying and defin	itional attributes
Definition	A basic indication of whether a client has received counseling/support/treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioral or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in his/her lifetime prior to the initiation of treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.
Data element o	concept Admission - Received Treatment for a Mental Health, Emotional, Behavioural or Psychological Problem from a Community Mental Health Program or Professional within Lifetime
Representational attr	ibutes
Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker.
	These data are collected at the initiation of treatment services. For example, the client indicated they received treatment for an emotional problem from a Community Mental Health Program after her divorce three years ago. Select Yes.
	Logically, clients who report receiving counseling/support/ treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioral or psychological problem currently or in the 12 months prior to admission to treatment for a substance abuse and or problem gambling problem have received treatment in their lifetime.
Context	Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to identify, monitor, determine and evaluate the patterns, severity and complexity of mental health and substance use and or problem gambling in order to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client and non-specifically for the population across the province. Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of mental health problems within the substance abuse and problem gambling client population. Assists in developing a client profile to determine treatment service access and availability and identifying additional needs or considerations for this population. Used to monitor and evaluate substance abuse and problem gambling treatment processes and outcomes for clients experiencing concurrent disorder.
Permissible values	Yes No Unknown
Catalyst screen	Admission information
Catalyst screen	text Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional
Knowledge Bas	e article
Database field	RCV_MH_LIFETIME
Dataform	Code

	Datatype	Character
	Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(1)
	Format	Ν
	Maximum character	length 1
Developmental attributes		
	Implementation status	Pending to deactivate
	Implementation start date	01/01/2002
	Implementation end date	
	Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
	Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
	Long term changes (Version 2)	The current Mental Health questions will be deactivated in Version 2.0. The question then becomes are these needed in Catalyst or can a mental illness or mental health issue be determined in the GAIN. Another possibility is to use the mental health questions from GAIN
	Related metadata	Number of Overnight Hospitalizations in Prior 12 Months for Physical Problems Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional in Prior 12 Months Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional within Lifetime Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 months Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime Currently Receiving treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in prior 12 months Currently Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 Months Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime

Data element Currently Prescribed Medication for a Mental Health Problem

Accession number 2000_034_01

lentifying and definit	cional attributes
Definition	A basic indication of whether a client is being prescribed medication for a mental health problem at the initiation of treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.
Data element co	Admission - Currently Prescribed Medication for a Mental Health Problem
presentational attrib	putes
Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the clier or by the substitute decision maker. These data are collected at the initiation of treatment and is not updated with the information when a client starts medication during the admission/treatment at the agency.
Context	Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to identify, monitor, determine and evaluate the patterns, severity and complexity of mental health and substance use and or problem gambling in order to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client and non-specifically for the population across the province. Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of mental health problems within the substance abuse and problem gambling client population. Assists in developing a client profile to determine treatment service access and availability and identifying additional needs or considerations for this population. Used to monitor and evaluate substance abuse and problem gambling treatment processes and outcomes for clients experiencing concurrent disorder.
Permissible values	Yes No Unknown
Catalyst screen	Admission information
Catalyst screen	text Prescribed medication for a mental health problem
Knowledge Base	article
Database field	MED_MH_CURRENT
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Character
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(1)
Format	Ν
Maximum chara	icter length 1

Implementation status	Pending to deactivate
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	The current Mental Health questions will be deactivated in Version 2.0. The question then becomes are these needed in Catalyst or can a mental illness or mental health issue be determined in the GAIN. Another possibility is to use the mental health questions from GAIN
Related metadata	Number of Overnight Hospitalizations in Prior 12 Months for Physical Problems Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional in Prior 12 Months Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional within Lifetime Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 months Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime Currently Receiving treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in prior 12 months Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in prior 12 months Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional within lifetime Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 Months Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime

 Data element
 Prescribed Medication for a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 Months

Accession number 2000_035_01

Identifying and definitional attributes Definition A basic indication of whether a client was prescribed medication for a mental health problem in the 12 months prior to the initiation of treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both. Admission - Prescribed Medication for a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 Months Data element concept **Representational attributes** Guide for use Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. The data is collected at the initiation of services. For example, the client states they have not been prescribed medication for a mental health problem in the prior 12 months. Select No. Unknown is selected when the information is not available or the person declines to answer. Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to identify, monitor, determine and Context evaluate the patterns, severity and complexity of mental health and substance use and or problem gambling in order to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client and non-specifically for the population across the province. Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of mental health problems within the substance abuse and problem gambling client population. Assists in developing a client profile to determine treatment service access and availability and identifying additional needs or considerations for this population. Used to monitor and evaluate substance abuse and problem gambling treatment processes and outcomes for clients experiencing concurrent disorder. Permissible Yes No values Unknown Catalyst screen Admission information Prescribed medication for a mental health problem Catalyst screen text Knowledge Base article MED_MH_12_MONTHS Database field Dataform Code

- Datatype Character
- Datatype DB VARCHAR2(1)

Format N

Maximum character length 1

Implementation status	Pending to deactivate
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	The current Mental Health questions will be deactivated in Version 2.0. The question then becomes are these needed in Catalyst or can a mental illness or mental health issue be determined in the GAIN. Another possibility is to use the mental health questions from GAIN
Related metadata	Number of Overnight Hospitalizations in Prior 12 Months for Physical Problems Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional in Prior 12 Months Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional within Lifetime Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 months Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime Currently Receiving treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in prior 12 months Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional within lifetime Currently Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime

Data element Prescribed Medication for a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime

Accession number 2000_036_01

Identifying and definitional attributes Definition A basic indication of whether a client was prescribed medication for a mental health problem in his/her life prior to initiation of treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both. Admission - Prescribed Medication for a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime Data element concept **Representational attributes** Guide for use Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. These data are collected at the initiation of treatment services at the agency. For example, the client was prescribed medication for a mental health problem a decade ago. Select Yes. Context Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to identify, monitor, determine and evaluate the patterns, severity and complexity of mental health and substance use and or problem gambling in order to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client and non-specifically for the population across the province. Used in conjunction with other mental health data elements to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of mental health problems within the substance abuse and problem gambling client population. Assists in developing a client profile to determine treatment service access and availability and identifying additional needs or considerations for this population. Used to monitor and evaluate substance abuse and problem gambling treatment processes and outcomes for clients experiencing concurrent disorder. Permissible Yes No values Unknown Catalyst screen Admission information Prescribed medication for a mental health problem Catalyst screen text Knowledge Base article Database field MED_MH_LIFETIME Dataform Code Character Datatype Datatype DB VARCHAR2(1)

Ν

Format

Maximum character length

1

Implementation status	Pending to deactivate
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	The current Mental Health questions will be deactivated in Version 2.0. The question then becomes are these needed in Catalyst or can a mental illness or mental health issue be determined in the GAIN. Another possibility is to use the mental health questions from GAIN
Related metadata	 Number of Overnight Hospitalizations in Prior 12 Months for Physical Problems Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional in Prior 12 Months Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional within Lifetime Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 months Hospitalized For a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime Currently Receiving treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in prior 12 months Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional in prior 12 months Received treatment for a mental health, emotional, behavioural or psychological problem from a community mental health program or professional within lifetime Currently Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem Prescribed Medication For a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 Months

Data element Gambling Problem Identified

Accession number 2000_037_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition	A basic indication that the client has self-identified a problem with her/his gambling behaviours initiation of treatment at an agency providing either problem gambling treatment services.	
Data element co	ncept	Admission - Gambling Problem Identified
Representational attributes		

Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be
	confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker.
	These data are collected at the initiation of treatment services at the agency.
	Yes - selected to indicate that the client has a self-identified problem with gambling;
	No - selected to indicate that the client does not have a self-identified gambling problem
	although there may be every indication that there is a gambling problem;
	Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decisi
	maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unabl
	provide a response;
	Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response.
	requested of was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response.
	The value in this field will be YES when the Client Type is one of the following values:
	Client - Alcohol/Drug/Gambling (ADG): Client seeking services for Alcohol/Drug/Gambling problems
	Client - Gambling: Client seeking sevices for gambling problem only
	Family Member of Alcohol/Drug/Gambling Client: Client seeking services due to a family
	member's alcohol/drug/gambling problems
	Family Member of Gambling Client: Client seeking services due to a family member's gambling
	problem
	When gambling has been identified as a problem (YES), then proceed to the next field
	(Treatment Plan).
	When the answer is No skip the next Field (automatically defaults to - Not Applicable).
	For example
	the client has stated that they are at risk of being evicted because they recently spent their en
	pay cheque gambling at a casino - select Yes and proceed to creating a Treatment Plan for the
	client.
Context	Used in conjunction with other Gambling data elements to identify, monitor, determine and
Context	evaluate the patterns, severity and complexity of problem gambling in order to provide for
	planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client and non-specifically for the
	treatment population across the province.
	Assists in developing a client and treatment population profile to determine treatment service
	access and availability and identifying additional or enhanced needs or considerations for this
	specific client and non-specifically for the treatment population.
	Used in conjunction with other Gambling data elements to observe, monitor and report the
	current prevalence of gambling problems within the treatment population.
Permissible	Yes
values	No
	Unknown

Catalyst screen	Admission information	
Catalyst screen text	Gambling Identified as a Problem	
Knowledge Base article		
Database field	GAMBLING	
Dataform	Code	
Datatype	Character	
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(1)	
Format	Ν	
Maximum character length		

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Long term changes (Version 2)	When Client Type is replaced there needs to be awareness that these data element uses Client Type to determine if the field is mandatory or not.
Related metadata	Gambling Treatment Plan Status Gambling Activities of Previous 12 Months Reason For Non-completion of Gambling Data Form Client Type

Data element Gambling Treatment Plan Status

Accession number 2000_038_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

			are an indication that a client identified with a gambling problem will have a treatment plan or a not having the treatment plan when receiving treatment at an agency providing problem gambling services.
	Data element con	icept	Admission - Gambling Treatment Plan Status
Repre	sentational attribu	utes	
	Guide for use		An indication of a treatment plan or a reason for no treatment plan is required for clients and/or family members who are admitted for gambling treatment service for their or someone else's gambling problem. When the data field Gambling Problem equals "Yes" a treatment plan will be created or a reason for not having the treatment plan will be selected. When a treatment plan has been established select "Treated within this agency". When no treatment plan has been established select the primary reason this task has not been completed.
	Context		A treatment plan will hold the client's goals and objectives for their recovery. This treatment plan will allow all clinicians involved with treatment of the client to share the story of the client's successes and relapses in working toward recovery.
	Permissible values	Refer Decli Treat	ed within this agency red to designated gambling agency ned treatment ment plan not established pplicable
	Catalyst screen	ļ	Admission information
	Catalyst screen te	ext .	Treatment plan
Knowledge Base article		article	
	Database field		TREATMENT_PLAN_ID
	Dataform Co		
	Datatype	Num	ber
	Datatype DB	VARC	HAR2(3)
	Format	>	X
	Maximum character length 2		

Implementation Active status Implementation 01/01/2002 start date Implementation end date Collected once at initiation of treatment services Staging Short term changes (Version 1.2) Long term changes (Version 2) Related metadata Gambling Problem Identified Gambling Activities of Previous 12 Months Reason For Non-completion of Gambling Data Form

Data elementGambling Activities in Prior 12 Months

Accession number 2000_039_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition	A set of values that indicate the client's involvement with gambling activities in the 12 months prior to initiation of treatment at an agency providing problem gambling treatment services.
Data element	concept Admission - Gambling Activities in Prior 12 Months
Representational att	ibutes
Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker.
	These data are collected at the initiation of services and reflective of the client's gambling activity engaged in, in the prior 12 months before initiation of treatment. This information is required regardless of whether or not the client has indicated or been identified as having a gambling problem.
	Each gambling activity the client has participated in is to be identified.
	Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response.
	For example a person plays bingo once a month and weekly purchases a Lottery ticket -select Bingo and Lottery tickets.
Context	Provides an indication of the type of gambling activities specifically for the client and also non- specifically among those seeking treatment from Ontario's specialized substance abuse and problem gambling treatment providers.
	Assists in understanding the overlap of substance abuse and problem gambling treatment.
	Used in conjunction with other Gambling data elements to identify, monitor, determine and evaluate the patterns, severity and complexity of problem gambling in order to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client and non-specifically for the treatment population across the province. Assists in developing a client and treatment population profile to determine treatment service access and availability and identifying additional or enhanced needs or considerations for this specific client and non-specifically for the treatment population. Used in conjunction with other Gambling data elements to observe, monitor and report the current prevalence of gambling problems within the treatment population.
Permissible values	Bingo Slot machines Gaming machines (other than slots) Casino card/table games Non-Casino card/table games Horse races Sports betting Lottery tickets

Instant win/scratch tickets Internet gambling Gambling with stock market/real-estate Betting on games of skill Betting on outcome of events Other None Unknown

Catalyst screen	Admission information	
Catalyst screen text	Gambling Activities engaged in the past 12 months	
Knowledge Base article		
Database field	Q5B	
Dataform	Code	
Datatype	Number	
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)	
Format	ХХ	
Maximum character length 2		

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected at cessation of service
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Gambling Problem Identified Gambling Treatment Plan Status Reason For Non-completion of Gambling Data Form

Data element Reason for Non-completion of Gambling Data Form

Accession number 2000_040_01

Identifying and definitional attributes Definition A set of values that indicates the reason why the gambling data form was not completed for a client receiving treatment for problem gambling from an agency providing problem gambling services. Admission - Reason for Non-completion of Gambling Data Form Data element concept **Representational attributes** Guide for use The reason only becomes required at the time of the admission's discharge and when the form is not completed at the agency providing problem gambling treatment. It is the responsibility of the agency staff to provide this information. For example, the client identified that they had a gambling problem as well as a substance abuse problem. The client received substance abuse treatment services but declined problem gambling treatment services - select Client declined treatment. Used to establish compliance with funding requirements. Context Assists in understanding the unique and potentially complex needs and service demands of clients admitted to substance abuse and problem gambling services. Used to develop client typologies/profiles for service planning and delivery. Client declined treatment Permissible Client dropped out / withdrew values Client refused Clinically inappropriate Deceased Form filled out incorrectly by client Literacy issue / language barrier Admission information Catalyst screen Reason for not completing the gambling form Catalyst screen text Knowledge Base article Database field REASON_GAMBLING_ID Dataform Code Number Datatype Datatype DB VARCHAR2(3) Format XX Maximum character length 2

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Gambling Problem Identified Gambling Treatment Plan Status Gambling Activities of Previous 12 Months

Data element Reason for Seeking Help With Gambling Behaviour

Accession number 2000_041_01

Identifying and definitional attributes Definition A set of values that indicate whether the person seeking treatment from an agency providing problem gambling services has a gambling problem or the problem is another person's. Admission - Reason for Seeking Help With Gambling Behaviour Data element concept **Representational attributes** These data can be self-reported or identified by agency staff. Select the reason for seeking Guide for use problem gambling treatment services. If the client does not have a gambling problem but is seeking help for someone else's problem gambling select: 0 Own difficulties related to another person's gambling. When "Own difficulties related to another person's gambling" is selected, the remaining questions on the gambling form are not required to be completed. If the client has a gambling problem select: 1 Own gambling problem and complete the remaining questions on the gambling form. If the client has the gambling problem and has difficulty related to another person's gambling problem select: 2 Both. When "Own gambling problem" or "Both" is selected, all the remaining questions on the gambling form should be completed or a reason for not completing the Gambling Form will be selected. Used to monitor comparative service utilization patterns by residence in district and regionand to Context flag inequities across districts and regions. Assists in understanding the unique and potentially complex needs and service demands of a client admitted to problem gambling treatment/services. Used to develop client typologies/profiles for service planning and delivery for both the client and the treatment population. Used to provide an indication of the type of gambling activities clients have when seeking treatment at an agency providing Substance Use and Problem Gambling treatment. Assists in understanding the overlap of substance abuse and problem gambling treatment. Used in conjunction with other Gambling data elements to identify, monitor, determine and evaluate the patterns, severity and complexity of problem gambling in order to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client and non-specifically for the treatment population across the province. Assists in developing client and treatment population profiles to determine treatment service access and availability and identifying additional or enhanced needs or considerations for this specific client and non-specifically for the treatment population. Your own difficulties related to a family member/significant other's gambling Permissible Your own gambling problem values Both Catalyst screen Admission information Catalyst screen text Are you seeking help for Knowledge Base article Database field 01

Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	NUMBER(22)
Format	х

Maximum character length

Developmental attributes

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Number of Years Life Negatively Affected by Gambling Behaviour Length of Time Since Last Gambling Activity Sequence of Gambling Problem Identification

1

Data element Number of Years Life Negatively Affected by Gambling Behaviour

Accession number 2000_042_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition	gambling	integer that is a simple and self-reported estimate, by the client, about the number of years activity has negatively affected his/her life and is collected at the initiation of treatment at an oviding problem gambling services.
Data elemen	it concept	Admission - Number of Years Life Negatively Affected by Gambling Behaviour
Representational a	ttributes	
Guide for us	e	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker.
		These data are collected at the initiation of treatment services.
		There are 2 data fields to collect the number of years and months. Both fields need to be complete.
		For example, when the client's estimate is less than one year a numeric value is entered for months only and the number of years is recorded as 0. When the client reports that they have been gambling for the past 10 years, 10 is entered for the year. Both numbers are greater than or equal to zero or less than or equal to 999.
		"999" is entered in the "Years" field to identify the information is unknown.
		This data element is part of the Gambling Data Form used by treatment staff in agencies designated to provide problem gambling treatment. The Gambling Data Form should be completed as close as possible to the time of initiation of treatment services by the agency to the client.
Context		Used to monitor comparative service utilization patterns by residents in district and region and to flag inequities across districts and regions.
		Assists in understanding the unique and potentially complex needs and service demands of a client admitted to problem gambling treatment/services.
		Used to develop client typologies/profiles for service planning and delivery for both the client and the treatment population.
		Used to provide an indication of the number of years the client's life has been affected as well as among those seeking treatment from Ontario's specialized substance abuse and problem gambling treatment providers. Assists in understanding the overlap of substance abuse and problem gambling treatment. Used in conjunction with other Gambling data elements to identify, monitor, determine and evaluate the patterns, severity and complexity of problem gambling in order to provide for planning and delivery of treatment services specifically for the client and non-specifically for the treatment population across the province. Assists in developing client and treatment population profiles to determine treatment service access and availability and identifying additional or enhanced needs or considerations for this specific client and non-specifically for the treatment population.

Permissible values

	Values	
	Catalyst screen	Admission information
	Catalyst screen text	Looking back now, for how many years has your gambling affected your life in negative ways?
	Knowledge Base artic	cle
	Database field	Q2
	Dataform	Entry
	Datatype	Number
	Datatype DB	NUMBER(22)
	Format	XXX
	Maximum character	length 2
Deve	elopmental attributes	
	Implementation status	Active
	Implementation start date	01/01/2002
	Implementation end date	
	Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
	Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
	Long term changes (Version 2)	
	Related metadata	Reason for Seeking Help with Gambling Behaviour Length of Time Since Last Gambling Activity Sequence of Gambling Problem Identification

Data element Length of Time Since Last Gambling Activity

Accession number 2000_043_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

	Definition	the last g	e integer that indicates a simple self-reported estimate by the client about the length of time since gambling activity and collected at the initiation of treatment at an agency providing problem g services.
	Data element co	ncept	Admission - Length of Time Since Last Gambling Activity
Repre	sentational attrib	outes	
	Guide for use		Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker.
			These data are collected at the initiation of treatment services.
			Enter the number of years, months, weeks or days since the client reports that he or she participated in any form of gambling activity. These data element should be collected as close as possible to the initiation of treatment services to the client by the agency providing problem gambling services. The number is greater than or equal to zero or less than or equal to 999. 999 is entered when the client is unwilling or unable to provide a response and/or if the agency is unable to collect a response.
			For example, the client reports the last time they gambled was 14 months ago. Enter 14 in the data field and select the month's button.
	Context		Is used in conjunction with gambling form data elements to - determine the severity and identify complexity, patterns and forms of the gambling issue and the types of treatment required. - construct a profile, describing the complexity, patterns and forms of gambling issues from the population seeking problem gambling treatment. Used to develop client typologies / profiles for service planning and delivery.
	Permissible values		
	Catalyst screen		Admission information
	Catalyst screen t	ext	Please indicate how long it has been since you last gambled:
	Knowledge Base	article	
	Database field		Q3_1
	Dataform	En	try
	Datatype	Nu	mber

	Datatype DB	NUMBER(22)
	Format	XXX
	Maximum character	length 3
Deve	elopmental attributes	
	Implementation status	Active
	Implementation start date	01/01/2002
	Implementation end date	
	Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
	Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
	Long term changes (Version 2)	
	Related metadata	Reason for Seeking Help with Gambling Behaviour Number of Years Life Negatively Affected by Gambling Behaviour Sequence of Gambling Problem Identification

Data element Sequence of Gambling Problem Identification

Accession number 2000_044_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

		asic indication of when the client's gambling problem was identified, in relation to the initiation of atment by the agency providing problem gambling services.
	Data element conce	pt Admission - Sequence of Gambling Problem Identification
Repre	esentational attribute	S
	Guide for use	Information collected for this data element is on the Gambling form. A judgment of treatment agency staff based on information provided by the client at the initiation or during the course of treatment for substance abuse and or problem gambling.
		For example, the client indicated that they came to the agency specifically for problem gambling treatment. Select 00 - Came to this agency specifically for gambling treatment.
	Context	Is used in conjunction with gambling form data elements to - determine the severity and identify complexity, patterns and forms of the gambling issue and the types of treatment required. - construct a profile, describing the complexity, patterns and forms of gambling issues from the population seeking problem gambling treatment. Used to develop client typologies / profiles for service planning and delivery.
	Permissible values	You came to this agency specifically for gambling treatment Your gambling problem surfaced in the course of other treatment
	Catalyst screen	Admission information
	Catalyst screen text	Please indicate whether:
	Knowledge Base arti	cle
	Database field	Q4
	Dataform	Code
	Datatype	Number
	Datatype DB	NUMBER(22)
	Format	X
	Maximum character	length 1

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Reason for Seeking Help with Gambling Behaviour Number of Years Life Negatively Affected by Gambling Behaviour Length of Time Since Last Gambling Activity

Data element Frequency of Specified Gambling Activities in Prior 12 Months

Accession number 2000_045_01

Identifying and definitional attributes Definition A set of values that indicate the frequency the client engages in selected gambling activities, in the 12 months prior to initiation of treatment at the agency providing problem gambling services. Admission - Frequency of Specified Gambling Activities in Prior 12 Months Data element concept **Representational attributes** Guide for use Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. The Gambling Data Form should be completed as close as possible to the initiation of treatment services for problem gambling issues. This data element is a key part of the Gambling Data Form used by treatment staff in agencies designated to provide problem gambling treatment. A permissible response is required for each of the listed gambling activities when "did not gamble in the last 12 months" is not selected. Context Is used in conjunction with gambling form data elements to - determine the severity and identify complexity, patterns and forms of the gambling problem and the types of treatment required. - construct a profile, describing the complexity, patterns and forms of gambling issues from the population seeking problem gambling treatment. Used to develop client typologies / profiles for service planning and delivery. Permissible Did not gamble in the past 12 months values List of Gambling activities (1). Played Cards for money (2). Played Mahjong for money (3). Played "live" KENO for money (4). Played roulette for money (5). Bets on horses, dogs or other animals (6). Bets on sports(e.g., Sports Select, with a bookie) (7). Bets on dice games(e.g., craps) (8). Bought lottery tickets(e.g., Pick 3, 6/49) (9). Bought scratch tickets (10). Bought tear-open tickets(e.g., Nevada) (11). Played Bingo for money (12). Played the stock options and/or commodities market (13). Played VLTs (14). Played slots or other non-VLT machines (15). Internet Gambling (16). Played pool, golf or some other game of skill for money (17). Participated in Sports Pools (18). Betting spontaneously on random events/Informal bets (19). Some other type of gambling (Specify)

Frequency values

Did not gamble
Less than once a month
1-3 times a month
1-2 times weekly
3-6 times weekly
Daily
Unknown

Catalyst screen	Admission information
Catalyst screen text	Please indicate how often you engaged in each of the following gambling activities in the past 12 months
Knowledge Base articl	e
Database field	Q5A
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	NUMBER(22)
Format	x

Maximum character length

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Related metadata	Top Three Specified Gambling Activities Frequency of Specified Locations of Gambling in Prior 12 Months Top Three Locations of Gambling

Data element Top Three Specified Gambling Activities

Accession number 2000_046_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

		ues that indicate the client's top three gambling activities as indicated in the question " the past 12 months".	gambling
Data element cor	ncept	Admission - Top Three Specified Gambling Activities	

Representational attributes

Guide for use	These data are typically client self-reported but may also be provided by the family or the referring agent or organization. All information collected is confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. This data element is part of the Gambling Data Form used by treatment staff in agencies designated to provide problem gambling treatment. The Gambling Data Form should be completed as close as possible to the initiation of treatment services at the agency. If the answer to this question is unknown please enter '999' in the 'Major' field. If client did not gamble in the past 12 months please enter '888' in the 'Major' field. For example, Referencing the question "Gambling activities in the past 12 months" the client indicates that their top 3 gambling activities are betting on race track and Sports events and buying Lottery tickets. Select 05 Horses, Dogs, Other Animals, 06 Sports and 08 Lottery Tickets.
Context	Is used in conjunction with gambling form data elements to - determine the severity and identify complexity, patterns and forms of the gambling issue and the types of treatment required for both the client and the treatment population. - construct a profile, describing the complexity, patterns and forms of gambling issues from the population seeking problem gambling treatment. Used to develop client typologies / profiles for service planning and delivery to both the client and the treatment population.
Permissible values	 (1). Played Cards for money (2). Played Mahjong for money (3). Played "live" KENO for money (4). Played roulette for money (5). Bets on horses, dogs or other animals (6). Bets on sports(e.g., Sports Select, with a bookie) (7). Bets on dice games(e.g., craps) (8). Bought lottery tickets(e.g., Pick 3, 6/49) (9). Bought scratch tickets (10). Bought tear-open tickets(e.g., Nevada) (11). Played Bingo for money (12). Played the stock options and/or commodities market (13). Played VLTs (14). Played slots or other non-VLT machines (15). Internet Gambling (16). Played pool, golf or some other game of skill for money (17). Participated in Sports Pools (18). Betting spontaneously on random events/Informal bets (19). Some other type of gambling (Specify) 999 Unknown 888 No gambling

	Catalyst screen	Admission information
	Catalyst screen text	Please indicate the top three types of gambling problems, using the activity numbers in 5(a).
	Knowledge Base artic	le
	Database field	Q5B
	Dataform	Code
	Datatype	Number
	Datatype DB	NUMBER(22)
	Format	ХХ
	Maximum character l	ength 3
Devel	opmental attributes	
	Implementation status	Pending to change
	Implementation start date	01/01/2002
	Implementation end date	
	Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
	Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
	Long term changes (Version 2)	Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
	Related metadata	Frequency of Specified Gambling Activities in Previous 12 Months Frequency of Specified Locations of Gambling in Prior 12 Months Top Three Locations of Gambling Percentage of Time Spent Gambling by Jurisdiction

 Data element
 Frequency of client gambling activity at specific gambling locations in Prior 12 Months

Accession number 2000_047_01

Identifying and definitional attributes			
Definitio		alues identifying the client's frequency of gambling activity at each specific location in the 12 rior to initiation of treatment at an agency providing problem gambling services.	
Data elei	ment concept	Admission - Frequency of client gambling activity at specific gambling locations in Prior 12 Months	
Representation	Representational attributes		
Guide fo	or use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker.	
		This information is collected at the initiation of treatment services. Select the frequency of use for EACH location.	
		This data element is part of the Gambling Data Form used by treatment staff in agencies designated to provide problem gambling treatment.	
		The Gambling Data Form should be completed as close as possible to the initiation of treatment services for problem gambling issues. A permissible response is required for each of the listed gambling activities.	
		For example, if a client daily gambled in a social club - for 11) Social Club select frequency 5 Daily	
Context		Is used in conjunction with gambling form data elements to - determine the severity and identify complexity, patterns and forms of the gambling issue and the types of treatment required for both the specific client and non-specifically for the treatment population seeking treatment at an agency providing problem gambling services. - construct a profile describing the complexity, patterns and forms of gambling issues identified in a specific client and in the treatment population seeking problem gambling treatment.	
		Used to develop client typologies / profiles for service planning and delivery.	
Permissi values	1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8) 9) 10 11 11 12 12 12 14 11 12 14 11 14 11 15 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	st of Gambling Locations) In a commercial Casino) In a charity gaming club) In a bingo hall) At the race track) At an off-track betting location) On the Internet) On the television (e.g. bingo at home)) On the telephone (e.g. stocks, sports betting)) Lottery kiosk/outlet 0) In a family/friends setting 1) In a social club 2) In a restaurant/bar 3) In a school setting 4) In a work setting 5) In a senior's centre/home 6) In a custody/correctional facility 7) Somewhere else in the community requency values: Did not samble	
	0	Did not gamble	

1 Less than once a month			
2 1-3 times a month			
3 1-2 times weekly			
4 3-6 times weekly			
5 Daily			
6 Unknown			

Catalyst screen A	dmission information
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Catalyst screen text Please indicate how often you gambled in each of the following locations in the last 12 months

2

Knowledge Base article

Database field	Q6A
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	NUMBER(22)
Format	ХХ

Maximum character length

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Related metadata	Frequency of Specified Gambling Activities in Previous 12 Months: Top Three Specified Gambling Activities Top Three Locations of Gambling

Data element Top Three Specified Locations of Gambling

Accession number 2000_048_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition		ues that indicate the locations of the client's top three places to gamble as indicated in the sambling locations in the past 12 months".
Data element co	ncept	Admission - Top Three Specified Locations of Gambling

Representational attributes

Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. This information is collected as close as possible to the initiation treatment services at an agency providing problem gambling services.
	These data are part of the Gambling Data Form used by agency treatment staff designated to provide problem gambling treatment.
	The Gambling Data Form should be completed as close as possible to the initiation of problem gambling treatment services.
	Questions on the Gambling form are client self-reported at the initiation treatment services at an agency providing problem gambling services.
	For example, Referencing the question "Gambling locations in the past 12 months" enter the numbers for the top three gambling locations: 4 for the Race Track, 7 for Television, and 9 for Lottery Kiosk/Outlet.
Context	Used in conjunction with gambling form data elements to - determine the severity and identify complexity, patterns and forms of the gambling issue and service planning and delivery required specifically for the client and non-specifically for the treatment population.
	 construct a profile, describing the complexity, patterns and forms of gambling issues from the client and the population seeking problem gambling treatment services in order to assist in developing client and treatment population profiles to determine treatment service access and availability and identifying additional or enhanced needs or considerations for this specific client and non-specifically for the treatment population.
Permissible values	 In a commercial Casino In a charity gaming club In a bingo hall At the race track At an off-track betting location On the Internet On the telephone (e.g. bingo at home) On the telephone (e.g. stocks, sports betting) Lottery kiosk/outlet In a social club In a social club In a senior's centre/home

16) In a custody/correctional facility17) Somewhere else in the community

	Catalyst screen	Admission information	
	Catalyst screen text	Please indicate the top three locations for gambling, using the numbers in 6(a)	
	Knowledge Base artic	cle	
	Database field	Q6B	
	Dataform	Code	
	Datatype	Number	
	Datatype DB	NUMBER(22)	
	Format	XX	
	Maximum character	length 2	
eve	evelopmental attributes		

De

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Frequency of Specified Gambling Activities in Previous 12 Months: Top Three Specified Gambling Activities Frequency of Specified Locations of Gambling in Prior 12 Months Percentage of Time Spent Gambling by Jurisdiction

Data element Percentage of Time Spent Gambling by Jurisdiction

Accession number 2000_049_01

Identifying and definitional attributes

		A client self-reported percentage estimate of the number of times he/she has gambled in selected jurisdictions (Ontario, another province and outside Canada) collected at the initiation of treatment at an agency providing problem gambling services.	
	Data element cor	Admission - Percentage of Time Spent Gambling by Jurisdiction	
Repre	esentational attrib	utes	
	Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker	
		This information is collected as close as possible to the initiation of treatment as it should be the basis for services being provided.	
		This numerical data field should be completed with the following instructions or directions: Thinking about your gambling activities in the past 12 months, what percent were in Ontario, in another province and/or outside Canada. Agency staff should ensure that a numeric value is inserted for each of the three jurisdictions and that the percentages across all 3 jurisdictions total 100%. There are 3 data fields to complete.	
		Greater than or equal to zero or less than or equal to 100.	
		For example, the client reported their gambling activities were 50% in Ontario, 50% outside of Canada. Enter 50 for Ontario, 0 for Canada and 50 for Outside Canada. If the answer to this question is unknown please enter '999'. If client did not gamble in the past 12 months please enter '888'.	
	Context	Used to understand the severity and complexity of gambling behaviour of a client or a treatment population identified with gambling problems.	
		Assists with the development of treatment programing for the client or the treatment population identified with a gambling problem.	
	Permissible values	In Ontario In another province Outside of Canada	
	Catalyst screen	Admission information	
	Catalyst screen te	Thinking about the times you gambled in the past 12 months, what percent were:	
	Knowledge Base	article	
	Database field	Q7	
	Dataform	Entry	
	Datatype	Number	

	Datatype DB	NUMBER(22)
	Format	ХХХ
	Maximum character	ength 3
Deve	elopmental attributes	
	Implementation status	Active
	Implementation start date	01/01/2002
	Implementation end date	
	Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
	Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
	Long term changes (Version 2)	
	Related metadata	Frequency of Specified Gambling Activities in Previous 12 Months: Top Three Specified Gambling Activities Frequency of Specified Locations of Gambling in Prior 12 Months Top Three Locations of Gambling

Data element	Agency Name
Accession number	2000_001_02
dentifying and defi	nitional attributes
Definition	The legal name of the agency contracted and funded by the Ministry of Health and Long Term Care to pro either substance abuse or problem gambling services or both.
Data element	concept Agency - Agency Name
epresentational at	tributes
Guide for use	The name of the agency is provided on registration with CATALYST. For example, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (CAMH).
Context	Used to identify the agency.
Permissible values	
Catalyst scree	n Agency information
Catalyst scree	en text
Knowledge B	ase article
Database fiel	t
Dataform	
Datatype	
Datatype DB	
Format	Nnnnnn
Maximum ch	aracter length
Developmental att	ributes
Implementati status	on Active
Implementati start date	on 01/01/2002

Implementation end date

Staging

Collected once at initiation of treatment services

Short term changes (Version 1.2)

Long term changes (Version 2)

Related metadata

Agency Address Connex Number

Data element	Connex Number

Accession number 2000_002_02

Identifying and definitional attributes Definition A unique number created by Connex Ontario to identify an Agency providing Substance Abuse or Problem Gambling or Mental Health treatment services and registered with Connex Ontario. Data element concept Agency - Connex Number **Representational attributes** Guide for use Used to identify a specific Agency that provides Mental Health and or Substance Abuse and or Problem Gambling Treatment Services in Ontario. The Connex # is used as part of the logging on to the various databases along with the agency staff User ID and the Password. For example: 11111A Context Used as an Agency identifier in databases. Permissible values Catalyst screen Agency information Catalyst screen text Knowledge Base article Database field DART Dataform Entry Datatype Number Datatype DB Format XXXXX Maximum character length 5 **Developmental attributes**

Implementation Active status

Implementation 01/01/2002 start date

Implementation end date

Staging

Collected once at initiation of treatment services

Short term changes (Version 1.2)

Long term changes (Version 2)

Related metadata

Agency Name Agency Address

Data element	Agency Address
Accession number	2000_003_02
Identifying and defin	nitional attributes
Definition	The address of the agency location that is contracted and funded by the LHIN to provide either s abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.
Data element	
Representational att	ributes
Guide for use	The address of the agency is provided on registration with DATIS. For example, 250 College Street, Toronto ON M6G 2A1.
Context	
Permissible values	
Catalyst scree	n Agency information
Catalyst scree	en text
Knowledge Ba	ase article
Database field	t.
Dataform	
Datatype	
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(50)
Format	
Maximum cha	aracter length
Developmental attr	ributes
Implementation status	on Active
Implementation start date	on 01/01/2002

Implementation end date

Staging

Collected once at initiation of treatment services

Short term changes (Version 1.2)

Long term changes (Version 2)

Related metadata

Agency Name Connex Number

Data element	Client Site Number

Accession number 2000_001_03

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition	A representative number that identifies the agency site at which the client received either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.	
Data element c	oncept	Client - Client Site Number
Representational attributes		

Guide for use	Select the unique agency site number for the location where the client received treatment services.
	Agencies with more than one site (location) establish the numeric coding of sites from which substance abuse and or problem gambling services are delivered beginning with 1 and moving in sequence until all agency sites have a unique numeric code.
	For example: When an agency has multiple sites a client could be admitted at one site location (admission $\# = 1$) and receive a treatment/service at another (client site $\# = 2$). If the client is admitted at one site location (admission site $\# = 1$) and receives treatment/service at the same site (client site $\# = 1$).
Context	Permits reporting agency site where client received services.
Permissible values	
Catalyst screen	Client information
Catalyst screen text	Site No
Knowledge Base arti	cle
Database field	SITE_NO
Dataform	
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(5)
Format	NNN
Maximum character	length

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	DATIS Key First Name (First Initial) Last Name (First Initial) Last Name at Birth (First Initial) Date of Birth Gender City County Complete Postal Code Address Effective Date Preferred Language of Service Ethnicity Admission site number Program site number

Data element DATIS	Кеу
Accession number	2000_002_03
Identifying and definitiona	l attributes
,	
Definition A se	mi-unique identification number used in the DATIS database to individuate clients.
Data element conce	ot Client - DATIS Key
Representational attributes	5
Guide for use	Each client admitted to a DATIS participating agency will be assigned (by the database) a client identifier used at the centralized database to calculate the number of unique individuals accessing treatment. The code is derived from: First Name; Last Name at Birth; Date of Birth; gender First name data field - 1st letter in the field used Last name at birth data field - 1st letter in the field used Date of Birth (DOB) data field uses format of dd/mm/yyyy - DATIS key uses the format yyyymmdd Gender defined and coded as follows: Male coded as 1 and refers to service recipients of male gender Female coded as 2 and refers to service recipients of female gender Other coded as 3 and refers the gender of Other Service recipients including transsexuals and hermaphrodites. For example: Brenda Jenkins (Maiden name Smith), born April 17, 1966 , Female has a unique DATIS key of : BS196604172
Context	The DATIS Key is a proxy for a unique identifier to permit the individuation and manipulation of treatment data.
Permissible values	
Catalyst screen	Client information
Catalyst screen text	DATIS key
Knowledge Base arti	cle
Database field	DATIS_KEY
Dataform	Generated
Datatype	Text
Datatype DB	
Format	ХХNNNNNNNN
Maximum character	length 11

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Client Site Number First Name (First Initial) Last Name (First Initial) Last Name at Birth (First Initial) Date of Birth Gender City County Complete Postal Code Address Effective Date Preferred Language of Service Ethnicity

Data element F	irst Name
Accession number	2000_003_03
Identifying and defini	tional attributes
Definition	The first or given name of the client seeking treatment from an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both.
Data element co	oncept Client - First Name
Representational attri	butes
Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the clier or by the substitute decision maker.
	Enter the client's given name as reported by the client.
	The first letter in the First Name data field is required for the DATIS key but it is recommended that the complete first name of the person is entered in the First Name data field.
	Only valid characters are allowed plus a hyphen, a period, and apostrophe.
	DATIS key example, Brenda Jenkins (Maiden name Smith), Female, born April 17, 1966 has a client identifier of : BS196604172
Context	An essential component of the DATIS Key, which forms a semi-unique identifier that greatly enhances the ability to individuate and manipulate treatment data.
Permissible values	
Catalyst screen	Client information
Catalyst screen	text First name
Knowledge Base	e article
Database field	FIRSTNAME
Dataform	Entry
Datatype	String
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(30)
Format	Nnnnn
Maximum chara	acter length 30
Developmental attrik	nutor.

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Client Site Number DATIS Key Last Name (First Initial) Last Name at Birth (First Initial) Date of Birth Gender City County Complete Postal Code Address Effective Date Preferred Language of Service

Data element Last	Name
Accession number	2000_004_03
Identifying and definitio	nal attributes
	he last name, family name or surname of the client seeking treatment from an agency providing either ubstance abuse or problem gambling services or both.
Data element cond	cept Client - Last Name
Representational attribu	tes
Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-reported, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker.
	Enter the client's last/Family/surname name as reported by the client.
	The first letter in the Last Name data field is required but it is recommended that the complete last name of the person is entered in the Last Name data field.
	Only valid characters are allowed plus a hyphen, a period, and apostrophe.
	For example, Tomas LaChance, LaChance is the last name at birth, male, born April 4, 1968 has client identifier of TL196804041.
Context	An essential component of the DATIS Key which is a semi-unique identifier that greatly enhance the ability to individuate and manipulate treatment data.
Permissible values	
Catalyst screen	Client information
Catalyst screen tex	t Last name
Knowledge Base a	rticle
Database field	LASTNAME
Dataform	Entry
Datatype	String
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(30)
Format	Nnnnnnn
Maximum charact	er length 30

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Client Site Number DATIS Key First Name (First Initial) Last Name at Birth (First Initial) Date of Birth Gender City County Complete Postal Code Address Effective Date Preferred Language of Service Ethnicity

Data element	Last Name at Birth

Accession number 2000_005_03

Identifying and definitional attributes Definition The last name, family name or surname at birth of the client seeking treatment from an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both. Client - Last Name at Birth Data element concept **Representational attributes** Guide for use Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. Enter the client's last/family/surname name at the birth of the client as reported by the client. Only the first letter of the name is required in the field but the entire name is recommended for the field. Only valid characters are allowed plus a hyphen, a period, and apostrophe. The Last Name at Birth overrides the Last Name only when they are different. For example, Brenda Jenkins (Maiden name Smith), Female, born April 17, 1966 has a client identifier of : BS196604172. An essential component of the DATIS Key if the Last Name at Birth and the Last Name are Context different. The DATIS key forms a semi-unique identifier that greatly enhances the ability to individuate and manipulate treatment data. Permissible values **Client information** Catalyst screen Catalyst screen text Last name at birth Knowledge Base article LASTNAME_AT_BIRTH Database field Dataform Entry String Datatype Datatype DB VARCHAR2(30) Format Nnnnnnn Maximum character length 30

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Client Site Number DATIS Key First Name (First Initial) Last Name (First Initial) Date of Birth Gender City County Complete Postal Code Address Effective Date Preferred Language of Service Ethnicity

Data element Date	of Birth
Accession number	2000_006_03
Identifying and definitior	nal attributes
	entifies, numerically, the day, month and year the client, seeking treatment from an agency providing ther substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both, was born.
Data element conc	ept Client - Date of Birth
Representational attribut	es
Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. This information is collected at the initiation of treatment services.
	The Date of Birth is less than all other dates.
	Day (DD), Month (MM) and Year (YYYY) are collected in separate fields and formatted DDMMYYYY. Day - nn Month - nn Year - nnnn
	Day is equal to or greater than 1 and less than or equal to 31 dependent on the month. Month is equal to or greater than 1 and less than or equal to 12.
	For example: 05021964 - DoB is the fifth day of the month of February in the year 1964
Context	An essential component of the DATIS key (a semi-unique identifier for DATIS data manipulation purposes). Used to determine the validity of Young offender. Used to calculate the age of the person and which age group the person belongs to. Used to categorize data for reporting. Used to identify vulnerable and marginalized youth and elder clients.
Permissible values	
Catalyst screen	Client information
Catalyst screen tex	t Date of birth
Knowledge Base ar	ticle
Database field	DOB
Dataform	Entry
Datatype	Date

Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(2),VARCHAR2(2),VARCHAR2(4)
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Format DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length 8

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Client Site Number DATIS Key First Name (First Initial) Last Name (First Initial) Last Name at Birth (First Initial) Gender City County Complete Postal Code Address Effective Date Preferred Language of Service Ethnicity Young offender status

Data element Gender	
	0.007.02
Accession number 200	0_007_03
Identifying and definitional a	ttributes
	f values that identify the socially prescribed roles, attributes and behaviours, typically but not always ve of a client's biological sex.
Data element concept	Client - Gender
Representational attributes	
Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. These data are collected at the initiation of treatment services.
	Transsexual/Transgender - selected when the client's gender expression does not match a commonly assigned sex. Does not identify with those values listed - selected when the client or substitute decision maker
	does not identify with the values listed. Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response;
	Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
	For example, Brenda Jenkins considers herself a woman and Female is selected. 2 is now added as the gender to her DATIS key information, born April 17, 1966 the DATIS key = BS196604172.
Context	An essential component of the DATIS key which forms a semi-unique identifier for data manipulation purposes. Used as a basic grouping variable in descriptions of the treatment population and for analysis of
	treatment trends and gaps.
	Used to accommodate the unique needs related to gender identity under the Onatrio Human Rights Code.
	Used to improve outreach to vulnerable groups who do not access care at the same level as other groups. Outreach improves preventative care and readmissions
	To address disparities in health service delivery and planning requires a solid understanding of key barriers to equitable access to high quality care and of the specific needs of health-disadvantaged populations; and this requires an array of effective data. The Public Health Agency of Canada has identified social determinants of health as having the potential to clarify important pathways to health
	outcomes and may suggest powerful approaches to address identified health inequities. These data can be used to alone and or in conjunction with other social determinants of health to: - monitor service utilization by vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population - Identify barriers to service for vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population - Assess issues of access equity among the population seeking and being admitted to SA and/or PC treatment
	 Assess whether programs are appropriately available and targeted. Developing recommendations for adjustments to mitigate negative impacts as well as maximize positive impacts on the health of vulnerable and marginalized groups Embed equity across the organization and the system
	- Support equity-based improvement in program/service and system design

- Raise awareness about health equity as a catalyst for change throughout the organization and

the system

- The creation of a specific care plan for the client to meet their personal need(s)

Permissible values	Male Female Other		
Catalyst screen	Client information		
Catalyst screen text	Gender		
Knowledge Base article			
Database field	GENDER_ID		
Dataform	Code		
Datatype	Number		
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(2)		
Format	Х		
Maximum character length			

2

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Other Activate new permissible values: "Transgender and/or Transsexual" This would give alignment with GAIN Q3 which included Trans, plus need to accommodate Trans - Male to Female and Trans-Female to Male. (Trans appears disrespectful and the complete word gives a more professional feel.) Activate a PV Does not identify with the values listed. Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Client Site Number

DATIS Key First Name (First Initial) Last Name (First Initial) Last Name at Birth (First Initial) Date of Birth City County Complete Postal Code Address Effective Date Preferred Language of Service Ethnicity

Data element City	
Accession number	2000_008_03
Identifying and definitio	nal attributes
	he City, Town or Village where the client resides or lives without a permanent residence autonomously of he location of the agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling services or both.
Data element cond	cept Client - City
Representational attribu	tes
Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. These data are collected at the initiation of treatment services.
	Record the city, town or village where the client resides or is living without a permanent residence and plans to return to after treatment.
	For example: The client resides in Kingston or lives on the streets of Kingston and plans to return to Kingston after treatment; but is seeking treatment at an agency in Toronto. Enter Kingston.
	DO NOT record the city, town or village where the client is currently residing for treatment if different from location of permanent residence.
Context	Used to monitor comparative service utilization patterns by residence in district and region and to flag inequities across districts and regions.
Permissible values	
Catalyst screen	Client information
Catalyst screen tex	xt City
Knowledge Base a	rticle
Database field	CITY_ID
Dataform	Entry
Datatype	
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(4)
Format	Nnnnn
Maximum charact	er length 25

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Client Site Number DATIS Key First Name (First Initial) Last Name (First Initial) Last Name at Birth (First Initial) Date of Birth Gender County Complete Postal Code Address Effective Date Preferred Language of Service Ethnicity

Data element Count	У
Accession number	2000_009_03
dentifying and definition	al attributes
	e county where the permanent residence of the client, seeking treatment at an agency providing either ostance abuse or problem gambling treatment services or both, is located.
Data element conce	pt Client - County
epresentational attribute	s
Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the clier or by the substitute decision maker.
	These data are collected at the initiation of treatment services. County - derived by the City, Town or Village entry; is used to arrive at client's LHIN if the postal code is unknown or NFA or cannot be mapped to LHIN. However, there is no one to one correspondence of county and LHIN and some counties are in more than 1 LHIN.
	For example: Sandbanks
Context	Used to monitor comparative service utilization patterns by residence in district and region and to flag inequities across districts and regions.
Permissible values	
Catalyst screen	Client information
Catalyst screen text	County
Knowledge Base art	icle
Database field	COUNTY_ID
Dataform	Auto-generated
Datatype	Text
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(4)
Format	Nnnnn
Maximum character	length 25

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Client Site Number DATIS Key First Name (First Initial) Last Name (First Initial) Last Name at Birth (First Initial) Date of Birth Gender City Complete Postal Code Address Effective Date Preferred Language of Service Ethnicity

Accession number 2000_010_03

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition	Postal code of the client's permanent	residence.

Data element concept	Client - Complete Postal Code
Data cicincii concept	

Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker.
	This data element is collected at the initiation of treatment services.
	6-digit postal code is required for the client's residence. A - represents a letter n - represents a number (0-9)
	NFA (No Fixed Address) is checked when it is a known fact that a client has no fixed address. UNK (Unknown) is considered reasonable to check when a client's postal code is unknown and there is absolutely no possibility of collecting this information at any time during the admission or there are exceptional circumstances. A link is readily available on the Client Information screen to the Canada Post website for searching Postal Code information.
	For example, M6H 1J4 is a postal code. NFA - no fixed address. Selecting NFA would usually indicate a client using shelters, living on the street, using a bed/chesterfield of friends/family.
Context	Used to - identify vulnerable and marginalized groups of people. - monitor comparative service utilization patterns by residence in district and region. - flag possible inequities across districts and regions. - identify potential health impacts of the client or the treatment population.
Permissible values	
Catalyst screen	Client information
Catalyst screen text	Postal code
Knowledge Base arti	cle
Database field	POSTAL_CODE
Dataform	Entry
Datatype	String

Format AnA nAn

Maximum character length 6

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	Deactivate checkboxes NFA (no fixed address) and Unknown (postal code). The relevant information will be collected in a new element Type of residence.
Related metadata	Client Site Number DATIS Key First Name (First Initial) Last Name (First Initial) Last Name at Birth (First Initial) Date of Birth Gender City County Address Effective Date Preferred Language of Service Ethnicity

Data element Address Effective Date

Accession number 2000_011_03

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition	The date the client's permanent address information was last established or confirmed by the client.
Data element co	ncept Client - Address Effective Date
epresentational attri	putes
Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. These data are collected at the initiation of treatment services and needs to be updated when the address changes. Refers to the date the current address was entered or last confirmed with the client. When the address changes this date needs to be updated.
	Day (DD), Month (MM) and Year (YYYY) are collected in separate fields and formatted DDMMYYYY. For example - 06112012 - is the 6th day of the month of November in the year 2012
	day - nn month - nn year - nnnn Day must be equal to or greater than 1 and equal to or less than 31 dependent on the month. Month must be equal to or greater than 1 and equal to or less than 12.
Context	Assists, at a high level, in monitoring client housing issues and address permanence over time. Enables a historical record of client's addresses for service planning purposes. Potential use as a proxy for client housing instability measure.
	To address disparities in health service delivery and planning requires a solid understanding of key barriers to equitable access to high quality care and of the specific needs of health-disadvantaged populations; and this requires an array of effective data. The Public Health Agency of Canada has identified social determinants of health as having the potential to clarify important pathways to health
	outcomes and may suggest powerful approaches to address identified health inequities. This data can be used to alone and or in conjunction with other social determinants of health to: - monitor service utilization by vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population - Identify barriers to service for vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population - Assess issues of access equity among the population seeking and being admitted to SA and/or PG treatment
	 Assess whether programs are appropriately available and targeted. Developing recommendations for adjustments to mitigate negative impacts as well as maximize positive
	impacts on the health of vulnerable and marginalized groups - Embed equity across the organization and the system - Support equity-based improvement in program/service and system design - Raise awareness about health equity as a catalyst for change throughout the organization and the system
	- The creation of a specific care plan for the client to meet their personal need(s)
Permissible values	

	Catalyst screen	Client information
	Catalyst screen text	Address Effective Date
	Knowledge Base artic	cle
	Database field	EFFECTIVE_DATE
	Dataform	Entry
	Datatype	Date
	Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(2),VARCHAR2(2),VARCHAR2(4)
	Format	DDMMYYYY
	Maximum character	length 8
Deve	elopmental attributes	
	Implementation status	Pending to change
	Implementation start date	01/01/2002
	Implementation end date	
	Staging	
	Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
	Long term changes (Version 2)	Will be saved historically with the collection of the address over time, to determine the stability of housing.
	Related metadata	Client Site Number DATIS Key (Auto generated) First Name (First Initial) Last Name (First Initial) Last Name at Birth (First Initial) Date of Birth Gender City County Complete Postal Code Preferred Language of Service Ethnicity

Data element Preferred Language of Service

Accession number 2000_012_03

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition	A set of values that indicate the language most preferred by the client for treatment related communication from an agency providing treatment services for substance use or gambling problems or both.	
Data element co	ncept	Client - Preferred Language of Service

Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. These data are collected at the initiation of treatment services. The client's preferred language of communication is collected regardless of whether or not service can be offered in the preferred language. Client is unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response.
	Even though the client speaks English they would like their communication in Arabic in order to share with their Arabic speaking parents/family. Arabic is entered.
Context	Used in care to provide appropriate care delivery as required by the Charter of Rights and Freedoms (http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eldridge_vBritish_Columbia_(Attorney_General). To acquire informed consent (requires understanding). Used to monitor treatment service utilization for English, French and other language groups to determine and assess equitable access and or utilization based on proportion of these groups in district / region population. Use of interpreters and translation improve the quality and safety of care. To address disparities in health service delivery and planning requires a solid understanding of key barriers to equitable access to high quality care and of the specific needs of health-disadvantaged populations; and this requires an array of effective data. The Public Health Agency of Canada has identified social determinants of health as having the potential to clarify important pathways to health outcomes and may suggest powerful approaches to address identified health inequities. These data can be used alone and or in conjunction with other social determinants of health to: - monitor service utilization by vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population - Identify barriers to service for vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population - Assess issues of access equity among the population seeking and being admitted to SA and/or PG treatment - Assess whether programs are appropriately available and targeted. - Developing recommendations for adjustments to mitigate negative impacts as well as maximize positive impacts on the health of vulnerable and marginalized groups - Embed equity across the organization and the system
	 Support equity-based improvement in program/service and system design Raise awareness about health equity as a catalyst for change throughout the organization and the system The creation of a specific care plan for the client to meet their personal need(s).

Permissible	Arabic		
values	Сауида		
	Chinese		
	Chippewa		
	Cree		
	Delaware Dutch		
	English		
	French		
	German		
	Greek		
	Hebrew		
	Hindi		
	Hungarian		
	Italian Japanese		
	Korean		
	Menominee		
	Mohawk		
	Odawa		
	Ojibwa		
	Ojicree		
	Oneida Other		
	Other Native Language		
	Polish		
	Portuguese		
	Pottawatami		
	Punjabi		
	Russian Seneca		
	Spanish		
	Tamil		
	Tuscarora		
	Ukrainian		
	Unknown		
	Vietnamese		
Catalyst screen	Client information		
Catalyst screen text	Preferred language of service		
Knowledge Base artic	le		
Database field	PREFERRED_LANG_ID		
Dataform	Code		
Datatype	Number		
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(2)		
Format	ХХ		
Maximum character l	ength	2	
evelopmental attributes			

Implementation Pending to change status

Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	 Replacement of the old CATALYST permissible values (PV) with the 2006 Stats Canada top 25 languages from Ontario 3 First Nations Inuit Metis Languages - Ojibwa, Cree, Ojicree Other language Other First Nations, Inuit, Metis Language Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible - selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response; Add Sign Language (any) Currently CATALYST has First Nation, Inuit Metis languages that very few people speak, they are to be deleted: 07 Mohawk, 08 Cayuga, 09 Seneca, 10 Oneida, 11 Odawa, 12 Chippewa, 13 Tuscarora, 14 Delaware, 15 Pottawatami, 16 Menominee. Additions to the listed values: Cantonese, Filipino, Urdu, Mandarin, Persian (Farsi), Gujarati, Romanian, Serbian.
Long term changes (Version 2)	For Version 2 there will be a cascade of questions, starting with Mother tongue, then asking for language comfort and preference for service. Need to align with two separate questions on OPOC-MHA, first for language comfort, then for preference, and then Other with the inclusive list and the ability to group languages into larger groups to align with the GAIN population groupings.
Related metadata	Client Site Number DATIS Key First Name (First Initial) Last Name at Birth (First Initial) Date of Birth Gender City County County Complete Postal Code Address Effective Date Ethnicity

Data element	Ethnicity
Accession number	2000_013_03
dentifying and defir	itional attributes
Definition	A set of values that best represents the primary ethno-cultural-racial origins of a client seeking treatment at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling services or both.
Data element	concept Client - Ethnicity
epresentational attr	ibutes
Guide for use	Source of these data is typically client self-report, however it may also be obtained from referral documentation or from family members. All information collected is to be confirmed by the client or by the substitute decision maker. These data are collected at the initiation of treatment services.
	Only one descriptor of the client's ethno-cultural-racial status is permitted; this descriptor should be the one that the client identifies as her or his primary ethno-cultural-racial status.
	Other - selected when the self-identified group is not available on the list; Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable t provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response.
	For example The client is black, was born in France and raised in the Caribbean but identifies his/her ethnicity as African. Select African from the list.
Context	Used to - monitor service utilization by cultural and ethnic groups - assess issues of access equity among the population seeking and being admitted to SA and/or PG treatment - assess whether programs are appropriately available and targeted for various linguistic or cultural groups - ensure that ethnic groups vulnerable to certain conditions are provided with targeted care - plan improvement for outreach to vulnerable groups that do not access care at the same level a other groups - address access challenges particular to these vulnerable groups - to monitor improvement to preventative care and readmissions.
	To address disparities in health service delivery and planning requires a solid understanding of ke barriers to equitable access to high quality care and of the specific needs of health-disadvantaged populations; and this requires an array of effective data. The Public Health Agency of Canada has identified social determinants of health as having the potential to clarify important pathways to health outcomes and may suggest powerful approaches to address identified health inequities. This data element can be used to alone and or in conjunction with other social determinants of health to: - monitor service utilization by vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population - Identify barriers to service for vulnerable or marginalized groups within a general population - Assess issues of access equity among the population seeking and being admitted to SA and/or PG treatment - Assess whether programs are appropriately available and targeted - Developing recommendations for adjustments to mitigate negative impacts as well as maximize positive impacts on the health of vulnerable and marginalized groups - Embed equity across the organization and the system

- Support equity-based improvement in program/service and system design
 Raise awareness about health equity as a catalyst for change throughout the organization and

the system

- The creation of a specific care plan for the client to meet their personal need(s)

Permissible values	Aboriginal - Status (N.A. Indian) African American (USA) Arab Black Canadian Central American Chinese Dutch East European East Indian English French French-Canadian German German Greek Hungarian Inuit Italian Japanese Jewish Korean Métis Other Other South East Asia Polish Portuguese Punjabi Scandinavian Scottish South American Spanish Ukrainian Unknown Vietnamese
Catalyst screen	Client information
Catalyst screen text	Ethnicity
Knowledge Base arti	cle
Database field	ETHNICITY_ID
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)
Format	XX
Maximum character	length 2

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown Activate new permissible values: Client unable or unwilling to provide a response - selected when the client or substitute decision maker were asked to provide a response and refused, preferred not to respond or were unable to provide a response; Collection of a response was not possible – selected when a response may not have been requested or was not recorded and it is no longer possible to collect a response;
Long term changes (Version 2)	The data element name "Ethnicity" is to be superseded by "Population Group" The list of new, larger more inclusive list of permissible values that can be grouped to align with the DTFP latest GAIN version.
Related metadata	Client Site Number DATIS Key First Name (First Initial) Last Name (First Initial) Last Name at Birth (First Initial) Date of Birth Gender City County County Complete Postal Code Address Effective Date Preferred Language of Service

Data element Program Site Number

Accession number 2000_001_04

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition	A representative number identifying the site at which an agency provides treatment services for either substance abuse or problem gambling or both.	
Data element co	oncept	Service - Program Site Number

Guide for use	Agencies with more than one site (location) establish, ahead of time, the numeric coding of sites to reflect the different locations that offer substance abuse and or problem gambling treatment services are offered and delivered. The number begins with 1 and moves positively in sequence until all agency sites have a unique numeric code. Select the unique agency site number for the location where the program is located or provided. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,99 A number equal to or greater than 1 and less than or equal to 99	
	For example, an agency has 3 locations where services are provided. Sites are numbered as 01, 02 and 03. A client can be admitted at site 01 and receive treatment programing at site 03. Since the program is at site 03 enter 03.	
Context	Program Site Number, Admission Site Number and Client Site Number are the number of agency site where the program is located or where the client was admitted or received services.	
Permissible values		
Catalyst screen	Program information	
Catalyst screen t	ext Site no	
Knowledge Base	article	
Database field	SITE_NO	
Dataform	Entry	
Datatype	Number	
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(5)	
Format	XX	
Maximum chara	Maximum character length 2	
Developmental attrib	utes	

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Program ID Program Name Provincial Service Category (Auto generated) Program Start Date Program Start Time Program End Time Program End Date

Data element Program IC	
Accession number 2000	0_002_04
Identifying and definitional at	tributes
Definition Within a	an agency the program number is a unique identifier per program registration per admission per
Data element concept	Service - Program ID
Representational attributes	
Guide for use	This is generated by database when an agency creates and registers a new program with DATIS . The number will be sequential.
	Program ID and name are the identifiers streaming the program towards the corresponding PSC or FC. Connex database is set up based on the Catalyst programs and the program id is the unique identifier between the two.
Context	Programs are set up based on the agency's M-SAA contracts between the LHIN and the agency which lists the PSC/FC that particular agency is funded (through the LHIN) to provide.
	Programs are set up within the database and then mapped back to their corresponding functiona center (FC). For example, if an agency was funded to provide Initial Assessment and Treatment Planning Services, Community Treatment Services, Residential Treatment Services. If a client is registered in two or more programs in the same PSC/FC during the same admission, those program registrations will be counted as one registration for this PSC/FC. If a client has one or more program registrations in this PSC/FC in two or more admissions during the reporting period, one registration to this PSC/FC will be counted for each admission.
	When counting the number of terminations, all program registrations in a PSC must be terminated for a registration to be considered terminated. The last program registration in a PSC must be terminated during the report period for a registration to be considered terminated within the report period, i.e. if there is a program registration in a PSC that is open after the report period, then we count 0 termination from this PSC/FC. If there is a program registration in a PSC/FC that is terminated after the report period, then we also count 0 termination from this PSC/FC.
	PSC/FC. For programs in a WMS Residential and Initial Assessment PSC/FC, calculations are based on the number of WMS episodes within an admission to the agency. WMS episodes are captured in the special custom field "WMS Registration #" that was created for multi-service agencies in the Program
	Information screen. All programs with the same WMS Registration # comprise one episode. E.g., an admission with 2 open episodes within the reporting period will count as 2 open registrations/episodes in the PSC/FC. For WMS agencies that do not use the custom field "WMS Registration #", an episode comprises all of the WMS programs within an admission to the agence Unique sequential number per program registration per admission per client.

Permissible values	
Catalyst screen	Program information
Catalyst screen text	Program #

Database field

Dataform	Generated sequential
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(15)
Format	Ν

Maximum character length

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Program Site Number Program Name Provincial Service Category (Auto generated) Program Start Date Program Start Time Program End Time Program End Date

Data element	Program Name	
Accession number	2000_003_04	

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition		in an agency the name or means of identifying the collection of components and or clinical modalities ned to assist clients in meeting their treatment needs and goals.	
Data element co	oncept	Service - Program Name	

Guide for use	 Programs are set up based on the agency's M-SAA contracts between the LHIN and the agency which lists the PSC/FC that particular agency is funded (through the LHIN) to provide. Excerpt from Admission and Discharge Criteria: A program consists of a collection of components (specific activities (e.g., individual counseling, group counseling, SRP, GSC) and/or clinical modalities (e.g., cognitive behavioural, solution-focused therapy)), designed to assist clients in meeting their needs and reaching their goals. Excerpt from Terminology and Structure of Addiction Treatment Services In Ontario: A program must include the following issues in its program manual: Clinical Framework, Principles, Policies and Procedures Statement of Purpose, Goals and Objectives Description of People Attending the Program Description of Program Content and Schedule of Events Based on Best Practices Statement of Program Evaluation Plan and Implementation Substance abuse and problem gambling programs provided by an agency are based on the PSC/FC (categories of treatment services) for which it is funded by the Ministry of Health and Long Term Care. PSCs/FCs are stipulated in the Transfer Payment Agreement between the agency and MOHLTC. Programs are mapped to a FC. This must be done in consultation with DATIS staff to ensure consistent with agreement.
Context	The linking of program names to PSCs and FCs: - provides information about the broad types of services received by clients; - permits the generation of utilization and costing statistics for management, planning and accountability purposes; and - contributes to the monitoring and evaluation of treatment outcomes.
Permissible values	
Catalyst screen	Program information
Catalyst screen text	Program Name
Knowledge Base artic	le
Database field	PROGRAM_ID
Dataform	Entry

Datatype	String	
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)	
Format	Nnnnnnn	
Maximum character length		
Developmental attributes		
Implementation	Active	

status	
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Program Site Number Program ID Provincial Service Category (Auto generated) Program Start Date Program Start Time Program End Time Program End Date

Data element Functional Centre (FC)

Accession number 2000_004_04

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition	Functional centres (FC) are OHRS designated groupings of treatment services based on the characteristics o the service. (Autogenerated)	
Data element co	ncept	Service - Functional Centre (FC)

Guide for use	Each Substance Abuse (SA) and Problem Gambling (PG) program is assigned an FC at the time the agency registers the program with DATIS. The FC assignment takes into consideration the characteristics of the treatment services being provided according to OHRS designations.
	Agency staff are not required to assign or select the FC of a program. This function is completed in the background of the computer.
	For example: When an agency registers a residential withdrawal treatment program, with DATIS, the FC assigned to the program in the database would be "725407845 COM Residential Addictions Withdrawal Management Centres".
	Pre-Entry services should be reported in the treatment functional centre of the staff providing the service: Information request, Intake, Screening, Outreach and Crisis, with no forced validated mapping of the Entry Service to a particular FC. When selecting the Activity Type of Pre-Entry Services, Catalyst populates the functional centre field with MOH functional centres that each agency is funded for if the MOH button is selected. If the non-MOH button is selected, the non-MOH functional centres will be populated for selection. Information requests are not to be reported as SPI or SPGI, will not be mapped to a functional centre, regardless if the entry service provider staff members are Administrative or Clinical and regardless if the client is anonymous or not. Even though Information Request is not reported in OHRS reports, DATIS continues to collect this information and report in the PR 07/PR 07S and other Catalyst reports.
Context	Substance Abuse and Problem Gambling treatment functional centres (FC) are a way of classifying individuals utilizing substance abuse and problem gambling services that forms the basis for Agency funding from the MoHLTC. One way to report on client activities is by the type of services the clients receives. Another way to report is by the functional centre assigned to the staff person who provides the services. OHRS is concerned with the latter while DATIS' mandate is to report by the former employing the provincial service categories. The FC reporting is concerned with funding and expense distribution, while the PSC reporting is concerned with the types of services that are needed and provided to clients.
	Since the functional centre of the staff is not currently collected in Catalyst (but will be added to the new design of Catalyst), we have been relying mostly on the provincial service categories to determine the FC for OHRS reporting purposes. This practice has not always been accurate; a number of agencies have told us that for some programs, the type of service does not correspond to the functional centre of the staff. DATIS has been able to manage this distinction and has been able to accommodate those requests on the program level.
	Recently, the Health Data Branch dropped the Initial Assessment and Treatment Planning (IATP) functional centre from its reporting requirements following the recommendation of a costing project that came up with several reasons for the recommendation, including the fact that initial assessment is largely considered part of treatment. DATIS had 2 options to deal with this change in regards to the IATP PSC: maintain it, or drop it. DATIS did due diligence in consulting with different agencies to help with the decision; after several conversations, there seemed to be an

agreement that clinically, it is often hard to separate out assessment services from the mainstream treatment of the client. As a result we decided to remove the IATP PSC. This decision is in no way a departure from DATIS' commitment to reporting by client services, but is a fine tuning of the IATP service. DATIS also continues to meet its mandate of providing sound data on the use of provincial assessments and for this reason we have made available to each agency four assessment activities to distinguish between the types of assessments conducted. Now that IATP PSC and FC have been removed, we need to clarify that DATIS' mandate to report by provincial service categories remains unchanged and our commitment to provide good data quality reports to our stake holders is at the forefront of our work. Permissible FC 7250710/20 Community Medical /Psychiatric Treatment Services FC 7250710/20 Residential Medical /Psychiatric Treatment Services values FC 72508 CMH/A Centralized Access FC 7250976 Case Management Mental Health FC 725097810 Case Management/Supportive Counselling and Services - Addictions Supportive Housing FC 725097811_COM Case Management Addictions - Substance Abuse FC 725097811_COM Case Management Addictions - Substance Abuse (PSC - CT) FC 725097812_COM Case Management Addictions - Problem Gambling FC 7251015 COM Clinics/Programs - Nursing Clinic FC 7251030 COM Clinics/Program –Combined Clinic. FC 725107612_Primary Care - MH Counseling and Treatment FC 725107620 Primary Care - MH Assertive Community Treatment FC 725107630 Primary Care - MH Community Clinic FC 725107640 Primary Care - MH Vocational /Employment FC 725107641 Primary Care - MH Clubhouses FC 725107645 Primary Care - MH Concurrent Disorders FC 725107645_Primary Care - MH Concurrent Disorders (PSC - CT) FC 725107650_Primary Care - MH Child/Adolescent FC 725107651 Primary Care - MH Early Intervention FC 725107655_Primary Care - MH Forensic FC 725107656 Primary Care - MH Diversion and Court Support FC 725107660 Primary Care - MH Abuse Services FC 725107670 Primary Care - MH Eating Disorders FC 725107681_Primary Care - MH Social Rehab./Recreation FC 725107695 Primary Care - MH Dual Diagnosis FC 725107696 Primary Care - MH Psycho-geriatric FC 725107699 Primary Care - Other MH Services not elsewhere identified FC 725107811_COM Clinics/Programs - Addictions Treatment - Substance Abuse FC 725107811_COM Clinics/Programs - Addictions Treatment - Substance Abuse (PSC - CM) FC 725107811_COM Clinics/Programs - Addictions Treatment - Substance Abuse (PSC - NUII) FC 725107812 COM Clinics/Programs - Addictions Treatment - Problem Gambling FC 725107820_COM Clinics/Programs - Addictions Withdrawal Mgmt. FC 725107820_COM Clinics/Programs - Addictions Withdrawal Mgmt. (PSC - CM) FC 725107820 COM Clinics/Programs - Addictions Withdrawal Mgmt. (PSC - CT DAY/EVE) FC 7251576 Crisis Intervention - Mental Health Excludes Crisis Support Beds FC 7252076 Day/Night Care - Mental Health FC 725207810 COM Day/Evening Addictions Treatment FC 725307811 COM Addictions Home Care - Substance Abuse - Support Within Housing FC 725407610 Res. Mental Health - Homes for Special Care FC 725407620_Res. Mental Health - Approved Homes FC 725407630_Res. Mental Health - Supportive Housing FC 725407640_Res. Mental Health - Housing Bricks & Mortar FC 725407650 Res. Mental Health - Homelessness FC 725407660 Res. Mental Health - Short Term Crisis Support Beds FC 725407811 COM - Residential Addiction - Treatment Services - Substance Abuse FC 725407811 COM - Residential Addiction - Treatment Services - Substance Abuse (PSC - CM) FC 725407811 COM - Residential Addiction - Treatment Services - Substance Abuse (PSC - CT DAY/EVE) FC 725407811_COM - Residential Addiction - Treatment Services - Substance Abuse (PSC - CT) FC 725407812_COM - Residential Addiction - Treatment Services - Problem Gambling FC 725407830_COM - Residential Addiction - Supportive Treatment FC 725407830_COM - Residential Addiction - Supportive Treatment (PSC - CT) FC 725407845 COM - Residential Addiction - Withdrawal Management Centres FC 725407845_COM - Residential Addiction - Withdrawal Management Centres (PSC - CT DAY/EVE) FC 725407845_COM - Residential Addiction - Withdrawal Management Centres (PSC - CT) FC 725507610 Health Prom. /Education MH - Awareness FC 725507630_Health Promo. /Education MH - Women

		FC 725507640_Health Promo. /Education MH - Community Development Includes Justice Committees FC 725507810_Health Prom./Educ. Addictions - Drug Awareness FC 725507820Health Prom./Educ. Addictions - Problem Gambling Awareness (Non-SA/PG MOH Funded) FC 725507820_Health Prom./Educ. Addictions - Problem Gambling Awareness FC 725507840_Health Prom./Educ. Addictions - Community Development - Substance Abuse FC 725517611_Consumer/Survivor/Family Initiatives - Peer/Self Help FC 725517612_Consumer/Survivor/Family Initiatives - Alternative Business FC 72551760_Consumer/Survivor/Family Initiatives - Family FC 7257010_Information and Referral Services General FC 7257076_Information and Referral Service - Provincial - Mental Health	
	Catalyst screen	Program information	
	Catalyst screen text	Functional centre	
	Knowledge Base article		
Database field FC_ID Dataform Selection		FC_ID	
		Selection	
	Datatype	String	
	Datatype DB		
	Format	Nnnnnnnnnnn	
	Maximum character length		
Developmental attributes			
	Implementation status	Active	
	Implementation	01/01/2002	

Collected once at initiation of treatment services

Provincial Service Category of Outgoing Referral

Service Type of Outgoing Referral

start date

Staging

Implementation end date

Short term changes (Version 1.2)

Long term changes (Version 2)

Related metadata

Data element	Program Start Date

Accession number 2000_005_04

Identifying and definitional attributes

, , , ,		the first day an agency staff provides direct either substance abuse or problem gambling services or both to a client attending and registered in an agency program.	
	Data element co	oncept	Service - Program Start Date
Repre	esentational attril	butes	
	Guide for use		Enter the date of the first day the agency staff provided direct substance abuse and or problem gambling treatment services to a client attending and registered in an agency program.
			The Program Start Date must be equal to or greater than the Admission Date; and less than or equal to the Program End Date and the Discharge Date. Day must be equal to or greater than 1 and equal to or less than 31 dependent on the month.
			Month must be equal to or greater than 1 and equal to or less than 12.
			Day (DD), Month (MM) and Year (YYYY) are collected in separate fields and formatted

DDMMYYYY. For example - 06112012 - is the 6th day of the month of November in the year 2012

Each program is linked to a Functional Centre used to account for program groupings at a provincial level.

The guidelines for the appropriate times and reasons for a program termination and an admission discharge are saved in the DATIS guidelines appendix to this Data Dictionary (tables 1, 2 and 3). It is best practice to discharge an inactive admission then re admit the client when further service is required. Programs and admissions flagged as inactive in the database [no service is reported for the client according to the flags set by the agency in the database] are listed in a DATIS report. Before an admission can be discharged all programs must be terminated [database business rule].

Context Is used in conjunction with the data elements Program Start Time, Program End Date and Program End Time to determine the length of stay/service of clients in a program. Is used to identify the number of clients receiving service in a program (FC) during a reporting period.

Permissible values

Catalyst screen Program information

Catalyst screen text Start Date

Knowledge Base article

- Database field PRG_START_DATE
- Dataform Entry
- Datatype Date

Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(2), VARCHAR2(2), VARCHAR2(4)
-------------	---------------------------------------

Format DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length 8

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Program Site Number Program ID Program Name Provincial Service Category (Auto generated) Program Start Time Program End Time Program End Date

Data element	Program Start Time

Accession number 2000_006_04

Identifying and definitional attributes

	Definition	ition The time of day a registered client in a residential withdrawal management service program begins to recei treatment services from agency staff in the program.	
	Data element co	ncept	Service - Program Start Time
Repre	Representational attributes		
	Guide for use		Refers to the time of day the registered client starts to receive treatment services from agency staff in the residential withdrawal management service program. The reporting of this data element is only required for a client receiving residential withdrawal management services.
			The Program Start time must be less than the Program End time when the Program Start Date and Program End Date are the same.
			Hours (HH) and Minutes (MM) are collected in separate fields and are to be in the format of HH:MM.

Hours (HH) must be equal to or greater than 00 and equal to or less than 24. Minutes (MM) must be equal to or greater than 00 and equal to or less than 60.

Each program is linked to a Functional Centre used to account for program groupings at a provincial level.

The guidelines for the appropriate times and reasons for a program termination and an admission discharge are saved in the DATIS guidelines appendix to this Data Dictionary (tables 1, 2 and 3). It is best practice to discharge an inactive admission then re admit the client when further service is required. Programs and admissions flagged as inactive in the database [no service is reported for the client according to the flags set by the agency in the database] are listed in a DATIS report. Before an admission can be discharged all programs must be terminated [database business rule].

ContextIs used in conjunction with the data elements Program Start Date, Program End Date and
Program End Time to determine the client's length of stay/service in a residential withdrawal
management program.
Used to identify the number of clients receiving residential withdrawal management services
during a reporting period.

Permissible values

Catalyst screen	Program information
Catalyst screen text	Start Time
Knowledge Base article	
Database field	PRG_START_DATE

Dataform Entry

Datatype	Time	
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(2),VARCHAR2(2)	
Format	HH:MM 24 hours	
Maximum character length		

5

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Program Site Number Program ID Program Name Provincial Service Category (Auto generated) Program Start Date Program End Time Program End Date

Accession number 2000_007_04

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition	Definition The time of day the client ceases to receive treatment services from agency staff in the residentia management service program.	
Data element concept		Service - Program End Time
Representational attri	butes	
Guide for use		Refers to the time of day the client ceases to receive treatment services from agency staff in the

Gu	lide for use	Refers to the time of day the client ceases to receive treatment services from agency staff in the residential withdrawal management service program. The reporting of this data element is only required for a client receiving residential withdrawal management services.
		The guidelines for the appropriate times and reasons for a program termination and an admission discharge are saved in the DATIS guidelines appendix to this Data Dictionary (tables 1, 2 and 3). It is best practice to discharge an inactive admission then re admit the client when further service is required. Programs and admissions flagged as inactive in the database [no service is reported for the client according to the flags set by the agency in the database] are listed in a DATIS report. Before an admission can be discharged all programs must be terminated [database business rule].
		The Program End time must be greater than the Program Start time when the Program Start Date and Program End Date are the same. The Program End Time must be less than the Discharge Time when the Program End Date and Discharge Date are the same. Hours (HH) and Minutes (MM) must be in the format of HH:MM, Catalyst uses different fields to collect Hours and Minutes.
		Hours (HH) must be equal to or greater than 00 and equal to or less than 24. Minutes (MM) must be equal to or greater than 00 and equal to or less than 60.
Co	ntext	Is used in conjunction with the data elements Program Start Date, Program End Date and Program Start Time to determine the client's length of stay/service in a residential withdrawal management program.
-	rmissible lues	
Cat	talyst screen	Program information
Cat	talyst screen text	End Time
Kn	owledge Base arti	cle
Da	tabase field	PRG_END_DATE
Da	taform	Entry
Da	tatype	Time
Da	tatype DB	VARCHAR2(2),VARCHAR2(2)

Format	HH:MM 24 hours		
Maximum character	length 5		
Developmental attributes			
Implementation status	Active		
Implementation start date	01/01/2002		
Implementation end date			
Staging	Collected at cessation of service		
Short term changes (Version 1.2)			
Long term changes (Version 2)			
Related metadata	Program Site Number Program ID Program Name Provincial Service Category (Auto generated) Program Start Date Program Start Time Program End Date		

Data element	Program End Date

Accession number 2000_008_04

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition	The date of the day agency staff cease providing substance abuse and or problem gambling services to a client attending and registered in a treatment program at an agency.	
Data element co	oncept	Service - Program End Date
Representational attributes		

	Guide for use	Enter the date of the day agency staff cease providing substance abuse and or problem gambling treatment services to a client registered in an agency program.
		The guidelines for the appropriate times and reasons for a program termination and an admission discharge are saved in the DATIS guidelines appendix to this Data Dictionary (tables 1, 2 and 3). It is best practice to discharge an inactive admission then re admit the client when further service is required. Programs and admissions flagged as inactive in the database [no service is reported for the client according to the flags set by the agency in the database] are listed in a DATIS report. Before an admission can be discharged all programs must be terminated [database business rule].
		The Program End Date must be equal to or greater than the Admission and Program Start Date; and less than or equal to the Discharge Date. Day must be equal to or greater than 1 and equal to or less than 31 dependent on the month. Month must be equal to or greater than 1 and equal to or less than 12.
		Day (DD), Month (MM) and Year (YYYY) are collected in separate fields and formatted DDMMYYYY. For example - 06112012 - is the 6th day of the month of November in the year 2012
		Each program is linked to a Functional Centre used to account for program groupings at a provincial level.
	Context	Is used in conjunction with the data elements Program Start Date, Program Start Time and Program End Time to determine the length of stay/service of clients in a program and provides an indication of the intensity of service provision. It is also used to identify the number of clients receiving service in a program during a reporting period.
	Permissible values	
	Catalyst screen	Program information
	Catalyst screen text	End Date
Knowledge Base article		
	Database field	PRG_END_DATE
	Dataform	Entry
	Datatype	Date

Datatype DB VARCHAR2(2), VARCHAR2(2), VARCHAR2(4)

Format DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length 8

Developmental attributes

Implementation Active status

Implementation 01/01/2002 start date

Implementation end date

Staging Collected at cessation of service

Short term changes (Version 1.2)

Long term changes (Version 2)

Related metadata

Program ID Program Site Number Program Name Program Start Date Program Start Time Program End Time

Data elementReason for Program Termination

Accession number 2000_009_04

Identifying and definitional attributes Definition A set values that indicate the primary reason a client, receiving treatment from a program at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling services or both, ceases to receive treatment services from the program and the program registration was terminated. Data element concept Service - Reason for Program Termination

Representational attributes

Guide for use	Agency staff select the most appropriate and primary reason for program termination. If the client completed the program then agency staff select the most appropriate and primary reason the program was not completed and then terminated. Other - selected when the reason for not completing a program is not listed in the values provided. For example The client attended all scheduled sessions and benefitted from the program. Select Completed program. The guidelines for the appropriate times and reasons for a program termination and an admission discharge are saved in the DATIS guidelines appendix to this Data Dictionary (tables 1, 2 and 3). It is best practice to discharge an inactive admission then re admit the client when further service is required. Programs and admissions flagged as inactive in the database [no service is reported for the client according to the flags set by the agency in the database] are listed in a DATIS report. Before an admission can be discharged all programs must be terminated [database business rule].
Context	Provides information regarding circumstances of a client's treatment services ceased and the program registration was terminated. At an individual level, such information is relevant for planning and adjusting a client's course of treatment. At a program level, such information can be useful for program monitoring, evaluation and adjustment.
Permissible values	Completed Program Client Withdrew and Notified Staff:Not Complete Deceased:Not Complete Drop Out/No Show:Not Complete External Transfer- Other Than Hospitalized:NC Hospitalized:Not Complete Incarcerated:Not Complete Internal Program Transfer:Not Complete Mutually Agreed Upon Termination:Not Complete Other:Not Complete Terminated by Staff/Involuntary Discharge:NC Unknown:Not Complete
Catalyst screen	Program information
Catalyst screen text	Reason For Termination

Knowledge Base article KB 368

Database field	REASON_DISCHARGE_ID	
Dataform	Code	
Datatype	Number	
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)	
Format	хх	
Maximum character length		

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected at cessation of service
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown with no replacement
Long term changes (Version 2)	Future changes should allow a question of "Was the program complete?" YES or NO where YES will go to the next question and NO will request a reason for not completing the program. The permissible values for this question will be the current values listed.
Related metadata	Program Site Number Program ID Program Name Provincial Service Category (Auto generated) Program Start Date Program Start Time Program End Time Program End Date Direct Service Time Indirect Service Time Total Sessions Length of Stay/Service

Direct Service Time (Total Hours) Data element

2000_010_04 Accession number

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition The time taken by agency staff to provide a treatment orientated service activity that directly involves a client, or on behalf of the client a significant other(s) or Substitute Decision Maker at an agency providing either substance abuse or problem gambling services or both. Service - Direct Service Time (Total Hours)

Data element concept

Representational attributes

Guide for use	The service activity must be: - treatment/clinically orientated, - documented in the client file - take longer than five minutes - can be face-to-face or non-face-to-face (video conferencing, phone, email) on an individual or group basis. Enter the amount of time in hours that it took to complete the activity. The guidelines for the appropriate times and reasons for a program termination and an admission discharge are saved in the DATIS guidelines appendix to this Data Dictionary (tables 1, 2 and 3). It is best practice to discharge an inactive admission then re admit the client when further service is required. Programs and admissions flagged as inactive in the database [no service is reported for the client according to the flags set by the agency in the database] are listed in a DATIS report. Before an admission can be discharged all programs must be terminated [database business rule].	
Context	Provides a measure of service utilization within a program registration. Is used in conjunction with the data element Total Indirect Service Time to calculate the total amount of service time received by clients. In conjunction with the data elements Length of Stay/Service, Total Indirect Service Time and Total Sessions, it gives an indication of the intensity of service provided by agencies. Used for treatment costing, as well as monitoring and evaluating treatment outcomes.	
Permissible values		
Catalyst screen	Program information	
Catalyst screen text	Direct Service Time (Total Hours)	
Knowledge Base article		
Database field	TOTAL_HOURS_DS_MANUAL	
Dataform	Derived	
Datatype	Number	
Datatype DB	NUMBER(22)	

Format XXX

Maximum character length

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected at cessation of service
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Program Name Program Start Time Program End Time

Data element Indirect Service Time (Total Hours)

Accession number 2000_011_04

Identifying and definitional attributes

	Definition The time taken by an agency staff to complete an activity, relating to or supporting client to not directly involve the client and or significant other(s) at an agency providing either subst problem gambling treatment services or both.	
	Data element conce	pt Service - Indirect Service Time (Total Hours)
Repre	sentational attribute	s
	Guide for use	Enter the amount of time in hours that the agency staff took to complete the activity.
		Indirect services are divided into seven general areas: participation in case conferences, client- centred consultation, staff-centred consultation, program centred consultation, program direction, provision of educational services and system coordination.
		For example, an agency staff spent 20 minutes charting an interaction or collaboration with a team member regarding the client. 20 minutes would be documented under Indirect Service Time.
		The guidelines for the appropriate times and reasons for a program termination and an admission discharge are saved in the DATIS guidelines appendix to this Data Dictionary (tables 1, 2 and 3). It is best practice to discharge an inactive admission then re admit the client when further service is required. Programs and admissions flagged as inactive in the database [no service is reported for the client according to the flags set by the agency in the database] are listed in a DATIS report. Before an admission can be discharged all programs must be terminated [database business rule].
	Context	Provides a measure of service utilization within a program registration. Is used in conjunction with the data element Total Direct Service Time to calculate the total amount of service time received by clients. In conjunction with the data elements Length of Stay/Service, Total Direct Service Time and Total Sessions, it gives an indication of the intensity of service provided by agencies. Is also used for treatment and or service costing, as well as monitoring and evaluating treatment outcomes.
	Permissible values	
	Catalyst screen	Program information
	Catalyst screen text	Indirect Service Time (Total Hours)
	Knowledge Base art	icle
	Database field	TOTAL_HOURS_IS_MANUAL
	Dataform	Derived
	Datatype	Number

Datatype DB	NUMBER(22)
Dututype DD	

Format XXX

Maximum character length

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected at cessation of service
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Program Name Program Start Time

Data element	Fotal Sessions
Accession number	2000_012_04
Identifying and defi	itional attributes
Definition	A positive integer indicating the total number of treatment sessions attended by the client in a program to which he/she was registered and terminated.
Data element	oncept Service - Total Sessions
Representational att	ibutes
Guide for use	Not applicable for Withdrawal Management Services or Residential Treatment Services.
	An Agency NOT using the Activity Log feature will be required, at the termination of a program, to calculate and manually record the total number of program sessions attended by the client.
	Agencies using the Activity Log to track their activities will have the total sessions as well as hours of direct and indirect service auto calculated and entered by CATALYST.
	Must be a value greater than zero and less than or equal to 99
	The guidelines for the appropriate times and reasons for a program termination and an admission discharge are saved in the DATIS guidelines appendix to this Data Dictionary (tables 1, 2 and 3). It is best practice to discharge an inactive admission then re admit the client when further service is required. Programs and admissions flagged as inactive in the database [no service is reported for the client according to the flags set by the agency in the database] are listed in a DATIS report. Before an admission can be discharged all programs must be terminated [database business rule]
Context	Provides a measure of the frequency of client contact and service utilization within a treatment program and an associated Functional Center. In conjunction with the data elements Length of Stay/Service, Total Direct Service Time and Total Indirect Service Time, it gives an indication of the intensity of service provided to a client. Used for treatment costing as well as monitoring and evaluating treatment outcomes.
Permissible values	
Catalyst scree	Program information
Catalyst scree	text Total sessions
Knowledge Ba	e article
Database field	TOTAL_SESSIONS
Dataform	Derived
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	NUMBER(22)
Format	XX

Maximum character length

2

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected at cessation of service
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Program Site Number Program ID Program Name Provincial Service Category (Auto generated) Program Start Date Program Start Time Program End Time Program End Date Reason for Program Termination Direct Service Time Indirect Service Time Length of Stay/Service WMS episode number

Data element	Length of Stay (Service)
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Accession number 2000_013_04

Identifying and definitional attributes

	Definition The	client's length of stay/treatment/service in a substance abuse or problem gambling program.
	Data element concep	t Service - Length of Stay (Service)
Repre	sentational attributes	
	Guide for use	Formulae: LOS (length of stay/service) in Days = Program Start Date - Program End Date + 1
		The guidelines for the appropriate times and reasons for a program termination and an admission discharge are saved in the DATIS guidelines appendix to this Data Dictionary (tables 1, 2 and 3). It is best practice to discharge an inactive admission then re admit the client when further service is required. Programs and admissions flagged as inactive in the database [no service is reported for the client according to the flags set by the agency in the database] are listed in a DATIS report. Before an admission can be discharged all programs must be terminated [database business rule].
	Context	Is used in conjunction with the data elements Total Direct Service Time, Total Indirect Service Time and Total Sessions, to give an indication of the intensity of service provided by agencies. Used for treatment costing as well as monitoring and evaluating treatment outcomes.
	Permissible values	
	Catalyst screen	Program information
	Catalyst screen text	LOS (Total Days in program)
	Knowledge Base article	
	Database field	
	Dataform	Derived
	Datatype	Number
	Datatype DB	
	Format	ХХ
	Maximum character l	ength
Deve	elopmental attributes	

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected at cessation of service
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	
Related metadata	Program Start Date Program Start Time Program End Time Program End Date Direct Service Time Indirect Service Time Total Sessions

Data element WMS Episode Number

Accession number 2000_014_04

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition A positive integer used to differentiate between episodes of Residential Withdrawal Management Service (RWMS) treatment within one admission where the client may also be engaged in other longer-term treatment services for substance use and problem gambling at an agency that provides both RWMS and other non RWMS treatment services.

Data element concept Service - WMS Episode Number

Representational attributes

Guide for use	This field appears on the program screen only of multi services agencies that offer RWMS services as well as other service types such as Community Treatment and is not available for all agencies. Staff at multi-service agencies, that provide both Residential Withdrawal Management Service (RWMS) and non RWMS substance abuse or problem gambling treatment services, will use this custom field to count a unique RWMS episode within an admission. Enter the same integer number in each of the 2 RWMS programs (Withdrawal/Crisis and Program/House) for each unique RWMS episode in an admission attended by the client.
	The WMS Episode number defines an admission to RWMS services equivalent of an admission in an agency that provide only RWMS treatment services. For example, a client is admitted to a multi-service agency on May 1st, 2012. The client is also registered in a community treatment program on May 1st, but on May 3rd is referred internally to Residential Withdrawal/Crisis program and terminated on May 5th, registered in a WMS Program/House program on May 5th and terminated on May 8th. Each of these WMS program registrations will have a WMS Registration # of 1. The client then goes back to continue treatment in the community program. On May 15th the client is again referred internally to RWMS and is terminated on June 1st. Each of the RWMS program registrations now will have a WMS registration # of 2. This numbering will continue until all programs are terminated and the admission is discharged. On a readmission the WMS registration Number counting will start back at 1.
Context	 WMS registration # data element was created to enable the correct calculation and reporting of the number of RWMS admissions for multi-service agencies that provide RWMS along with other substance abuse and/or problem gambling treatment services. RWMS clients typically receive services for Withdrawal/crisis and then in House services; the length of stay is usually a few days. A client may be admitted to receive RWMS services multiple times within a short period of time. For an agency that offers only RWMS services, those multiple re-admissions are counted as separate admissions, where each admission is discharged and then a new admission is created then discharged and so forth. In an agency that offers multiple services, recording several RWMS admissions and discharges within a short period of time may not be possible if the client receives services from a community treatment service (as an example) for a longer time period, while going in and out of RWMS. The limitation is imposed by a Catalyst business rules that allows only 1 open admission at a time. To circumvent this limitation and to ensure that RWMS admissions for multi-service agencies are not under-reported, those agencies are instructed to enter the same integer number in each of the 2 RWMS programs attended by the client, for every unique admission to RWMS, also referred to as RWMS episode of treatment.

Permissible values

	Catalyst screen	Program information
	Catalyst screen text	WMS Registration #
	Knowledge Base artic	le http://datishelpdesk.issuetrak.com/Kb_ListByCategory.asp #117 (WMS Program Registration Procedure for Multi-Service Agencies)
	Database field	
	Dataform	Entry
	Datatype	Number
	Datatype DB	
	Format	XXXX
	Maximum character l	ength
Deve	elopmental attributes	
	Implementation status	Active
	Implementation start date	01/01/2005
	Implementation end date	
	Staging	Collected once at initiation of treatment services
	Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
	Long term changes (Version 2)	
	Related metadata	Direct Service Time Indirect Service Time Total Sessions Length of Stay/Service

Length of Stay/Service WMS episode number

Data element Provincial Service Category of Outgoing Referral

Accession number 2000_015_04

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition		tion by provincial service category (PSC) of the client's referral to a program and or service at an gency that is funded by the Ministry of Health and Long Term Care to provide that service.
Data element co	oncept	Service - Provincial Service Category of Outgoing Referral

Representational attributes

Guide for use	The information being sought is each client referral your agency has made to external agencies
	over the course of the client's admission to your agency prior to discharge. In this instance the
	external agency is funded by the MoHLTC (Ministry of Health and Long Term Care) to provide that services and or program.
	Agency staff select the PSC of each external agency's program/service the client is being referred
	to.
	Referral involves directing the client to another source for service, guidance or assistance.
	Substance abuse and problem gambling treatment functional centers (FC) are the groupings of
	services based on their characteristics, and are a way of classifying individuals utilizing services
	that forms the basis for Agency funding from the MoHLTC.
	For example:
	When you referred a client for Residential Withdrawal Management Services and contacted the
	agency setting up an appointment and giving this information to the client then this would be
	considered a referral to Residential Withdrawal Management Services and thus a Referral to
	Participating Agency.
	However if you simply mentioned that the client should seek admission to a Residential
	Withdrawal Services and did not provide them with the appropriate information, then this woul
	not be considered the type of formal referral being requested.
	This data element should be recorded in conjunction with the data element Date of Outgoing
	Referral.
	99 if no referral made, is collected into a separate text box by the database. If the field is left
	blank it creates problems for agencies who wanted to distinguish those cases in which no
	referrals were actually made versus those instances where staff just didn't record referrals.
	If Referral Type = 1 (agency is DATIS-participating) then this field is required; Otherwise if Referr Type = 0 (agency is not DATIS-participating) then the value in this field should be null (blank).
	Type – o (agency is not DATIS-participating) then the value in this new should be non (blank).
Context	This information:
	Is used to identify the patterns of client referral/movement between substance abuse and or
	problem gambling treatment agencies funded by MoHLTC to provide substance abuse and or problem gambling treatment services.
	Assists agencies to gain an understanding of the relationships that they have with other MoHLT(
	funded treatment providers and any gaps that may exist in their district or regional networks.
	Creates a picture of treatment services pathway that may be required so that the client can me
	their goals and objectives in the recovery process.
	One way to report on client activities is by the type of services the clients receives. Another way
	to report is by the functional centre assigned to the staff person who provides the services. OHR
	is concerned with the latter while DATIS' mandate is to report by the former employing the
	provincial service categories. The FC reporting is concerned with funding and expense
	distribution, while the PSC reporting is concerned with the types of services that are needed and
	provided to clients.
	Since the functional centre of the staff is not currently collected in Catalyst (but will be added to

	the new design of Catalyst), we have been relying mostly on the provincial service categories to determine the FC for OHRS reporting purposes. This practice has not always been accurate; a number of agencies have told us that for some programs, the type of service does not correspond to the functional centre of the staff. DATIS has been able to manage this distinction and has been able to accommodate those requests on the program level.
	Recently, the Health Data Branch dropped the Initial Assessment and Treatment Planning (IATP) functional centre from its reporting requirements following the recommendation of a costing project that came up with several reasons for the recommendation, including the fact that initial assessment is largely considered part of treatment. DATIS had 2 options to deal with this change in regards to the IATP PSC: maintain it, or drop it. DATIS did due diligence in consulting with different agencies to help with the decision; after several conversations, there seemed to be an agreement that clinically, it is often hard to separate out assessment services from the mainstream treatment of the client. As a result we decided to remove the IATP PSC. This decision is in no way a departure from DATIS' commitment to reporting by client services, but is a fine tuning of the IATP service. DATIS also continues to meet its mandate of providing sound data on the use of provincial assessments and for this reason we have made available to each agency four assessment activities to distinguish between the types of assessments conducted.
	Now that IATP PSC and FC have been removed, we need to clarify that DATIS' mandate to report by provincial service categories remains unchanged and our commitment to provide good data quality reports to our stake holders is at the forefront of our work.
Permissible values	Case Management Community Treatment Community Medical/Psychiatric Treatment Services Community Day/Evening Treatment Services Residential Treatment Services Residential Medical/Psychiatric Treatment Services Residential Support Treatment Services Community Withdrawal Management Services Residential Withdrawal Management Services
Catalyst screen	Outgoing referral information
Catalyst screen text	Refer to Provincial Service Category
Knowledge Base artic	cle 88, 136
Database field	REFER_TO_PSC_ID
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)
Format	XX
Maximum character	length
velopmental attributes	

Developmental attributes	

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002

Implementation end date

Staging

Collected as needed during treatment

Short term changes (Version 1.2)

Long term changes (Version 2)

Related metadata

Provincial Service Category (Auto generated) Service Type of Outgoing Referral Date of Outgoing Referral

Data elementService Type of Outgoing Referral

Accession number 2000_016_04

Identifying and definitional attributes

	classification by the type of service of an external agency's program the client has been referred to, where he agency is NOT funded by the Ministry Health and Long Term Care to provide the service.
Data element cor	cept Service - Service Type of Outgoing Referral

Representational attributes

Guide for use	The information being sought is the service type of each client referral your agency has made to an external non-provincially funded agency over the course of the client's admission (prior to, during or at completion) to your agency prior to discharge. In this instance the external agency is not funded by the MoHLTC (Ministry of Health and Long Term Care) to provide that referral services and or program. Referral involves directing the client to another source for service, guidance or assistance and in the case of this data element the source of service will be not be funded by the MoHLTC to provide substance abuse and or problem gambling.
	For example: If you send a client to an AA meeting in the community by providing a contact name and telephone number or supplying information such as location, date and time or the meeting then this would be considered a referral to AA and thus a Referral to Non-Participating Agency. However if you simply mentioned that the client should attend AA and did not provide them with the appropriate information, then this would not be considered the type of formal referral required. Referral to Service Type should be recorded in conjunction with the data element Date of Outgoing Referral. 99, if no referral made, is collected into a separate text box. Leaving a blank field creates problems for agencies who wanted to distinguish those cases in
	which no referrals were actually made versus those instances where staff just didn't record referrals. If Referral Type = 1 (agency is DATIS-participating) then this field should be blank; Otherwise if Referral Type = 0 (agency is not DATIS-participating) then this field is required.
Context	Used to identify the patterns of interaction between substance abuse and or problem gambling treatment agencies funded by MoHLTC to provide substance abuse and or problem gambling treatment services and other related services in the health and community care fields. This information assists agencies to gain an understanding of the relationships that they have with other MoHLTC funded treatment providers and any gaps that may exist in their district or regional networks. This information creates a picture of the treatment services pathways followed by clients that may be required so that the client may meet their goals and objectives in the recovery process.
Permissible values	Non-Participating Hospital Addiction Services Non-Participating Community Addiction Services Non-Participating Residential Programs Psychiatric Services/Hospital Private Psychiatrist/Psychologist Medical Services - Hospital Medical Services - Private Community Health Centre Physician/Private Practitioner Public Health Unit/Nursing Services Community Mental Health Agency - Adult Program

	Community Mental Health Agency - Child Program Social Service Agency - Adult Program Other Community Institution/Residential Program Housing Programs/Services Self-Help Groups (e.g. Alcoholics Anonymous) EAP - Employee Assistance Program Police Other Legal System - Excluding Police Connex Other Traditional Healer/Elders Women's/Men's Shelters Alternative Health Therapies Native Treatment Services Housing - Native/Non-Profit Other Native Services Unknown
Catalyst screen	Outgoing referral information
Catalyst screen text	Refer to Service Type
Knowledge Base artic	cle 88, 136
Database field	REFER_TO_ST_ID
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)
Format	XX
Maximum character	length 2

Implementation status	Pending to change
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected as needed during treatment
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	Deactivate Unknown with no replacement
Long term changes (Version 2)	

Related metadata

Provincial Service Category of Outgoing Referral Date of Outgoing Referral Functional Centre Data element Date of Outgoing Referral

Accession number 2000_017_04

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition		e the program staff, at an agency providing substance abuse and or problem gambling treatment of the program or agency for services.		
Data element co	oncept	Service - Date of Outgoing Referral		

Representational attributes

Guide for use	 This date is mandatory when selecting a referral on the Outgoing Referral Screen be it "PSC of Outgoing Referral", "Service Type of Outgoing Referral" or "Internal Referral". This is the date the agency staff provided the client with a referral to a program outside the current program (could be an internal referral to another program at the agency or an external referral). This date is required in conjunction with the data element Refer to Service Type, Refer to PSC/FC or Internal Referral. This date will be less or equal to the discharge date and greater than or equal to the admission date. Day (DD), Month (MM) and Year (YYYY) are collected in separate fields and formatted DDMMYYYY. Day - nn month - nn year - nnnn For example: 06112012 - 6th day of the month of November in the year 2012 Day must be equal to or greater than 1 and equal to or less than 31 dependent on the month.
Context	Used to monitor the length of time (waitlist) between the date of the initial referral and the date of the first contact with the referral program. Used to identify the point of time in the treatment cycle the client was referred to an alternate program.
Permissible values	
Catalyst screen	Outgoing referral information
Catalyst screen text	Referred On
Knowledge Base artic	cle 88, 136
Database field	REFERRED_ON
Dataform	Entry
Datatype	Date
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(2),VARCHAR2(2),VARCHAR2(4)
Format	DDMMYYYY

Maximum character length

8

Implementation status	Active
Implementation start date	01/01/2002
Implementation end date	
Staging	Collected as needed during treatment
Short term changes (Version 1.2)	
Long term changes (Version 2)	Recommend changing the name to Date of Referral as this date is required for all referrals whether the referral is internal or external.
Related metadata	Provincial Service Category/Functional center of Outgoing Referral Service Type of Outgoing Referral

Data element Provincial Service Category

Accession number 2000_018_04

Identifying and definitional attributes

Definition	A classifica	ation by provincial service category (PSC) of the program servivcing the client at an agency that is
	funded by	the Ministry of Health and Long Term Care to provide that service. (Autogenerated)
Data element co	oncept	Service - Provincial Service Category

Representational attributes

Guide for use	Provides information about the types of services received by clients. This information is used to determine the costs and utilization patterns of treatment services. It is of fundamental importance to the management and planning of treatment service provision and to accountability. In conjunction with information about the client's characteristics and circumstances and the total amount of service they receive, it contributes to an understanding of the ways in which addition treatment agencies have responded to their clients' needs. Case Management - A process which includes the designation of a primary worker whose responsibilities include the ongoing assessment of the client and his/her problems, ongoing adjustment of the treatment pian, linking to and coordination of required services, monitoring and support, developing and implementing a discharge plan, and advocating for the client. Case Management services are offered regardless where the individual is in the system. Community Treatment 1-2 hour sessions in-group or individual format, typically once a week or less often, while the client resides elsewhere in the community. Community Counseling /treatment includes brief intervention, lifestyle and personal counseling to assist the individual to develop skills to manage substance abuse / gambling related problems, and/or maintain and enhance treatment goals. Such activities as relapse prevention, guided self-change, family intervention, fullow-up and aftercare are included here. Care may be provided with or without medical/ psychiatric treatment. Frequency and length of sessions may vary depending on client need and program format. May be offered in a variety of settings, including outreach to the client's home, school an addiction agency or other service. Outreach includes activities such as early intervention but not prevention, education or public relations activities. Community Medical/Psychiatric Treatment Services - A specific non-residential service to meet the needs of individuals with concurrent dis
	treatment and rehabilitation activities there is a 24-hour access to support and the residential treatment milieu. Residential Support Treatment Services Level 1 - Housing and related recovery / support services such as lifestyle counseling, coaching for activities of daily living, community reintegration, vocational counseling and mutual aid, provided to clients who require a stable, supportive environment prior to, during, or following treatment which is accessed elsewhere.

Residential Support Treatment Services Level 2 - Housing/ Accommodation in alcohol/ drug free setting. Addiction Services are not offered on-site or as part of the housing service. Community Withdrawal Management Services Level 1- Assistance with voluntary withdrawal from alcohol and/or other drugs to clients who are under the influence of these substances and/or in withdrawal or otherwise in crisis directly related to these substances. Clients may be simultaneously accessing residential support services, or they may be residing in their home, the home of a significant other, or in another community setting, supervised or unsupervised. Care may be provided with or without the aid of drug therapy and/or other medical interventions. Additional support such as discharge planning and early recovery education is provided. Service is provided according to three Levels: Level I, Level II and Level III. Clients at all levels who are not taking any medication are considered. Assessed for admission. Following are tile criteria for Level I: Client symptoms can be safely monitored by staff who are not medically trained. Intensity/severity of symptoms can be managed, as required, with medical consultation being provided by a physician/after hours clinic/health centre/hospital emergency department. Client/staff ratios do not permit high intensity symptom monitoring. In consultation with a physician, if necessary, consider/assess individuals for admission who are taking the following types of medication: oMedications for medical problems oMedications for diagnosed psychiatric problems oPain medications only for acute injuries or recent surgery

Context

Permissible values	Case Management Community Treatment Community Medical/Psychiatric Treatment Services Community Day/Evening Treatment Services Residential Treatment Services Residential Medical/Psychiatric Treatment Services Residential Support Treatment Services Community Withdrawal Management Services Residential Withdrawal Management Services Support within Housing Coordinated Access
Catalyst screen	Program Information
Catalyst screen text	Provincial Service Category
Knowledge Base artic	cle
Database field	PROV_SRV_CATGRY
Dataform	Code
Datatype	Number
Datatype DB	VARCHAR2(3)
Format	XX
Maximum character	length 2

Developmental attributes

Implementation Active status

Implementation 01/01/2002 start date

Implementation end date

Staging

Collected once at initiation of treatment services

Short term changes (Version 1.2)

Long term changes (Version 2)

Related metadata

Provincial Service Category of outgoing referral Service Type of Outgoing Referral Date of Outgoing Referral

Collection procedures, data quality and validation checks

This section provides information on data collection and the transfer process and includes data quality and validation checks, for the purpose of editing and fine tuning the data and to inform agencies of the type and use of appropriate codes when collecting and collating data.

Collation of Ontario Data Set

The Catalyst application was created over a decade ago and intended to be relatively easy to learn and use. For those staff members who require beginner training or a refresher, DATIS has a number of materials available. All learning material may be revisited indefinitely to refresh user's knowledge in order to maintain a good understanding of the data being requested, which in turn will ensure high data quality and compliance in the DATIS database.

- A knowledge base
- elearning tutorials
- o Helpdesk
- o DATIS staff is available to provide live on-line training via Go to Meeting (an on-line application)
- Service desk control module to assist staff with getting up to speed in using Catalyst (Live on-line contact with DATIS Service Desk staff to walk through the application and answer questions)
- Each agency maintains 1-3 staff (in house trainer, power users CSA (Catalyst System Administrator)) experienced in using Catalyst and knowledgeable about the requirements of agencies.

http://datishelpdesk.issuetrak.com/Kb ListByCategory.asp

Catalyst Basic Business Rules and Terminology in Catalyst and Reports appear in Article # 206. <u>http://datishelpdesk.issuetrak.com/Kb_ArticleView.asp?ArticleNbr=206</u>

Validation checks in the secure client-web-based application

DATIS provides validation checks in Catalyst at the data entry level. Many of the checks are based on the business rules and logical data entry rules to ensure data quality. Much of the data is selected from pick lists, minimizing the requirement to type in data. Exceptions include personal client information, dates and numbers which have specific requirements when entering information in the text boxes.

Data quality

DATIS' goal is to achieve and maintain a high standard, quality database and to support stakeholders by providing sound substance abuse and problem gambling statistical data. To this end DATIS completes an annual data quality review to the reporting agencies as well as supports a 'self-serve' reporting system that is based on the SAP Business Objects Web Intelligence and provides full flexibility and control on data analysis and interactivity. This extensible platform serves as a dynamic foundation for projects that are a part of the Data Quality process revamp efforts and provides the foundation for other types of reporting including Dashboards, creating a harmonized data access layer across all interfaces both Agencies and DATIS staff will use.

All data entered into the DATIS database by May 4th, 2013 for the fiscal year 2012-2013 was used to create the DQT data quality report. The DQT data quality report specific to each agency is mailed to the agency, with areas of major concern highlighted.

Agencies are reminded and expected to run reports at the end of each quarter (June, September, December and March) to validate their data, prior to DRT following similar process for MOHLTC and LHINs. For further information on data quality reports review the entire document at: <u>http://datishelpdesk.issuetrak.com/Kb_ArticleView.asp?ArticleNbr=155</u> http://datishelpdesk.issuetrak.com/Kb_ArticleView.asp?ArticleNbr=289 http://datishelpdesk.issuetrak.com/Kb_ArticleView.asp?ArticleNbr=262

All identified data quality and compliance gaps are expected to be resolved by the agency in a timely manner.

At the end of the first three quarters, DQT reviews non-compliance (data not reported) and places reports on the private log for the LHINs on the DATIS website.

Data requests

DATIS often receives 'one off' requests for information. Before responding to the requester, the report is reviewed to eliminate any identifiable groups and data errors or gaps.

Privacy and data principles

DATIS, in applying its principles of information privacy, follows the Personal Health Information Protection Act (PHIPA) and all the privacy policies from the Centre for Addiction and Mental Health. In turn, agencies, their staff and the collective system have a responsibility to maintain the privacy of clients PHI and adhere to PHIPA, as well as the agency's own privacy policies and procedures.

DATIS is currently employing an external contractor to review a privacy assessment, which will provide the foundation for a privacy policy to protect the client personal health information (PHI) collected by DATIS. The obvious and basic security measures currently employed determine how the passwords are shared, and how the sensitive information is accessed, stored and transferred. Another applied measure to mention is the way to treat categories that are so low in numbers that there is a potential to erode the privacy of information. In that case, the numbers are summed up for several categories of the sort, or are spread equally over other categories when the data is reported.

As a program of the Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (CAMH), DATIS also abides by the privacy policies of this organization.

The sources of information on PHIPA and CAMH: <u>http://www.e-laws.gov.on.ca/html/statutes/english/elaws_statutes_04p03_e.htm</u> <u>http://insite.camh.net/Staff_Handbook/Privacy/camh_privacy_office10044.html</u> <u>http://insite.camh.net/policies/AIMG_4_1_1_heatlh_privacy-7210.pdf</u> <u>http://www.privacysense.net/privacy-legislation/canadian/ontario/</u> <u>http://www.priv.gc.ca/information/guide_e.pdf</u>

Data release guidelines

Purpose

This chapter outlines the process to make a request to DATIS and by DATIS upon receipt of data requests.

Background

Under the Personal Health Information Protection Act (PHIPA), 2004 agencies providing substance abuse and/or problem gambling treatment services are custodians of the health information. Under the same Act DATIS is identified as a Healthcare Information Network Provider (person who provides to the custodian section 6 of the Act).

Options to access published data

Public reports may be on the DATIS website.

At the end of each quarter and fiscal year DATIS runs and submits statistical reports to the MoHLTC and to the LHINs, utilizing data extracted from the DATIS Central Database. The calculations for these statistical reports differ from the OHRS statistical reports where indirect and direct services are reported on, but only for terminated program registrations.

Regular reporting by DATIS

MoHLTC/Data Health Branch – quarterly with a final yearly report LHINs

There are a number of reports agencies can run, a number of which can be found in the Data Checking Reports and the Suite of Reports folder in the reports module.

OHRS – DATIS does not report to OHRS but assists agencies who do in collecting and reporting the data.

Options for access to unpublished data

DATIS accepts requests for reports on unpublished data. The requester completes a form posted on the website and submits it to DATIS. All reports disallow identification of individuals. To date, only DATIS staff is allowed to access the entire database and agency staff may only access the information of clients who are or were in treatment at the agency.

Other alcohol and drug data

Below is a table with the DATIS mandatory data elements used to create reports, the demographics of both the client and the issue and the data elements used to create the DATIS Key as well as the organization that receives the information.

	Reports			Demographics			
Mandatory Data Elements	MOHLTC	OHRS	LHIN	Client	Issue	DATIS Key	
Date of Birth	x	х	x	х		x	
Connex Number	x	х					
Functional Centre (FC)	x	х					
Provincial Service Category (PSC)	x	х					
Indirect Service Time (Total Hours)	x	х					
Program End Date	x	х	x				
Program Start Date	x	x	x				

DATIS Key	х	x	x		
Gender	х		x	x	х
Agency Name	х				
Client Type	х		x		
Discharge Date	х	x			
WMS Episode Number	х				
Program End Time	х				
Program Start Time	х				
Length of Stay (Service)	х				
Direct Service Time (Total Hours)		x			
Program ID		x			
Program Site Number		x			
Reason for Discharge		x			
Reason for Program Termination		x			
Total Sessions		x			
Address Effective Date				x	
City				x	
Complete Postal Code			x	x	
County			x	x	
Currently Prescribed Medication for a Mental Health Problem				x	
Currently Receiving Treatment for a Mental Health, Emotional, Behavioural or Psychological Problem from a Community Mental Health Program or Professional				x	
Diagnosed With a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional in Prior 12 Months				x	
Diagnosed with a Mental Health Problem by a Qualified Mental Health Professional within Lifetime			x	х	
Educational Status			x	х	
Employment Status			x	х	
Ethnicity				х	
First Name				х	х
Hearing Problems				х	
Hospitalized for a Mental Health Problem in prior 12 Months			х	х	
Hospitalized for a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime				х	
Income Source			x	x	
Last Name				х	
Last Name at Birth				х	х
Legal Status			x	х	
Mandatory/Required Treatment			x	х	
Mobility Problems				х	

Number of Overnight Hospitalizations in Drive 12 Months for				
Number of Overnight Hospitalizations in Prior 12 Months for Physical Problems	x	х		
Preferred Language of Service		х		
Pregnancy Status	x	х		
Prescribed Medication for a Mental Health Problem in Prior 12 Months		x		
Prescribed Medication for a Mental Health Problem within Lifetime	x	x		
Received Treatment for a Mental Health, Emotional, Behavioural or Psychological Problem from a Community Mental Health Program or Professional in Prior 12 Months	x	х		
Received Treatment for a Mental Health, Emotional, Behavioural or Psychological Problem from a Community Mental Health Program or Professional within Lifetime		x		
Relationship Status	x	х		
Vision Problems		х		
Young Offender Status	x	х		
Frequency of Specified Gambling Activities in Prior 12 Months			x	
Frequency of Specified Locations of Gambling in Prior 12 Months			x	
Frequency of Use of Presenting Problem Substances in Prior 30 Days			x	
Gambling Activities in Prior 12 Months			х	
Gambling Problem Identified			х	
Gambling Treatment Plan Status			х	
Length of Time Since Last Gambling Activity			х	
Number of Years Life Negatively Affected by Gambling Behaviour			x	
Percentage of Time Spent Gambling by Jurisdiction			x	
Prescribed Methadone or Other Opioid Substitute	x		X	
Presenting Problem Substances	x		x	
Reason for Non-completion of Gambling Data Form			x	
Reason for Seeking Help with Gambling Behaviour			x	
Sequence of Gambling Problem Identification			x	
Status of Non-medical Intravenous Drug Use	x		x	
Substances Used in Prior 12 Months	x		x	
Top Three Specified Gambling Activities			x	
Top Three Specified Locations of Gambling			x	
Admission Date				

Admission ID				
Admission Status				
Admission Site Number				
Client Site Number				
Agency Address				
Program Name				
Referral Source		х	 	
Service Type of Outgoing Referral				
Date of Outgoing Referral				
Date of Referral to the Agency				
Provincial Service Category (PSC) / Functional Centre (FC) of Outgoing Referral		x		

Appendices

Members of the Working Group

DATIS staff representatives, Dr. Karen Urbanoski (SER and HSHER), CAMH, MOHLTC, LHIN and agencies funded by MoHLTC.

Members of this committee review all changes to the data requested and collected by DATIS.

Ontario LHINs

Local Health System Integration Act, 2006

In March 2006, the Local Health System Integration Act, 2006 transformed the management of the Ontario health care system. The Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care divided the Province into 14 regions or Local Health Integration Networks (more succinctly known as LHINs) on the premise that people living locally were better able to plan, fund and integrate health services in their own communities. By April 1, 2007, LHINs took on full responsibility for health services in their communities.

LHINs are not-for-profit organizations who work with local health providers and community members in their respective communities to determine the health service priorities of the region. LHINs plan, integrate and fund local health services, including:

- Hospitals
- Community Care Access Centres
- Community Support Services
- Long-term Care
- Mental Health and Addictions Services
- Community Health Centres.

While the LHIN does not provide direct services, its mandate is to plan, integrate and fund health care services with a budget approximately \$20.3 billion health care dollars.

The 14 Ontario LHIN

<u>Central</u>	<u>Central East</u>	Central West
Erie St. Clair	Hamilton Niagara Haldimand Brant	Mississauga Halton
North Simcoe Muskoka	North West	South East
South West	Toronto Central	Waterloo Wellington

Champlain North East

Classification of Population Groups

http://www23.statcan.gc.ca/imdb/p3Instr.pl?Function=assembleInstr&Item_Id=114641&lang=en&db=imdb&adm=8 &dis=2#qb116120

Ontario Health Study uses Census 2006

Toronto District School Board -

http://www.tdsb.on.ca/wwwdocuments/about_us/external_research_application/docs/2008ParentCensusK-6SystemOverviewAndDetailedFindingsExecSummary.pdf

Classification of Languages

The languages recommended for use were from the 2006 Canadian Census top 25 languages spoken in Ontario and the top 3 First Nations/Aboriginal languages spoken in Ontario. This should maintain large groups of people to ensure privacy of the individual health information.

Standard Classification of Drugs of Concern

The Australian Standard Classification of Drugs of Concern 2011 was employed as a reference list for DATIS and agency staff for substances of abuse not on the current DATIS list those that need to be entered into a larger category. The Australian codes are not currently used at this time in DATIS collection fields. The DATIS drugs are grouped at the start of each category of drugs of concern. When a substance of abuse is not on the DATIS list but appears on the Australian list, the most appropriate substance of abuse or the group that corresponds to the item on the DATIS list in Catalyst is selected.

There may be times when a client admits to having used a substance but is unable to specify what (i.e. started off with alcohol, got out of control and sampled whatever was around; or tends to use whatever is available and cannot remember everything they have taken). In such instances it is advisable to select either "Client unable or unwilling to provide a response" or enter only what they can idenitfy.

Health Canada Website – drugs - http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/dhp-mps/index-eng.php

Austra	aliar	ı – Subs	tances SUPPLEMENTARY CODES	DATIS – substances & supplementary code
		0000	Inadequately Described	
		0001	Not Stated	01 None 88 Unknown
1 A	ANALGESICS			
1	.1	Organi	c Opiate Analgesics	
		1101	Codeine	
		1102	Morphine	
		1199	Organic Opiate Analgesics, n.e.c.	10 Over-the-counter codeine preparations - Includes: 222's Anacin with Codeine; AC&C Atasol-8; Benylin with Codeine; C2 with Codeine; Calmylin with Codeine; Cotabs; Dimetapp with Codeine; Exdol-8; Lenoltec #1; Novo-Gesic C8; Parafon Forte C8 Robaxacetl-8; Robaxisal-C1/8; Robitussin with Codeine; Sinutab with Codeine; Triatec-8; Tylenol with Codeine (#1)
12	.2	Semisy	nthetic Opioid Analgesics	
		1201	Buprenorphine	
		1202	Heroin	08 Heroin/Opioids - Includes: Heroin; Opioids (other than those prescribed); Opium
		1203	Oxycodone	
		1299	Semisynthetic Opioid Analgesics, n.e.c.	 O9 Prescription opioids - Includes: 282; 292; 282 MEP; 642; Alfenta; alfentanil; anileridine; butorphanol; codeine; Codeine Syrup; Coristex-DH; Coristine-DH; Cophylac; Darvon-N; Demerol; Dilaudid; Dilaudid HP; Dimetane Expectorant DC; Dimetapp-C; Endocet; Endondan; fentanyl citrate; fentanyl base; Hycodan; Hycomine; Hycomine-S-Pediatric; hydrocodone; hydromorphone; Leritine; Levo-Dromoran; levorphanol; Lomoti liquid; Lomotil tabs; meperidine; meprobamate; Methadone; methocarbamol; morphine; Morphone HP; MOS; MS Contin; nalbuphine; Narcotics; normethadone; Novahistex-C; Novahistex DH; Novahistine DH; Nubain; Numorphan; Opiates; Opiods; Oxycet; Oxycodan; oxycodone; Pamergan; pentazocine; Percocet; Percocet-Demi; Percodan; Percodan-Demi; Phenaphen with Codeine #2,3,4; propoxyphene; Robaxisal-C1/4, C1/2; Robidone; Roxicet; Stadol; Statex; sufentanil; Sufenta; Supeudol; Tussionex; Tylenol with Codeine #2,3,4
13	.3	Synthe	tic Opioid Analgesics	

		1301	Fentanyl	
		1302	Fentanyl analogues	
		1303		
		1505	Levomethadyl acetate hydrochloride	
		1304	Meperidine analogues	
		1305	Methadone	
		1306	Pethidine	
		1307	Tramadol	
		1399	Synthetic Opioid Analgesics, n.e.c.	
	14	Non O	pioid Analgesics	
		1401	Acetylsalicylic acid	
		1402	Paracetamol	
		1403	Ibuprofen	
		1499	Non Opioid Analgesics, n.e.c.	
2	SEDA	ATIVES A	ND HYPNOTICS	
	21	Alcoho	ls	
		2101	Ethanol	
		2102	Methanol	
		2199	Alcohols, n.e.c.	O2 Alcohol Includes: Alcohol; Alcohol-based flavorings and extracts, vanilla and other alcohol-based flavorings; Bitters; Ethanol; Extracts, Vanilla and other alcohol-based flavorings; Hair Tonic; Lysol; Methyl alcohol; Shaving lotion; Shoe polish; Tonic; Vanilla and other alcohol-based flavorings; Wood alcohol
	22	Anaest	hetics	
		2202	Ketamine	
		2203	Nitrous oxide	
		2204	Phencyclidine	
		2205	Propofol	
		2299	Anaesthetics, n.e.c.	
	23	Barbitu	urates	Barbiturates act as central nervous system depressants, and can therefore produce a wide spectrum of effects, from mild sedation to total anesthesia. They are also effective as anxiolytics, hypnotics, and anticonvulsants but a somewhat weaker analgesic.

	2301	Amylobarbitone	
	2302	Methylphenobarbitone	
	2303	Phenobarbitone	
	2399	Barbiturates, n.e.c.	07 Barbiturates - Includes: amobarbital; Amytal; Barbiturates; butabarbital; butalbital; Fiorinal; Nembutal; pentobarbital; phenobarbital/ phenobarbitone; secobarbital; Seconal; Tuinal
24	Benzod	iazepines	Benzodiazepines are psychoactive drugs that enhance the effect of the neurotransmitter gamma-aminobuyrtic acid (GABA-A), resulting in sedative, hypnotic (sleep-inducing), anxiolytic (anti-anxiety), anticonvulsant, and muscle relaxant properties; also seen in the applied pharmacology of high doses of many shorter-acting benzodiazepines are amnesic-dissociative actions.
	2401	Alprazolam	
	2402	Clonazepam	
	2403	Diazepam	
	2404	Flunitrazepam	
	2405	Lorazepam	
	2406	Nitrazepam	
	2407	Oxazepam	
	2408	Temazepam	
	2499	Benzodiazepines, n.e.c.	O6 Benzodiazepines - Includes: alprazolam; Ativan; Benzodiazepines; bromazepam; clobazam; clorazepate; chlordiazepoxide; clonazepam; Dalmane; diazepam; estazolam; flurazepam; Halcion; ketazolam; Lectopam; Librium; Loftram; lorazepam; Mogadon; nitrazepam; oxazepam; restoril; Rivotril; Serax; Solium; tempazepam; Tranxene; triazolam; Valium; Vivol; Xanax
25	GHB- Ту	pe Drugs and Analogues	GHB is a CNS depressant used as an intoxicant and is categorized as an illegal drug in many countries. Small doses of GHB can act as a stimulant and aphrodisiac. It is a naturally occurring substance found in the human central nervous system, as well as in wine, beef, small citrus fruits, and almost all animals in small amounts.
	2501	Gamma-hydroxybutyrate	
	2502	Gamma-butyrolactone	
	2503	1,4-butanediol	
	2599	GHB Type Drugs and Analogues, n.e.c.	
29	Other S	edatives and Hypnotics	

		2901	Chlormethiazole				
		2902	Kava lactones				
		2903	Zopiclone				
		2904	Doxylamine				
		2905	Promethazine				
		2906	Zolpidem				
		2999	Other Sedatives and Hypnotics, n.e.c.				
3	STIMULANTS AND HALLUCINOGENS		AND HALLUCINOGENS	 Stimulants: drugs that stimulate the brain and central nervous system, speeding up communication between the two usually causing increase alertness and physical activity. Hallucinogens: Hallucinogens interfere with the brain and central nervous system in a way that results in radical distortions of a user's perception of reality. 			
	31	Amphetamines		Amphetamines Amphetamines produce increased wakefulness and in association with decreased fatigue and appetited drug is also used recreationally and as a performate enhancer. Important side effects of therapeutice amphetamine include stunted growth in young performant of the operational of the operation of t			
		3101	Amphetamine				
		3102	Dexamphetamine				
		3103	Methamphetamine	20 – Undifferentiated Methamphetamines (crystal meth.)			
		3104	Amphetamine analogues				
		3199	Amphetamines, n.e.c.	O4 Amphet. & other stimulants exc. Methamphetamines Includes: Actifed; Alert; amphetamines; Antitussin Syrup; Benylin DM-D; Branch Eze Syrup; Caffedrine; Chlor-Tripolon N.D.; Co-Actifed; Corcidin D; dextroamphetamine/d- amphetamine; diethylpropion; Dimetan Expectorant; Dimetapp; Dristan; Dristan Nasal Spray/Mist; Dristan ND; Dristan LA Caps; Drixoral; Drixtab; ephedrine; Fastin; fenfluramine; Formula 44- D; Ionamin; Maxenal; mazindol; methamphetamine; Neo- Citran; Neo-Synephrine; Novahistex; Novahistine DM; Nyquil; Ornade; phentermine; phenylephrine; phenylpropanolamine; Ponderal; Pondimin; psuedoephedrine; Ritalin; Robidrine; Sanorex; Sinutab; Sinutab ES; Sinutab ND; Sinutab SA; Speed; Stay Alert; Sucrets Cold Decongestant; Tenuate; Triaminic; Triaminic DM Night; Tylenol Cold/Allergy/Sinus Products; Vicks Cough Syrup; Wake-ups			

33	Ephedra	Alkaloids	 Ephedra Alkaloids stimulate the brain, increase heart rate, constrict blood vessels (increasing blood pressure), and expand bronchial tubes (making breathing easier). Their thermogenic properties cause an increase in metabolism, evidenced by an increase in body heat. Ephedra is used by athletes as a performance-enhancing drug despite a lack of evidence that it improves athletic performance. Ephedra may also be used as a precursor in the illicit manufacture of methamphetamine.
	3301	Ephedrine	
	3302	Norephedrine	
	3303	Pseudoephedrine	
	3399	Ephedra Alkaloids, n.e.c.	
34	Phenethylamines		Phenethylamines are well known for psychoactive drug and stimulant effects.
	3401	DOB	
	3402	DOM	
	3403	MDA	
	3404	MDEA	
	3405	MDMA	19 Ecstasy
	3406	Mescaline	
	3407	РМА	
	3408	ТМА	
	3411	DOI	
	3412	PMMA	
	3413	2С-В	
	3414	Phenethylamine analogues	
	3499	Phenethylamines, n.e.c.	
35	Tryptam	ines	Tryptamines are monoamine alkaloid found in plants, fungi, and animals. It is believed to play a role as a neuromodulator or neurotransmitter. Tryptamines are also considered psychedelic drugs.
	3501	Atropinic alkaloids	
-	3502	Diethyltryptamine	
	3503	Dimethyltryptamine	
	3504	Lysergic acid diethylamide	

	3505	Psilocybin or Psilocin	
	3506	Tryptamine analogues	
	3599	Tryptamines, n.e.c.	
36	Volatile	Nitrates	Nitrites (poppers, as amyl, butyl, or isobutyl nitrite, sold with street names such as Locker Room and Rush) may be inhaled to enhance sexual pleasure.
	3601	Amyl nitrate	
	3602	Butyl nitrate	
	3699	Volatile Nitrates, n.e.c.	
37	Cathino	nes	Synthetic stimulants that are marketed as bath salts and are synthetic derivatives of cathinone, a central nervous system stimulant, which is an active chemical found naturally in the khat plant. Many of these products are sold over the Internet, in convenience stores, and in head shops.•
	3701	Cathinone	
	3702	Methcathinone	
	3703	Cathinone analogues	
	3799	Cathinones, n.e.c.	
38	Piperazi	nes	Piperazines are common adulterants in the club and rave scene, often being passed off as MDMA, although they do not share many similarities in their effects. The piperazines are a broad class of chemical compounds, many with important pharmacological properties.
	3801	1-Benzylpiperazine (BZP)	
	3802	1-(3-Trifluoromethylphenyl)- piperazine	
	3803	1-(3-Chlorophenyl)-piperazine	
	3804	Phenylpiperazine analogues	
	3899	Piperazines, n.e.c.	
39	Other St	timulants and Hallucinogens	
	3901	Caffeine	
	3903	Cocaine	03 Cocaine 18 Crack Includes: Cocaine; Coke
	3905	Methylphenidate	
	3906	Nicotine	13 Tobacco - Includes: Tobacco; Nicotine
	3999	Other Stimulants and	11 Hallucinogens - Includes: Acid Microdots; Angel Dust; DMT;

			Hallucinogens, n.e.c.	Ecstasy; Hallucinogens; LSD; Lysergic Acid Diethylamide; Magic Mushrooms; MDA; MDMA; Mescaline; methylenedioxy- amphetamine; methylenedioxymethamphetamine; Microdot Acid; Morning Glory (seeds); Nutmeg; PCP-Phencyclidine; Peyote; Phencyclidine; Psilocybin; STP
4		BOLIC AG	ENTS AND SELECTED	
	41		"anabolic" referring to muscle-building and "androgenic" referring to increased male sexual characteristics.	
				Anabolic steroids can be legally prescribed to treat conditions resulting from steroid hormone deficiency. Some athletes, bodybuilders, and others abuse these drugs in an attempt to enhance performance and/or improve their physical appearance.
		4101	Boldenone	
		4102	Dehydroepiandrosterone	
		4103	Fluoxymesterone	
		4104	Mesterolone	
		4105	Methandriol	
		4106	Methenolone	
		4107	Nandrolone	
		4108	Oxandrolone	
		4111	Stanozolol	
		4112	Testosterone	
		4199	Anabolic Androgenic Steroids, n.e.c.	15 Steroids
	42	Beta2 A	gonists	Inhaled forms used for the treatment of Asthma and EIB have no performance-enhancing effect and so are permitted for use by WADA (world anti-doping agency).
				When administered by injection or tablet form they are thought to have anabolic effects (increased muscle mass, reduced body fat percentage and faster recovery rates) and so their use is prohibited.
		4201	Eformoterol	
		4202	Fenoterol	
		4203	Salbutamol	
		4299	Beta2 Agonists, n.e.c.	

	43	Peptide Analogu	Hormones, Mimetics and les	Peptide hormones act as messengers from one organ to another to stimulate various functions of the body such as growth, sex drive, behaviour and sensitivity to pain. Mimetics are substances that imitate the action of other related drugs. Analogues are chemically produced drugs designed to have similar effects to the naturally produced compounds in the body.
		4301	Chorionic gonadotrophin	
		4302	Corticotrophin	
		4303	Erythropoietin	
		4304	Growth hormone	
		4305	Insulin	
		4399	Peptide Hormones, Mimetics and Analogues, n.e.c.	
	49	Other Anabolic Agents and Selected Hormones		
		4901	Sulfonylurea hypoglycaemic agents	
		4902	Tamoxifen	
		4903	Thyroxine	
		4999	Other Anabolic Agents and Selected Hormones, n.e.c.	
5	ANT	DEPRESS	ANTS AND ANTIPSYCHOTICS	Used to treat mental health issues (depression, psychosis)
	51	Monoamine Oxidase Inhibitors (MAOI)		MAOIs act by inhibiting the activity of monoamine oxidase, thus preventing the breakdown of monoamine neurotransmitters and thereby increasing their availability.
		5101	Moclobemide	
		5102	Phenelzine	
		5103	Tranylcypromine	
		5199	Monoamine Oxidase Inhibitors, n.e.c.	
	52	Phenothiazines		Occurs in various neuroleptic drugs and antihistaminic drugs. It is the largest of the five main classes of neuroleptic antipsychotic drugs.
		5201	Chlorpromazine	

	5202	Fluphenazine	
	5203	Pericyazine	
	5204	Thioridazine	
	5205	Trifluoperazin	
	5299	Phenothiazines, n.e.c.	
53	Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors		Typically used as antidepressant and believed to increase the extracellular level of serotonin.
	5301	Citalopram	
	5302	Fluoxetine	
	5303	Paroxetine	
	5304	Sertraline	
	5399	Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors, n.e.c.	
54	Thioxan	thenes	Typical antipsychotic with the ability to antagonize the D2 receptors in the brain.
	5401	Flupenthixol	
	5402	Thiothixene	
	5499	Thioxanthenes, n.e.c.	
55	Tricyclic	Antidepressants	Are heterocyclic chemical compounds discovered in the early 1950s and are predominantly serotonin and/or norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors.
	5501	Amitriptyline	
	5502	Clomipramine	
	5503	Dothiepin	
	5504	Doxepin	
	5505	Nortriptyline	
	5599	Tricyclic Antidepressants, n.e.c.	
56	Atypical Antipsychotics		Also known as second generation antipsychotics. This group of antipsychotic tranquilizing drugs are used to treat psychiatric conditions. These differ from typical antipsychotics in that they are less likely to cause extrapyramidal motor control disabilities.
	5601	Amisulpride	
	5602	Aripriprazole	

	5603	Clozapine	
	5604	Olanzapine	
	5605	Quetiapine	
	5606	Risperidone	
	5607	Ziprasidone	
	5699	Atypical Antipsychotics, n.e.c.	
59 Other Antidepressants and Antipsychotics		-	
	5901	Butyrophenones	
	5902	Lithium	
	5903	Mianserin	
	5999	Other Antidepressants and Antipsychotics, n.e.c.	
SOLV	'ENTS		The deliberate inhalation of volatile solvents and aerosols is an increasing problem worldwide. The ready availability, minimal cost and rapid mood-altering features of volatile solvents make these psychoactive substances particularly attractive to young people. Yet, there are clear dangers: Volatile solvents produce effects similar to anaesthetics, and can result in death following acute intoxication. Some volatile solvent users become dependent and develop chronic and disabling problems. Contrary to popular belief, the use of volatile solvents is not solely a problem of deviant groups.
61	-	c Hydrocarbons	
	6101	Butane	
	6102	Petroleum	
	6103	Propane	
	6199	Aliphatic Hydrocarbons, n.e.c.	
62	⁶² Aromatic Hydrocarbons		
	6201	Toluene	
	6202	Xylene	
	6299	Aromatic Hydrocarbons, n.e.c.	
63	Halogen	ated Hydrocarbons	

		6301	Bromochlorodifluoromethane	
		6302	Chloroform	
		6303	Tetrachloroethylene	
		6304	Trichloroethane	
		6305	Trichloroethylene	
		6399	Halogenated Hydrocarbons, n.e.c.	
	69	Other V	olatile Solvents	
		6901	Acetone	
		6902	Ethyl acetate	
		6999	Other Volatile Solvents, n.e.c.	12 Glue & other inhalants - Includes: Contact Cement Cleaner; Ether; Furniture Polish; Gasoline; Glue; Household Cements; Lacquer Thinner; Lighter Fluid; Nail Polish Remover; Paint Thinner; Solvents; Spot Remover; Toluene
7	CANNABINOIDS AND RELATED DRUGS		DS AND RELATED DRUGS	A group of terpenophenolic compounds present in Cannabis and occur naturally in the nervous and immune systems of animals.
	71	Cannabinoids and Related Drugs		
		7101	Cannabinoids	<mark>05 Cannabis</mark> - Includes: Cannabis; Grass; Hashish; Marijuana; Pot; THC; Hashish Oil
		7102	Cannabinoid agonists	
		7199	Cannabinoids and Related Drugs, n.e.c.	
9	MISC	ELLANEO	US DRUGS OF CONCERN	
	91	Diuretic	S	Elevates the rate of urination. Used by athletes and body builders to quickly rid the body of banned substances.
		9101	Antikaliuretics	
		9102	Loop diuretics	
		9103	Thiazides	
		9199	Diuretics, n.e.c	
	92	Opioid A	Antagonists	Bind to the opioid receptors with higher affinity than agonists but do not activate the receptors.
		9201	Naloxone	
		9202	Naltrexone	
		9299	Opioid Antagonists, n.e.c.	

93	Laxative	S	
	9301	Laxatives	
99	Other Drugs of Concern		
	9999	Other Drugs of Concern	14 Other psychoactive drugs amitriptyline; amoxapine; Amyl Nitrate; Anafranil; Antabuse; Antagonists (Narcotic); Anticonvulsants; Antidepressants; Artane; Ascendin; Atarax; atropine; Atropisol; Aventyl; Benadryl; Benylin for Allergies; benztropine mesylate; Cafergot; Carbolith; calcium carbimide; carbamazepine; chloral hydrate; chlorpromazine; cinnamedrine; clomipramine; Cognetin; desipramine; dexchlorpheniramine; DHE; dihydroergotamine mesylate; Dilantin; dimenhydrinate; diphenhydramine; diphenhydramine/pseudoephedrine; disulfiram; doxepin; Duralith; Elavil Plus; Equanil; Ergomar Medihaler; ergotamine maleate; ergotamine tartrate; Ergotrate; ethcloryynol; Etrafon; fluoxetine; Fluanxol; Fluanxol Depot; fluphenazine; fluphenazine enathate; fluphenazine decanoate; flupenthixol decanoate; fluspirilene; fluvoxamine; Gravol; Haldol; haloperidol; Histantil; hydroxyzine; Imap; imipramine; Imovane; Ketalar; Ketamine; Largactil; Lithane; lithium carbonate; Lithizine; Loxapac; Loxapine; Ludimol; Luvox; Majeptil; maprotiline; Mellaril; meprobamate; Mepron; mesoridazine; methotrimeprazine; methysergide maleate; Midol; Modecate; Moditen; Moditen Enathate; Multipax; naloxone; Narcan; Nardil; Navane; Neuleptil; Neuleptic Agents; Norpramin; nortriptyline; Nozinan; Noctec; Nytol; Orap; Other Analgesics; Other Antidepressants; Other Sedative-Hypnotics; Other Tranquillizers; paroxetine; Parnate; Parsitan; Paxil; pericyazine; perphenazine; Pertofrane; phenelzine; Phenergan; pheniramine maleate; shandromigran; Sansert; Sedative- Hypnotics; Serentil; Setalaine; Sinequan; Sleep-Eze; Sleeping Pills; Sparine; Stelabid; Stelazine; Stemetil; Surmontil; Tegretol; Temposil; thioproperazine; thioridazine; thiothixene; Tofranil; tranylcypromine; trazodone; Triavil; trifluoperazine; trihexyphenidyl; Trilafon; trimipramine; Triptil; Unisom-2; Zoloft; zopiclone

DATIS guidelines for possible reasons and appropriate times to discharge admissions and terminate programs.

The need for timely termination of programs and discharge of admissions arises from two reasons. First, the agencies need to be aware that while the client is registered with a program or his admission is not yet been discharged, there exists a legal and ethical responsibility of the agency in the event of a serious incident with a client. Second, the caseload of program registrations and the LOS times that are reported by DATIS depend on the admissions and programs having dates of discharge and termination. LOS is reported quarterly to the MOHLTC.

Consequently, DATIS provides guidelines for possible reasons and appropriate times to discharge admissions and terminate programs. The clients whose admissions or programs are listed as inactive can be seen flagged through the Data Quality report.

At the admission level, a client is considered inactive when:

1) The client's admission is open but all the program registrations within this admission are closed; AND

2) The last program registration has been terminated for 30 days or more

(see Admission Termination and Discharge, Table 3), depending on the reason for termination of the program (see Reason for termination, Table 2).

At the program level, i.e. when the report is run for a specific program (or all programs), the inactivity of a program registration is determined according to a set of business rules for Programs flagged inactive (Table 1).

Provincial Service Category	Use Activity Log to calculate time (autocalc)?*	Program- level Flag1 (days)	Program- level Flag2 (days)	Notes
Initial Assessment Treatment Planning	Yes	15	30	The two program-level flags are standardized by DATIS. The date of the last occurred Direct/Indirect Service is used to determine the inactivity of a program registration. If a program registration is not linked to any occurred Direct Service, then its program start date is used to determine the inactivity of the program. A program registration in this PSC will appear in CL-08 when: •Current Date - Date of Last Occurred DS/IS is greater than or equal to 15 days and less than 30 days. •Current Date - Date of Last Occurred DS/IS is greater than or equal to 30 days.

Table 1. Programs flagged inactive.

Initial Assessment Treatment Planning	No	15	30	 The two program-level flags are standardized by DATIS. The program start date is used to determine the inactivity of a program registration. A program registration in this PSC will appear in CL-08 when: <i>Current Date - Program Start Date</i> is greater than or equal to 15 days and less than 30 days. Current Date - Program Start Date is greater than or equal to 30 days.
 Case Management Community Treatment Community Medical/Psychiatric Treatment Services Community Day/Evening Treatment Services Community Withdrawal Management Services Level 1-3 Non-MoH funded programs 	Yes	Set by agency	Set by agency	The two program-level flags should be set according to the average number of days that a program registration in these PSC will remain open after the last Direct/Indirect Service is delivered to the client. The date of the last occurred Direct/Indirect Service is used to determine the inactivity of a program registration. If a program registration is not linked to any occurred Direct/Indirect Service, then its program start date is used to determine the inactivity of the program. A program registration in any of these PSC will appear in CL- 08 when: <i>•Current Date - Date of Last Occurred DS/IS</i> is greater than or equal to <i>Flag1</i> days and less than <i>Flag2</i> days. <i>•Current Date - Date of Last Occurred DS/IS</i> is greater than or equal to <i>Flag2</i> days. If a program registration is not linked to any occurred Direct Service, then it will appear in CL- 08 when: <i>•Current Date - Program Start Date</i> is greater than or equal to <i>Flag1</i> days and less than <i>Flag2</i> days. <i>•Current Date - Program Start Date</i> is greater than or equal to <i>Flag1</i> days and less than <i>Flag2</i> days. <i>•Current Date - Program Start Date</i> is greater than or equal to <i>Flag2</i> days. Please note that if the autocalc flag is changed without updating the two program-level flags accordingly, the CL-08 report may not provide an accurate list of inactive program registrations, as the two flags have different meanings. When autocalc is Yes, the inactivity is determined based on the date of the last occurred Direct/Indirect Service and when autocalc is No, the inactivity is determined based on the

				program start date. Please note that if the two inactivity flags have not been set up for a program in these PSC, then the agency-level inactivity flags will be used.
•Case Management •Community Treatment	No	Set by agency	Set by agency	The two program-level flags should be set according to the average number of days of treatment.
•Medical/Psychiatric Treatment Services				The program start date is used to determine the inactivity of a program registration.
•Day/Evening Treatment Services				A program registration in any of these PSC will appear in CL-08 when: •Current Date - Program Start Date is greater than or equal to Flag1 days and less than Flag2
•Community Withdrawal				days. •Current Date - Program Start Date is greater than or equal to Flag2 days.
Management Services Level 1-3				Please note that if the two inactivity flags have not been set up for a program in these PSC, then
•Non-MoH funded programs				the agency-level inactivity flags will be used.
•Residential Treatment Services	Yes/No	Set by agency	Set by agency	The two program-level flags should be set according to the average length of stay.
•Residential Medical/Psychiatric Treatment Services				The program start date is used to determine the inactivity of a program registration, regardless of the value of the autocalc flag.
•Residential Support Services Level 1-2				A program registration in any of these PSC will appear in CL-08 when: •Current Date - Program Start Date is greater
•Non-MoH funded programs				than or equal to <i>Flag1</i> days and less than <i>Flag2</i> days. • <i>Current Date - Program Start Date</i> is greater
				than or equal to <i>Flag2</i> days. Please note that if the two inactivity flags have not been set up for a program in these PSC, then the agency-level inactivity flags will be used.

•Residential Withdrawal Management Services Level 1-3	Yes/No	10	15	The two program-level flags are standardized by DATIS. The episode start date is used to determine the inactivity of a program registration, regardless of the value of the autocalc flag. A program registration in any of these PSC will appear in CL-08 when: • <i>Current Date - Episode Start Date</i> is greater than or equal to 10 days and less than 15 days.

Table 2. Reason for Termination from Program – Definitions.

Selection List Item	Definition
Completed Program	Program Completed - client completed the full service plan and/or
	program requirements as set out by their clinician/program staff. The
	clinician is in full agreement with program termination and termination is
	clinically appropriate.
External Transfer-	Program not completed - treatment within existing program discontinued
Other Than	- client transferred to another addiction treatment agency or external
Hospitalized:NC	service provider other than a hospital.
Internal Program	Program not completed - treatment within existing program interrupted
Transfer:Not	before program completed due to client being transferred to another
Complete	program within the agency.
Drop Out/No	Program not completed - client left the Program without completing
Show:Not Complete	program requirements / service plan AND left without notifying
	agency/clinician. (E.g. No contact, unable to reach client therefore
	program terminated.)
Client Withdrew and	Program not completed – client notified agency and/or clinician that s/he
Notified Staff:Not	would not continue to attend the program and withdrew against the
Complete	advice of his/her clinician(s)/caseworker.
Terminated by	Program not completed – client was asked to leave the program and/or
Staff/Involuntary	services were terminated before the service plan/program was
Discharge:NC	completed.
	This may be the result of the client not adhering to program guidelines or
	rules (E.g. Client used while in treatment, inappropriate behaviour,
	possession of alcohol/drugs, etc.)
Incarcerated:Not	Program was not completed - client was incarcerated while in program,
Complete	and was therefore unable to continue to participate in program and
	unable to and complete service plan and/or program. (E.g. client was
	required to fulfill judicial requirements of serving jail sentence.)
Deceased:Not	Program not completed - client died before completing program.
Complete	
Hospitalized:Not	Program not completed - client was hospitalized due to medical or
Complete	psychiatric problems. Treatment was interrupted for too long a period to
	keep client registered in program.

Mutually Agreed Upon	Program not completed - BOTH client and clinician agree that although
Termination: Not	the treatment plan or program was not complete and all goals/objectives
Complete	have not been met it is still in the best interest of the client to discontinue
	treatment AND the client will no longer be receiving treatment within any
	program offered at the agency. Note: if the client is being transferred to
	another program within the agency without completing the current
	program then select "Internal Program Transfer".
Other:Not Complete	Other – does not fit into categories 01 through 10.
Unknown:Not	Unknown
Complete	

Table 3. Admission Termination / Discharge Guidelines.

Selection List Item	Definition	Recommended
		Termination/Discharge Dates
Completed Service	Service Plan Completed – client	Date of program completion or no
Plan	completed the full service plan	more than 30 days thereafter.
	requirements as set out by their	*Exception to this would be
	clinician/program staff. Clinician and	programs with short duration such as
	Client are in full agreement with the	Residential Withdrawal Management
	admission discharge and the	whereby inactivity flags are set to 15
	discharge is clinically appropriate.	& 30 days
Client Withdrew	Service Plan not completed – client	Date of notification to staff or no
and Notified Staff	notified agency and/or clinician that	more than 30 days thereafter.
	s/he would not continue to attend	
	sessions at the agency and withdrew	
	against the advice of his/her	
	clinician(s)/caseworker.	
Mutually Agreed	Service Plan not completed – BOTH	Date of mutually agreed upon
Upon Discharge	client and clinician agree that	discharge date.
	although the service plan was not	
	complete and all goals/objectives	
	have not been met it is still in the best	
	interest of the client to discontinue	
	treatment AND the client will no	
	longer be receiving treatment within	
	the agency.	
Discharge by	Service Plan not completed – client	Date of discharge by staff
Staff/Involuntary	was asked to leave the agency and/or	
Discharge	services were terminated before the	
	service plan/program was completed.	
	This may be the result of the client	
	not adhering to program guidelines or	
	rules (e.g. Client used while in	
	treatment, inappropriate behaviour,	
	possession of alcohol/drugs, etc.)	
Transfer	Service Plan not completed –	Date of transfer to another agency.
Elsewhere– Other	treatment within agency discontinued	
Than Hospitalized	- client transferred to another	
	addiction treatment agency or	

	external service provider other than a	
	hospital.	
Incarcerated	Service Plan not completed – client was incarcerated while admitted to the agency, and was therefore unable to continue to participate and unable to complete service plan and/or program. (e.g. client was required to fulfill judicial requirements of serving jail sentence.)	Date of incarceration or no more than 30 days after last client contact.
Deceased	Service Plan not completed – client died; service plan not completed.	Date of death or no more than 30 days after last client contact.
Drop Out/No Show	Service Plan not completed – client left the agency without completing service plan AND left without notifying agency/clinician. (e.g. No contact, unable to reach client therefore discharged.)	No more than 90 days after the last client contact.
Hospitalized	Service Plan not completed – client was hospitalized due to medical or psychiatric problems. Treatment was interrupted for too long a period to keep client's admission open.	No more than 90 days after the last client contact
Unknown	Reason unknown	No more than 90 days after the last client contact
Other	Other – the reason is known but does not fit into any of the given categories.	No more than 90 days after the last client contact

Guidelines to the maintenance of changes to DATIS data dictionary

Rationale

Integrity of the data collected by an information system depends heavily on the control process of maintenance and change to that information system. This appendix describes such a process for adding new values, elements, and enactment dates, or making changes to the existing data items in Catalyst and corresponding DATIS Data Dictionary.

Related Documents

- 1. DATIS comprehensive data dictionary 2014-2015 (DATIS DTFP minimum data set)
- 2. Data dictionary in Access

Procedure

- 1. Change review: The priority and validity of the request needs to be reviewed.
 - 1.1. Is this request from
 - 1.1.1. MoHLTC or LHIN?
 - 1.1.2. a project identified in the DATIS database
 - 1.1.3. a single agency or a small group of agencies?
 - 1.2. What is the priority of the request? What is the power of the requester?
 - 1.3. Are there alternatives to collecting this information? Is it better to collect in a custom field or a supplementary form?
 - 1.4. What is the evidence that this information should be collected?
 - 1.5. How many agencies would be collecting this data?
- 2. If the change is made to the permissible values list of an active data element:
 - 2.1. Review the data element definition and assess the new value for consistency with that definition.
 - 2.2. Review the scope of the data item and the scope of the other permissible values of that item; assess the new value for consistency.
 - 2.3. During the review process, consult with DATIS teams, relevant projects at CAMH, other relevant datasets (CDC-MH) and indicator lists (NTI).
 - 2.4. If the value is not consistent with 2.1 or 2.2, consider adding it to a permissible values list of a different data item or creating a new data item for it.
 - 2.5. Make simultaneous changes to Catalyst and Data Dictionary.
 - 2.6. Record the correspondence of the old and new lists and the date of change in the Modification history field.
 - 2.7. Record the change in the Modifications to the Data Dictionary Table of the Access database for the corresponding version of the Data Dictionary. (See Related documents section for reference).
- 3. If the change is made to a data element:
 - 3.1. Review the data element definition and assess the change for consistency with that definition.
 - 3.2. Review the scope of the data element and it's linkage to the other data items; assess the change for consistency.
 - 3.3. During the review process, consult with DATIS teams, relevant projects at CAMH, other relevant datasets (CDC-MH) and indicator lists (NTI).

- 3.4. Depending on the outcome of 3.1-3.3, consider whether the data element has to be deactivated, superseded by a new data element or redefined.
- 3.5. Make simultaneous changes to Catalyst and Data Dictionary.
- 3.6. Record the changes of the Implementation Status for the old and new data elements. (Refer to the Implementation Status section).
- 3.7. Record the change that has been made for the data element and the date of change in the Modification history field.
- 3.8. Record the change in the Modifications to the Data Dictionary Table of the Access database for the corresponding version of the Data Dictionary. (Refer to the Related documents section).

Troubleshooting

- 1. Always strive for data element permanence. Never reuse a data element. When the data element becomes obsolete, set its Implementation status to Deactivated. The deactivated elements with their PVs, numbering and descriptors are kept in the Access Data Dictionary.
- 2. Always follow the defined numbering practices (see Numbering system appendix). This becomes particularly important in data comparison. The accession number will always remain with the data item when it is superseded or deactivated. A new number is assigned to every new data element, every permissible value and every change made to the Data Dictionary, reflecting every change made to Catalyst.

Implementation status

Each data element goes through a life cycle in the Data Dictionary that is reflected in that data element's Implementation Status. The data element can exist in one of the following stages:

Candidate Pending to change Pending to deactivate Standardization pending Active Superseded Deactivated

DATIS key summary

DATIS key is a proxy for a unique client identifier that was developed and used from the beginning of DATIS database. Initially, it was robust enough to permit the individuation and manipulation of treatment data. DATIS key is made up of initials, date of birth, and gender. An example used in the data dictionary is of Brenda Jenkins (Maiden name Smith), Female, born April 17, 1966 that has a client identifier (DATIS key) of: BS196604172.

Admittedly, the permutation analysis of this data element reflects a probability of it being duplicated. This probability depends on the number of DATIS keys in the database and the distributions of initials and birth dates. Analysis and write-up performed by Scott Veldhuizen, with input from Karen Urbanoski, CAMH, determined the number of expected DATIS keys collisions in a database of 100,000 keys to be 1.5%. This number is low at this point and is still acceptable when using the data for statistical purposes. However, the growth of probability of duplications with the number of points in the database is not linear but exponential. Just to name one point, with 10,000,000 keys, over 75% are expected to be non-unique, even though the realistic growth of the DATIS database is way below those numbers.

To meet a variety of needs, an identifier that is not possible to duplicate and also suitable for linking with other databases is required. A client's OHIP number could serve as a unique identifier. It could be collected during treatment at a time the client is comfortable providing it and when s/he is sufficiently high functioning to obtain it if lost or misplaced. A professional responsibility could be given to agencies as a mandate to assist a client to obtain a health card. However, the service cannot be refused because the card is not presented.

Furthermore to the controversy of the topic, collection of a client's OHIP number as a mandatory Catalyst data element would need to be reviewed for its impact on privacy issues. Agencies are collecting the number now but at this time it is not mandatory.

From Ontario Healthcare Reporting Standards (OHRS) 2012/13 Updates for Community Mental Health & Addictions (CMH&A) Reporting.

At the start of April 1 2012, OHRS calculating and reporting of visits was revised. Only one visit is counted per client per day per Functional Centre. For agencies not using the Activity Log, the number of visits are recorded at program termination. Group participation is also calculated and separated from the count on visits. For OHRS purposes, the Service Provider Interactions and Service Provider Group interactions are calculated each time a direct service is provided to a registered client (service recipient) or a substitute decision maker or family member/spouse who is not a registered client. Each activity is considered as one interaction. Time intervals are reported for users of the activity log but not for non-users.

The guidelines for possible reasons and appropriate times for a program termination and an admission discharge are in the DATIS guidelines appendix (Tables 1, 2 and 3). It is best practice to discharge an inactive admission and readmit the client when further service is required. Programs and admissions are flagged as Inactive in a Catalyst report if no service is reported for the client according to the flags set by the agency in the database. Before an admission can be discharged, all programs must be terminated [database business rule].

Numbering system for DATIS object classes, data elements, permissible values and changes

An accession number is assigned to each

- object class
- data element
- permissible value and
- change to a data dictionary, reflecting changes to Catalyst.
- •

An accession number is assigned only once.

When the object class, data element or permissible value is no longer being used (deactivated), that accession number is also deactivated and not used again. Changes to the data collection are stored in the data dictionary Changes table. For the deactivated data elements the Implementation status is set to Deactivated. When a data element is changed (deactivated, renamed etc), a new accession number is assigned. When the descriptor attributes (permissible values list, or technical representation) of the data change, the changes are recorded in the Data Dictionary in the Changes table but the data element with all the other descriptors and the corresponding data element accession number remains unchanged.

Forming an accession number for a data element

Each accession number will contain:

- The year of the Data Dictionary (DD) version when the data element was introduced,
- The identifier/main reference number for the data element, and
- The identifier/main reference number for the object class.

Components of the accession number are separated by underscores.

For example, the data element Admission ID has an accession number 2000_001_01:

2000 – The data element was introduced in the DD version in the year 2000;

001 – The identifier assigned to the data element;

01 – The identifier assigned to the object class Admission 2000_01.

If the consensus is to change the data element "Ethnicity" to "Population Group," the accession number (2000_013_03) and the identifier (013) for "Ethnicity" will be deactivated; "Population Group" will be assigned an identifier (22) and the accession number (2015_022_03) will be built. All changes will be recorded in the table for Changes.

When an object class is changed, the modified object class is given a new number. All data elements that are transferred to the new object class will have a new accession number to reflect the change to the object class. For example: the object class Admission 2000_01 is changed to Service Initiation; the object class number for Service Initiation will be newly assigned 05, the accession number of each data element in the object class will change to 2015_(data element identifier)_05 and all old accession numbers will be recorded in the table Changes.

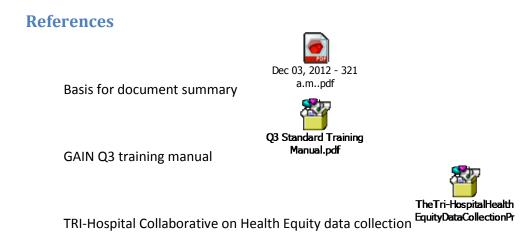
Forming an accession number for a permissible value for a data element

Each permissible value for a data element is numbered simply by giving each a consecutive integer number starting with 1. Then the permissible value accession number is formed by adding the permissible value number into the data element's accession number.

For example, data element Admission Status has the accession number 2000_003_01. The permissible value, Blank, is assigned the Identifier/main reference number of 001. The accession number for Blank is 2000_001_003_01.

Forming an accession number for a change to a data element

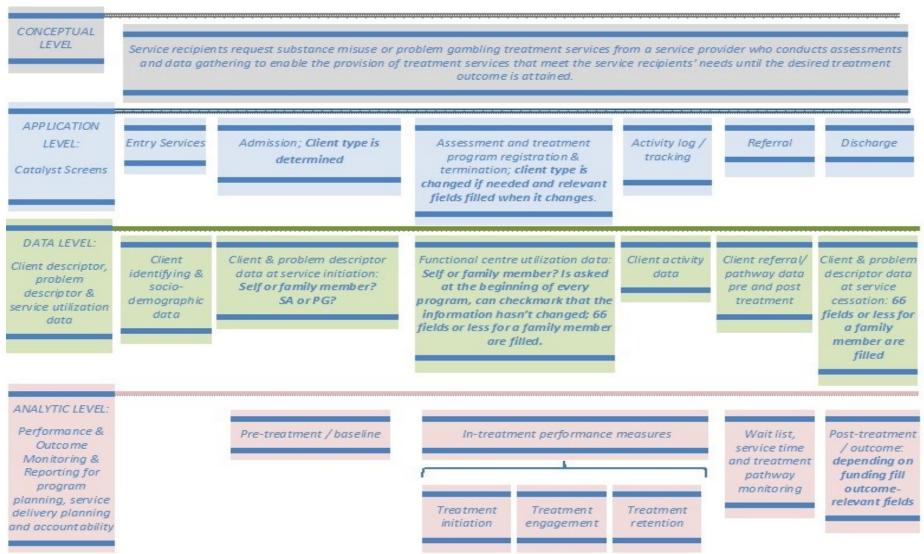
The accession number of a data element is used as a base for the changed accession number. Changes to each data element are numbered by giving each change a consecutive integer number starting with 1. The changed accession number is formed by adding this consecutive number to the data element's accession number. For example, the data element Educational Status has the accession number 2000_003_01. If the change of replacing the permissible value Unknown with two different permissible values is recommended, and later agreed to and implemented, the change will be numbered 001. The accession number for the change of replacing Unknown will be 2000_003_01_001_1.



Youth Criminal Justice Act:

http://www.justice.gc.ca/eng/cj-jp/yj-jj/ycja-lsjpa/back-hist.html

OCAN – is a sector-chosen tool designed to share comprehensive individual client information across Ontario's community mental health services. At the individual level, it enables mental health consumers to be active participants in a recovery-oriented assessment process and eliminates the need for them to tell their story multiple times.



Pathway of a client through treatment by administrative tracking database, distinctive by the client type.

A link to the Mandatory DATIS data elements diagram.

http://www.datis.ca/pub/reports/Required%20fields.pdf